



Outdoor CPE

User Guide

v2.0

Copyright Statement

© 2021 Shenzhen Tenda Technology Co., Ltd. All rights reserved.

Tenda is a registered trademark legally held by Shenzhen Tenda Technology Co., Ltd. Other brand and product names mentioned herein are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders. Copyright of the whole product as integration, including its accessories and software, belongs to Shenzhen Tenda Technology Co., Ltd. No part of this publication can be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system, or translated into any language in any form or by any means without the prior written permission of Shenzhen Tenda Technology Co., Ltd.

Disclaimer

Pictures, images and product specifications herein are for references only. To improve internal design, operational function, and/or reliability, Tenda reserves the right to make changes to the products without obligation to notify any person or organization of such revisions or changes. Tenda does not assume any liability that may occur due to the use or application of the product described herein. Every effort has been made in the preparation of this document to ensure accuracy of the contents, but all statements, information and recommendations in this document do not constitute a warranty of any kind, express or implied.

Preface

Thank you for choosing Tenda! Please read this user guide before you start.

Conventions

This user guide applies to the Tenda CPEs. O4V1.0 is used for illustrations here unless otherwise specified. The contained images and UI screenshots are subject to the actual products.

Item	Presentation	Example
Cascading menus	>	System > Live Users
Parameter and value	Bold	Set User Name to Tom.
Variable	Italic	Format: XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX
UI control	Bold	On the Policy page, click the OK button.
Message	<i>u n</i>	The "Success" message appears.

The typographical elements that may be found in this document are defined as follows.

The symbols that may be found in this document are defined as follows.

Symbol	Meaning
	This format is used to highlight information of importance or special interest. Ignoring this type of note may result in ineffective configurations, loss of data or damage to device.
₽ _{TIP}	This format is used to highlight a procedure that will save time or resources.

Getting more documents

If you want to get more documents of the device, visit <u>www.tendacn.com</u> and search for the corresponding product model. The related documents are listed as below.

Document	Description
Data Sheet	It introduces the basic information of the device, including product overview, selling points, and specifications.
Quick Installation Guide	It introduces how to set up the device quickly for internet access, the descriptions of LED indicators, ports, and buttons, FAQ, statement information, and so on.
User Guide	It introduces how to set up more functions of the device for more requirements, including all functions on the web UI of the device.

v2.0

Technical Support

If you need more help, contact us by any of the following means. We will be glad to assist you as soon as possible.

	Global: (86) 755-27657180(China Time Zone)	
6	United States: 1-800-570-5892 (Toll Free: 7 x 24 hours)	support@tenda.com.cn
Hotline	Canada: 1-888-998-8966 (Toll Free: Mon - Fri 9 am - 6 pm PST)	Email
	Hong Kong: 00852-81931998	
Restaur	www.tendacn.com	

Revision History

Tenda is constantly searching for ways to improve its products and documentation. The following table indicates any changes that might have been made since the OS3V1.0 was introduced.

Version	Date	Description	
		1. Add new feature description:	
v2.0	2021-11-25	- Transparent WDS	
		2. Fixed some known issues.	
v1.0	2020-07-04	Original publication.	

Contents

1	Application scenario	
	1.1 ISP hotspot connection-WISP mode	1
	1.2 CCTV surveillance	6
2	Log in to web UI	14
	2.1 Login	14
	2.2 Logout	
3	Web UI	19
	3.1 Web UI layout	19
	3.2 Common buttons	20
4	Quick setup	21
	4.1 AP mode	22
	4.2 Client mode	25
	4.3 Universal repeater mode	32
	4.4 WISP mode	35
	4.5 Repeater mode	44
	4.6 P2MP mode	55
	4.7 Router mode	68
5	Status	72
	5.1 System status	72
	5.2 Wireless status	75
	5.3 Statistics	77
6	Network	82
	6.1 LAN setup	82
	6.2 MAC clone	87
	6.3 DHCP server	
	6.4 DHCP client	91
	6.5 VLAN settings	92
7	Wireless	96
	7.1 Basic	96
	7.2 Advanced	
	7.3 Access control	
8	Advanced	132

8.1 LAN rate	132
8.2 Diagnose	134
8.3 Bandwidth control	142
8.4 Port forwarding	145
8.5 MAC filter	149
8.6 Network service	152
Tools	169
9.1 Date & time	169
9.2 Maintenance	172
9.3 Account	178
9.4 System log	180
endix	181
A.1 Default parameters	181
A.2 Acronyms and Abbreviations	
A.3 How to assign a fixed IP address to your computer	185
A.4 How to check the gateway IP address of a computer	
	 8.2 Diagnose

1 Application scenario

1.1 ISP hotspot connection-WISP mode

The internet access in an apartment needs to be achieved by connecting an ISP (Internet Server Provider) hotspot.

1.1.1 Solution

Tenda CPE can meet this demand.

O4V1.0 is used as an example to illustrate the installation procedures. Procedures for other CPEs are similar.

₽TIP

To establish the network quickly, you are recommended to set up the CPEs before installing them.

1.1.2 Set up the CPE

- **Step 1** Power on the CPE.
- Step 2 Log in to the web UI of CPE.
- Step 3 Set the CPE to WISP mode.
 - 1. Choose Quick Setup to enter the configuration page.
 - 2. Select WISP, and click Next.

Quick Setup

Select a working mode:

O AP In this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.

Client In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.

O Universal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.

WISP In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the wireless network.

Repeater In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless access point.

P2MP In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide wireless access point.

O Router connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point

Next

3. Select the SSID of your ISP hotspot, which is WiFi_123456 in this example, and click Next.

Quick Setu	p>>WISP					?
Click "Scan", a and click "Net	and select the wireles xt".	s network you wa	nt to connect,			
	Scan	Scan agai	<u>n</u>			
	Upstream AP	WiFi_123456				
Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength	
۲	WiFi_123456	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	WPA2-PSK,AES		

4. Enter the WiFi password of your ISP hotspot in the **Key** text box, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup>>WISP				
PEnsure that the device uses the same channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of upstream AP. Then enter the remote AP's WiFi password, and click "Next" to continue.				
Upstream AP	WiFi_123456			
Upstream AP MAC Address	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1			
Channel	165(5825MHz) •			
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK •			
Encryption Algorithm	● AES			
Key				
	Previous			

5. Select the Internet Connection Type of your ISP hotspot, which is **PPPoE** in this example. Enter the PPPoE user name and password provided by your ISP, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup>>WISP			?
Please select an internet connecti and click "Next".	on type, and enter the in	ternet parameters provi	ded by your ISP.
Internet Connection Type	DHCP (Dynamic IP)	Static IP Address	PPPoE
PPPoE User Name			
PPPoE Password			
			Previous

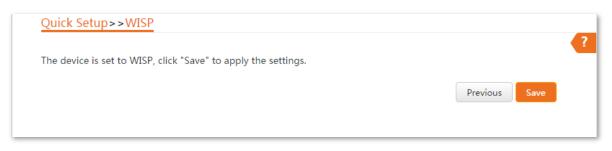
6. Customize the SSID and key, and click Next.

Quick Setup>>WISP			?
You can set up your wireless netwo	ork name and wireless password her	re.	
Note down your wireless password			
SSID(WiFi Name)	Marry's WiFi		
Channel	165(5825MHz)		
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK •		
Encryption Algorithm	● AES	;	
Key			
		Previous	

Set an IP address to a different network segment as that of your ISP hotspot. For example, if the IP address of your ISP hotspot is 192.168.2.1, you can set this device's IP address to 192.168.X.1 (X ranges from 0 to 254 excluding 2). Then click Next.

Quick Setup>>WISP			
			?
Specify the device with an IP addre or upstream AP.	ss whose network segment	is different from that of IP address of ISP access point	
IP Address	192.168.5.1		
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0		
		Previous	

8. Click **Save**, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.

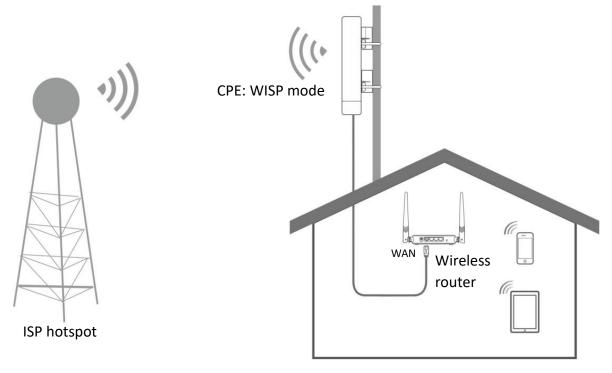


----End

When LED1, LED2, and LED3 indicators of the CPE keep blinking, the CPE is connected to your ISP hotspot successfully.

1.1.3 Install the CPE

- **Step 1** Place the CPE at an elevated position in the open air.
- **Step 2** Power on the CPE.
- **Step 3** Connect the CPE to the **WAN** port of your wireless router.
- **Step 4** Adjust the CPE's direction or location on the selected pole until the LED1, LED2 and LED3 of the CPE light up.
- **Step 5** Use the plastic straps to attach the CPE to the pole.



----End

Check the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators of the CPE to confirm whether its position is proper. The more LED indicators light up, the better the connection quality is. The LED indicator descriptions of the CPE below are for reference.

LED Indicator	Status	Description
		The CPE is connected to a device/devices.
LED1, LED2, LED3		 Solid on: The CPE may work in AP, Repeater, P2MP or Router mode. Blinking: The CPE may work in Client, Universal Repeater or WISP mode.
(Received signal strength LED indicators)	Solid on/Blinking	Each LED indicator is set with a received signal strength value, which is the threshold for the corresponding LED indicator to light up. You can judge the connection quality through the status of these indicators.
		By default, the minimum signal strength of LED1, LED2 and LED3 are -90 dBm, -80 dBm and -70 dBm.
		You can change them on the Wireless > Advanced page of the

LED Indicator	Status	Description
		web UI of the CPE.
	Off	No device is connected to the CPE, or the received signal strength is less than the RSSI threshold (default: -90 dBm).

1.2 CCTV surveillance

To ensure the safety of employees and property, a video surveillance system needs to be installed in a building site.

1.2.1 Solution

Tenda CPE can meet this demand.

O4V1.0 is used as an example to illustrate the installation procedures. Procedures for other CPEs are similar.

1.2.2 Set up the CPEs

V_{TIP} At least two CPEs are required for bridging.

Option 1: Automatic bridging (recommended)

- Automatic bridging is only applicable when the CPEs are in factory settings.
- When performing peer-to-peer bridging, ensure that only two CPEs are powered on nearby. Otherwise, the peer-to-peer bridging may fail.

Scenario 1: Peer-to-peer bridging

- **Step 1** Place the two CPEs next to each other.
- **Step 2** Power on the CPEs.

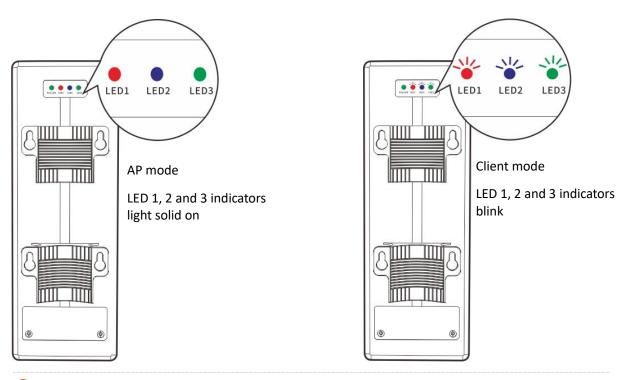
----End

After the two CPEs are powered on, they will bridge to each other automatically, and the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators of the two CPEs blink rapidly. When the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators of a CPE light solid on while the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators of the other CPE blink slowly, the peer-to-peer bridging succeeds.

₽_{TIP}

For earlier versions of O2 and O3, the peer-to-peer bridging procedure is as follows:

After the two CPEs are powered on, they will bridge to each other automatically. When the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators of a CPE light solid on while the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators of the other CPE keep blinking, the peer-to-peer bridging succeeds.



v2.0

₽TIP

- After the bridging succeeds, the DHCP servers of the two CPEs are disabled. The IP address of the CPE working in AP mode remains the same (192.168.2.1), while the IP address of the CPE working in Client mode changes to 192.168.2.2.
- If the peer-to-peer automatic bridging fails, reset the two CPEs to factory settings, and try again. Reset method: After CPE completes startup, hold down the reset button for about 8 seconds, and then release it when all indicators light up. Wait for about 1 minute.

Scenario 2: Peer-to-multiple peers bridging

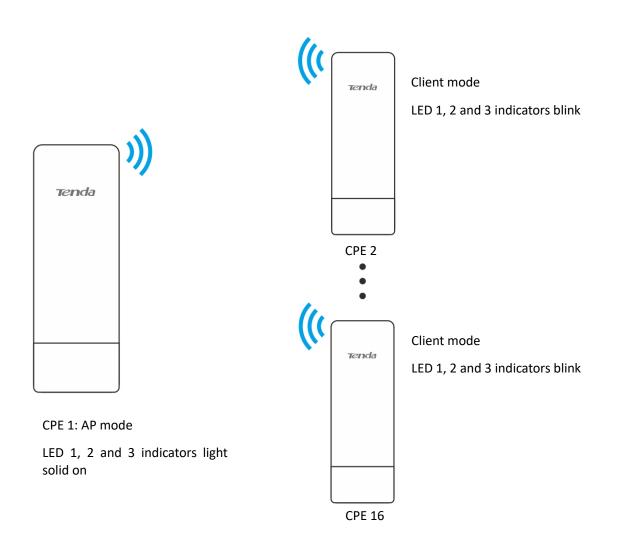
₽TIP

- For peer-to-multiple peers bridging, perform peer-to-peer bridging first, and then power on the rest CPEs within a certain period of time.
- A CPE can bridge 15 CPEs at most.
- **Step 1** Refer to <u>Peer-to-peer bridging</u> to make any two CPEs bridge to each other.
- Step 2 Within a certain period of time (3 minutes for earlier versions of O2 while 30 minutes for other CPE models) after the peer-to-peer bridging succeeds, place the rest CPEs which are in factory settings near the CPE with the LED1, LED2, and LED3 indicators solid on and power them on.

----End

Wait about 1 minute. When the LED1, LED2, and LED3 indicators of these new-added CPEs keep blinking, the peer-to-multiple peers bridging succeeds.

7



\bigcirc_{TIP}

- If the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators of a new-added CPE turn off after it is powered on for 1 minute, the bridging fails. Reset the CPE to factory settings, and wait until its LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators keep blinking, which indicates that the automatic bridging succeeds.
- If the bridging still fails, try manual bridging. Refer to <u>Client mode</u> for details.

Option 2 Manual bridging

- **Step 1** Place the two CPEs next to each other.
- **Step 2** Power on the CPE1.
- **Step 3** Log in to the web UI of CPE1.
- **Step 4** Set **CPE1** to **AP Mode**.
 - 1. Choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.
 - 2. Select AP, and click Next.

Quick Setup	
Select a working me	ode:
 AP In this mode, 	the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
Client In this mo	de, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
Universal Repeat	er In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
• WISP In this mo wireless network.	de, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the
Repeater In this wireless access point	mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides
P2MP In this mo wireless access point	de, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide
Router connect	to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point
	Next

3. Set an SSID, which is Tenda_123456 in this example, Security Mode, which is WPA2-PSK in this example, and Key, and click Next.

Quick Setup>>AP	
You can set up your wireless netwo	rk name and wireless password here.
Note down your wireless password	
SSID	Tenda_123456
Channel	165(5825MHz) •
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK •
Encryption Algorithm	● AES ◎ TKIP ◎ TKIP&AES
Кеу	•••••
	Previous Next

4. Click Save, and wait until the CPE reboots automatically to activate the settings.

Quick Setup>>AP	2
The device is set to AP, click "Save" to apply the settings.	
	Previous Save

- **Step 5** Power on the CPE2.
- **Step 6** Log in to the web UI of CPE2.

Step 7 Set **CPE2** to **Client Mode**.

- **1.** Choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.
- 2. Select Client, and click Next.

Select a wor	rking mode:
○ AP In thi	is mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
Client In	this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
Universal	Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
○ WISP In wireless netw	this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the vork.
Repeater wireless acce	In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides ss point.
P2MP In wireless acce	this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide ss point.
○ Router a	connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point
wireless acce	ss point.

3. Select the SSID of CPE1 you set, which is Tenda_123456 in this example, and click Next.

Quick Setu	up>>Client					
						?
Click "Scan",	and select the wireless	s network you wa	nt to connect,			
and click "Ne	ext".					
	Scan	Scan agair	1			
	Upstream AP	Tenda_123456				
Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength	
۲	Tenda_123456	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	WPA2-PSK,AES		

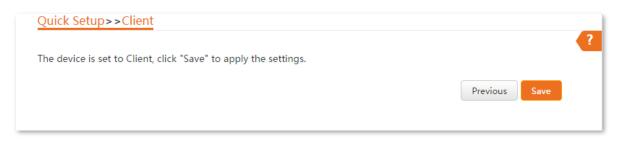
4. Enter the WiFi password you set for CPE1 in the Key text box, and click Next.

Quick Setup>>Client	
Ensure that the device uses the sa	ame channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of upstream AP.
Then enter the remote AP's WiFi	password, and click "Next" to continue.
Upstream AP	Tenda_123456
Upstream AP MAC Address	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1
Channel	165(5825MHz) •
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK •
Encryption Algorithm	● AES
Key	
	Previous

5. Set the IP address to an unused IP address belonging to the same network segment as that of CPE1. For example, if the IP address of CPE1 is 192.168.2.1, you can set this CPE's IP address to 192.168.2.X (X ranges from 2 to 254). Then click Next.

Quick Setup>>Client				?
Set the IP address to an unused IP	address belonging to the n	etwork segment of upst	ream AP.	
IP Address	192.168.2.100			
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0			
			Previous Next	

6. Click Save, and wait until the CPE reboots to activate the settings.



----End

When the two CPEs are bridging to each other, all the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators blink rapidly. When the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators of a CPE light solid on while the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators of the other CPE blink slowly, the bridging succeeds.

₽TIP

For earlier versions of O2 and O3, the bridging procedure is as follows:

When the two CPEs are bridging to each other, all the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators blink. When the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators of a CPE light solid on while the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators of the other CPE keep blinking, the bridging succeeds.

If you want to bridge multiple CPEs to CPE1, refer to <u>Step 5-7</u> to bridge them to the WiFi network of the CPE with the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators solid on.

₽_{TIP}

You can check the SSID and key of the CPE by choosing **Wireless** > **Basic** after logging in to the web UI.

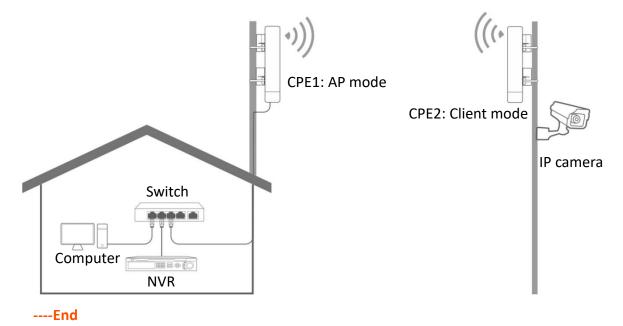
1.2.3 Install the CPEs

The CPE (transmitter in AP mode) with LED1, LED2 and LED3 solid on should be connected to the switch connecting to a network video recorder (NVR).

The CPE (receiver in Client mode) with LED1, LED2 and LED3 blinking should be connected to the IP camera or the switch connecting to IP cameras.

Detailed procedures are as follows:

- **Step 1** Place the transmitter in the open air at the point where the NVR is located. Place the receiver in the open air at the point where the IP camera is located.
- **Step 2** Power on the CPE.
- **Step 3** Adjust the two CPEs' direction or location until the LED1, LED2 and LED3 of the two CPEs light up.
- **Step 4** Use the plastic straps to attach the two CPEs to the poles respectively.



Check the LED1, LED2 and LED3 indicators of the CPEs to confirm whether the positions are

LED Indicator	Status	Description
		The CPE is connected to a device/devices.
		 Solid on: The CPE may work in AP, Repeater, P2MP or Router mode. Blinking: The CPE may work in Client, Universal Repeater or WISP mode.
LED1, LED2, LED3	Solid on/Blinking	Each LED indicator is set with a received signal strength value, which is the threshold for the corresponding LED indicator to
(Received signal strength LED indicators)		light up. You can judge the connection quality through the status of these indicators.
· · · · · · ,		By default, the minimum signal strength of LED1, LED2 and LED3 are -90 dBm, -80 dBm and -70 dBm.
		You can change them on the Wireless > Advanced page of the web UI of the CPE.
	Off	No device is connected to the CPE, or the received signal strength is less than the RSSI threshold (default: -90 dBm).

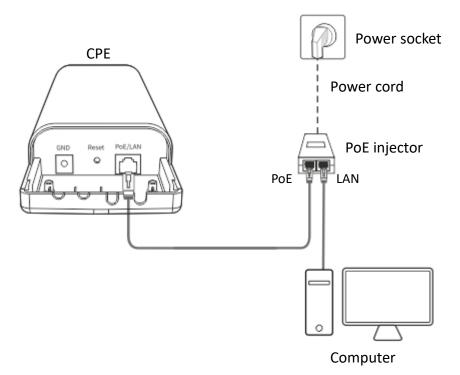
proper. The more LED indicators light up, the better the connection quality is. The LED indicator descriptions of the CPEs below are for reference.

2 Log in to web UI

2.1 Login

Logging in to the web UI for the first time or after the CPE is reset, or after the CPE is set to AP mode, Client mode, Universal Repeater mode, Repeater mode or P2MP mode

Step 1 Connect the computer to the CPE or the switch connected to the CPE. (powered by PoE in this example)



Step 2 Set the IP address of the computer to an unused one belonging to the same network segment of the IP address of the CPE.

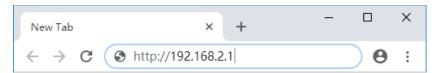
For example, if the IP address of the CPE is 192.168.2.1, you can set the IP address of the computer to 192.168.2.X (X is an unused digit ranging from 2 to 254), and subnet mask to 255.255.255.0.

eneral			
You can get IP settings assigned this capability. Otherwise, you n for the appropriate IP settings.			
Obtain an IP address auton	natically		
• Use the following IP addres	s:		
IP address:	192 . 168 . 2	. 20	
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 25	5.0	
Default gateway:			
Obtain DNS server address	automatically		
Use the following DNS server	er addresses:		
Preferred DNS server:			
Alternate DNS server:			
Validate settings upon exit	H	Advance	2

Step 3 Start a web browser on your computer, and visit the IP address of the CPE (default: **192.168.2.1**).

₽TIP

If the CPE is set to **Client, Universal Repeater, Repeater** or **P2MP** mode, use the IP address you changed when you set it to these modes to log in to the web UI. If you do not change it, try 192.168.2.1.



Step 4 Enter your user name and password (default: **admin/admin**), and click **Login**.

04V1.	0
2	Default user name: admin
A	Default password: admin
9	English •
	Login
	Forget password?

₽_{TIP}

If the preceding page does not appear, please try the following methods:

- Ensure that the CPE is powered on properly.
- Ensure that the computer is connected to the LAN port of the CPE properly.
- Ensure that the IP address of the computer is on the same network segment as that of the CPE's IP address. For example, if the IP address of the CPE is 192.168.2.1, you can set the IP address of the computer to 192.168.2.X (X ranges from 2 to 254 and is not occupied).
- If more than one CPE is connected, please modify the IP address of each one to avoid the login failure due to IP address conflict.
- Reset the CPE to factory settings. Reset method: After CPE completes startup, hold down the reset button for about 8 seconds, and then release it when all indicators light up. Wait for about 1 minute.

----End

After successful login, the following page appears.

↓ Status	Quick Setup
Quick Setup	Select a working mode:
	AP In this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
Network	Client In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
Wireless	Universal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
🖌 Advanced	○ WISP In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the wireless network.
t Tools	Repeater In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wirele access point.
	P2MP In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide wireless access point.
	Router connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point

₽TIP

For the security of your network, you can change the login user name and password by choosing **Tools** > **Account**.

Logging in to the web UI after the CPE is set to WISP or Router mode

- **Step 1** Connect the computer to the LAN port of CPE or the switch connected to the CPE.
- **Step 2** Start a web browser on your computer, and visit the IP address of the CPE.

In WISP or Router mode, the CPE provides a DHCP server function to assign IP addresses to clients in LAN. In this case, the gateway IP address of the computer is the IP address of the CPE.

₽_{TIP}

Refer to <u>How to check the gateway IP address of a computer</u> in Appendix to get the gateway IP address of your computer.

Step 3 Enter the login user name and password, and click **Login**.

04V1.0	J	
2	Default user name: admin	
8	Default password: admin	
Q	English •	
	Login	
	Forget password?	

₽

If the preceding page does not appear, please try the following methods:

- Ensure that the CPE is powered on properly.
- Ensure that the computer is connected to the LAN port of the CPE properly.
- Ensure that the IP address of the computer is on the same network segment of the CPE's IP address. For example, if the IP address of the CPE is 192.168.2.1, you can set the IP address of the computer to 192.168.2.X (X ranges from 2 to 254 and is not occupied).
- Reset the CPE to factory settings. Reset method: After CPE completes startup, hold down the reset button for about 8 seconds, and then release it when all indicators light up. Wait for about 1 minute.

```
----End
```

After logging in to the web UI, you can start to configure the CPE.

₽TIP

For the security of your network, you can change the login user name and password by choosing **Tools** > **Account**.

2.2 Logout

The CPE logs out when you:

- Click the **Logout** button on the upper-right corner of the web UI.
- Close the web browser.
- Perform no operation within the <u>login timeout interval</u> (default: 5 minutes). You can change the login timeout interval on the **Advanced > Network Service** page.



3.1 Web UI layout

The web UI of the CPE is composed of 4 parts, including the level-1 navigation tree, level-2 navigation tree, tab page area, and configuration area. See the following figure.

1	Status	LAN Setup	Current Mode: AP
34-	Status		?
\$	Quick Setup	MAC Address	C8:3A:35:15:87:50
۲	Network	IP Address Type	Static IP Address
	LAN Setup	IP Address	192.168.2.1
	DHCP Server		
	DHCP Client 2	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	VLAN Settings	Default Gateway	0.0.0.0
((¢	Wireless	Primary DNS Server	0.0.0.0
*	Advanced	Secondary DNS Server	0.0.0.0
۵,	Tools	Device Name	O4V1.0
			Save

₽_{TIP}

Functions or parameters in grey fields indicate that the CPE does not support it or it cannot be modified under the current configurations.

No.	Name	Description
1	Level-1 navigation tree	The navigation bars and tab pages display the function menu of the
2	Level-2 navigation tree	CPE. When you select a function in navigation bar, the configuration of the function appears in the configuration area.
3	Tab page area	of the function appears in the configuration area.
4	Configuration area	It enables you to view and modify configuration.

3.2 Common buttons

The following table describes the common buttons available on the web UI.

Common Buttons	Description
Refresh	It is used to update the contents on the current page.
Save	It is used to save the configuration on the current page and enable the configuration to take effect.
Cancel	It is used to go back to the original configuration without saving the configuration on the current page.
?	It is used to view help information corresponding to the settings on the current page.

4 Quick setup

This module enables you to quickly configure the CPE or change the working mode of the CPE to deploy your wireless network.

The CPE supports the following working modes:

- <u>AP</u>: In this mode, the CPE creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
- <u>Client</u>: In this mode, the CPE works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP. Working in Client mode, the CPE does not provide wireless access service, and a client needs to be connected to the CPE with an Ethernet cable.
- <u>Universal Repeater</u>: In this mode, the CPE extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage. The new wireless network has the same SSID, password, and related wireless information as the upstream wireless network.
- <u>WISP</u>: In this mode, the CPE connects to a hotspot provided by ISP in a wireless manner, and provides the wireless network. The CPE can also be connected to the LAN port of an upstream wireless router to obtain the IP address by DHCP (Dynamic IP), static IP address or PPPoE for internet access.
- <u>Repeater</u>: In this mode, the CPE connects multiple wired networks through wireless bridging, and provides wireless access point.
- <u>P2MP</u>: In this mode, the CPE connects multiple wired networks through wireless bridging, but does not provide wireless access point.
- <u>Router</u>: In this mode, the CPE connects to a modem in wired manner, and provides a wireless network.

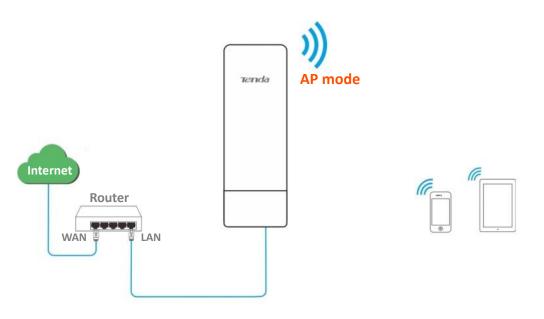
4.1 AP mode

4.1.1 Overview

In AP mode, the CPE connects to a wired network, and provides a wireless network for wireless clients.

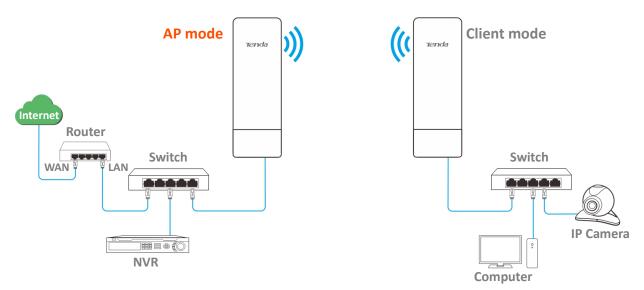
Application scenario 1

The CPE can be used to transform a wired network to a wireless one for your wireless devices to access the internet. The network topology is shown as below.



Application scenario 2

The CPE in AP mode usually works with another CPE in Client mode or Universal Repeater mode to establish a CCTV surveillance network. Client mode is used as an example here. Set one CPE to AP mode and connect it to the switch which is connected to the NVR, and the other to Client mode, and connect it to the switch which is connected to an IP camera. The network topology is shown as below.



Step 1 Log in to the web UI of the CPE and choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.

Step 2 Select **AP** mode and click **Next**.

Quick Setup
Select a working mode:
• AP In this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
Client In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
O Universal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
• WISP In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the wireless network.
Repeater In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless access point.
P2MP In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide wireless access point.
O Router connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point
Next

Step 3 Set an SSID, which is **Tenda_123456** in this example, **Security Mode**, which is WPA2-PSK in this example, **Encryption Algorithm**, which is **AES** in this example, **Key**, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup>>AP	Current Mode: AP
Quick Setup 271	2
You can set up your wireless netw	ork name and wireless password here.
Note down your wireless passwore	i.
* SSID	Tenda_123456
Channel	Auto
\star Security Mode	WPA2-PSK V
Encryption Algorithm	● AES
* Key	
	Previous Next

Parameters description

Name	Description
SSID	It specifies the wireless network name of this device.
Channel	It specifies the operating channel of this device. Select a less used channel in the ambient environment to reduce interference.
	Auto indicates that the device automatically adjusts its operating channel according to

Name	Description
	the ambient environment.
Security Mode	It specifies the security mode of the wireless network, including: <u>None</u> , <u>WPA-PSK</u> , <u>WPA2-PSK</u> , and <u>Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK</u> .
	It specifies the encryption method of the wireless network.
	• AES: It indicates the Advanced Encryption Standard.
Encryption Algorithm	 TKIP: It indicates the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol. If TKIP is used, the maximum wireless throughput of the device is limited to 54 Mbps.
	• TKIP&AES : It indicates that both TKIP and AES encryption algorithms are supported. Wireless clients can connect to the wireless network corresponding to the selected SSID using TKIP or AES.
Кеу	It specifies the WiFi password of the wireless network.

Step 4 Click **Save**, and wait until the device reboots automatically to activate the settings.

Quick Setup>>AP			
			?
The device is set to AP, click "Save" to apply the settings.			
	Previous	Save	

----End

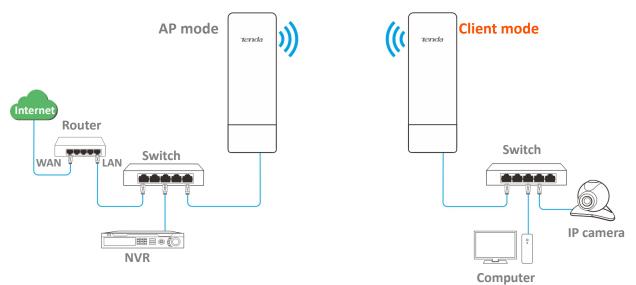
4.2 Client mode

4.2.1 Overview

In Client mode, the CPE serves as a wireless adapter, and connects to a wireless network of upstream AP. The CPE does not provide wireless access service, and a client device needs to be connected to the CPE with an Ethernet cable.

Application scenario

The CPE in client mode usually works with the CPE in AP mode to establish a CCTV surveillance network, and use the CPE in client mode to connect to IP cameras. The network topology is shown as below.



4.2.2 Quick setup

- **Step 1** Log in to the web UI of CPE and choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Select **Client**, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup
2
Select a working mode:
◎ AP In this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
• Client In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
Universal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
WISP In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the wireless network.
Repeater In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless access point.
P2MP In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide wireless access point.
Router connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point
Next

Step 3 Select the SSID of the upstream AP, which is Tenda_123456 in this example, and click Next at the bottom of the page.

Quick Setu	p>>Client				
Click "Scan", and click "Ne	and select the wireless xt".	network you wa	ant to connect,		
	Scan	Scan agai	n		
	Upstream AP	Tenda_123456			
Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength
۲	Tenda_123456	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	WPA2-PSK,AES	lin.

₽TIP

- If you cannot find any SSID from the list, choose Wireless > Basic and enable the wireless function.
 Then try again.
- If you cannot find the SSID of the upstream AP from the list:

Ensure that the WiFi network of the upstream AP is enabled. Only the WiFi networks at the same band as that of the CPE will be displayed in the list.

Adjust the direction of the CPE, and move it closer to the upstream AP.

Step 4 Enter the WiFi password for the selected WiFi network **Tenda_123456** in the **Key** text box, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup>>Client	
	2
Ensure that the device uses the sa	me channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of upstream AP.
Then enter the remote AP's WiFi	password, and click "Next" to continue.
Upstream AP	Tenda_123456
Upstream AP MAC Address	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1
Channel	165(5825MHz)
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK
Encryption Algorithm	● AES ○ TKIP ○ TKIP&AES
* Key	
	Previous

Parameters description

Name	Description
Upstream AP	It specifies the wireless network name (SSID) of the upstream AP.

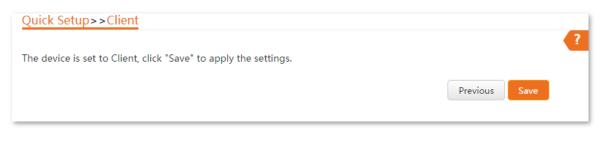
Name	Description
Channel	It specifies the operating channel of the WiFi network to be bridged. It will be automatically populated when you select an SSID to bridge.
Security Mode	It specifies the security mode of the WiFi network to be bridged. It will be automatically populated when you select an SSID to bridge. If the WiFi network to be bridged has a WiFi password, you need to enter the password manually.

Step 5 Set the IP address to an unused IP address belonging to the same network segment as that of the upstream AP. Then set the Subnet Mask to the same one of the upstream AP, and click Next.

For example, if the IP address of the upstream AP is 192.168.2.1, you can set the IP address of this device to 192.168.2.X (X ranges from 2 to 254).

Quick Setup>>Client		
Sat the ID address to an unused ID	ddrace belonging to the naturally segment of unstream AP	?
	ddress belonging to the network segment of upstream AP.	
IP Address	192.168.2.100	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
	Previous	

Step 6 Click **Save**, and wait until the CPE reboots to activate the settings.



----End

When the LED1, LED2, and LED3 of CPE are keep blinking, the bridging succeeds.

4.2.3 Example of establishing a CCTV surveillance network (AP mode + client mode)

Networking requirement

You want to use two CPEs to establish a CCTV surveillance network.

₽

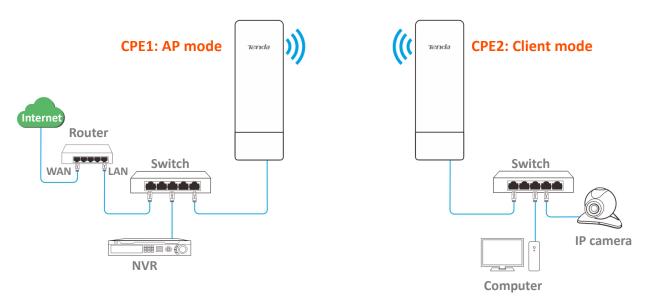
A CPE can support several IP cameras. The maximum number of IP cameras can be calculated with the following formula:

Number of IP cameras=(Transmitted/received rate of the CPE)*70% / Data rate of IP camera

Solution

- Set CPE1 to the AP mode, and connect it to the NVR.
- Set CPE2 to the Client mode, and connect it to IP cameras.

Network topology



Configuration procedures

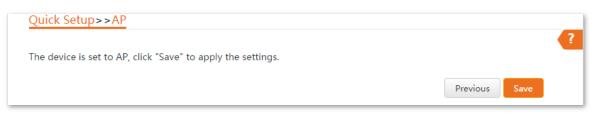
- **Step 1** Set **CPE1** to **AP** mode.
 - **1.** Log in to the web UI of CPE1, and choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.
 - 2. Select AP mode, and click Next.

Quick Setup	
Select a working mod	de:
AP In this mode, the second	he device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
Client In this mod	e, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
Universal Repeate	${f r}$ In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
○ WISP In this mode wireless network.	e, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the
Repeater In this maccess point.	node, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless
P2MP In this mod wireless access point.	e, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide
Router connect to	modem in wired manner, and provide network access point
	Next

3. Set an SSID, which is **Tenda_123456** in this example, select a **Security Mode** (WPA2-PSK is recommended) and customize a **Key**, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup>>AP		?
You can set up your wireless netwo	ork name and wireless password here.	-
Note down your wireless password	l.	
* SSID	Tenda_123456	
Channel	165(5825MHz)	
★ Security Mode	WPA2-PSK V	
Encryption Algorithm	● AES	
\star Key	•••••	
		Previous Next

4. Click Save, and wait until the device reboots automatically to activate the settings.



Step 2 Set **CPE2** to **Client** mode.

- **1.** Log in to the web UI of CPE2 and choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.
- 2. Select Client, and click Next.

Quick Setup
?
Select a working mode:
○ AP In this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
Client In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
O Universal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
WISP In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the wireless network.
Repeater In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless access point.
P2MP In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide wireless access point.
Router connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point
Next

3. Select the SSID of the CPE1, which is **Tenda_123456** in this example, and click **Next** at the bottom of the page.

Quick Setu	ıp>>Client				
Click "Scan",	and select the wireless	network you wa	ant to connect,		
and click "Ne	ext".				
	Scan	C Scan agai	in		
	Upstream AP	Tenda_123456			
Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength
۲	Tenda_123456	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	WPA2-PSK,AES	

₽TIP

If you cannot find the SSID of CPE1 from the list, adjust the direction of CPE2, and move it closer to the CPE1.

4. Enter the WiFi password you set on CPE1 in the Key text box, and click Next.

Quick Setup>>Client					
Provide that the device uses the same channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of upstream AP. Then enter the remote AP's WiFi password, and click "Next" to continue.					
Upstream AP	Tenda_123456				
Upstream AP MAC Address	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1				
Channel	165(5825MHz) •				
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK				
Encryption Algorithm	● AES ○ TKIP ○ TKIP&AES				
* Key					
	Previous				

5. Set the **IP address** to an unused IP address belonging to the same network segment as that of CPE1. Then set the **Subnet Mask** to the same one of the peer device, and click **Next**.

For example, if the IP address of CPE1 is 192.168.2.1, you can set the IP address of the device to 192.168.2.X (X ranges from 2 to 254).

Quick Setup>>Client				
				?
Set the IP address to an unused IP	address belonging to the n	etwork segment of upstream AP.		
IP Address	192.168.2.100			
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0			
			Previous	Next

6. Click Save, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.

Quick Setup>>Client			
The device is set to Client, click "Save" to apply the settings.			•
	Previous	Save	
		_	

----End

When LED1, LED2, and LED3 of CPE1 are solid on, and LED1, LED2, and LED3 of CPE2 are blinking, the bridging succeeds.

₽_{TIP}

You can check the SSID and key of CPE2 by choosing **Wireless** > **Basic** after logging in to the web UI.

Verification

Surveillance videos can be seen on the computer at the side of CPE1.

4.3 Universal repeater mode

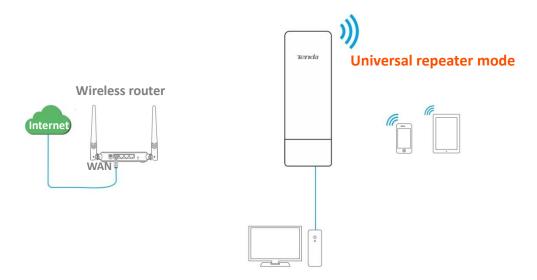
4.3.1 Overview

In Universal Repeater mode, the CPE expands your WiFi network for broader network coverage.

Advantage of Universal Repeater compared with <u>Repeater mode</u>: This mode does not require that the upstream AP supports the WDS function.

Application scenario

The CPE is used to extend your existing wireless network. The network topology is shown as below.



4.3.2 Quick setup

- **Step 1** Log in to the web UI of the CPE and choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Select **Universal Repeater**, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup
?
Select a working mode:
◎ AP In this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
Olient In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
Universal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
WISP In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the wireless network.
Repeater In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless access point.
P2MP In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide wireless access point.
Router connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point
Next

Quick Setu	p>>Universal Re	peater			
Click "Scan", a and click "Ne	and select the wireles xt".	s network you w	ant to connect,		
	Scan	Scan aga	in		
	Upstream AP	WiFi_123456			
Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength
۲	WiFi_123456	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	WPA2-PSK,AES	lin.

\cap		
		_
¥	TI	P

- If you cannot find any SSID from the list, choose **Wireless** > **Basic** and enable the wireless function. Then try again.
- If you cannot find the SSID of the upstream AP from the list:

Ensure that the WiFi network of the upstream AP is enabled. Only the WiFi networks at the same band as that of the CPE will be displayed in the list.

Adjust the direction of the CPE, and move it closer to the upstream AP.

Step 4 Enter the WiFi password of the upstream AP in the **Key** text box, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup>>Universal Re	peater
	?
Ensure that the device uses the sa	me channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of upstream AP.
Then enter the remote AP's WiFi	password, and click "Next" to continue.
Upstream AP	WiFi_123456
Upstream AP MAC Address	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1
Channel	165(5825MHz) •
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK •
Encryption Algorithm	● AES ○ TKIP ○ TKIP&AES
* Key	
	Previous Next

Parameters description

Name	Description
Upstream AP	It specifies the wireless network name (SSID) of the upstream AP.
Channel	It specifies the operating channel of the WiFi network to be bridged. It will be automatically populated when you select an SSID to bridge.

Name		Description
Security	Mode	It specifies the security mode of the WiFi network to be bridged. It will be automatically populated when you select an SSID to bridge. If the WiFi network to be bridged has a WiFi password, you need to enter the password manually.
Step 5		P address to an unused IP address belonging to the same network segment as he router. For example, if the IP address of the router is 192.168.2.1, you can set

this device's IP address to 192.168.2.X (X ranges from 2 to 254). Then click Next.

Quick Setup>>Universal Rep	eater				2
Set the IP address to an unused IP		etwork segment of upstream AP	1		
IP Address Subnet Mask	192.168.2.100				
Subilet Mask	233.233.233.0				
			Previous	Next	

Step 6 Click **Save**, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.

Quick Setup>>Universal Repeater	
	?
The device is set to Universal Repeater, click "Save" to apply the settings.	
	Previous Save

----End

When the LED1, LED2, and LED3 of CPE are blinking, the bridging succeeds. The WiFi name and password of the CPE are the same as those of the upstream AP.

To access the internet with:

- Wireless devices: Connect the wireless devices, such as a smart phone, to the WiFi network of the CPE using the WiFi name and password of the upstream AP.
- Wired devices: Connect the wired devices, such as a computer, to the LAN port of the CPE, or the switch connected to the LAN port of the PoE injector.

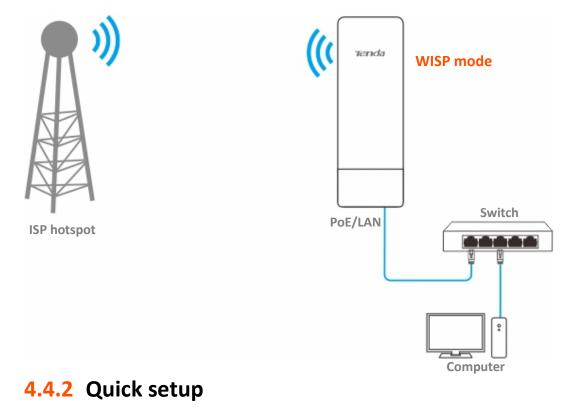
4.4 WISP mode

4.4.1 Overview

In WISP mode, the CPE connects to a hotspot provided by ISP in a wireless manner, and allows the wired and wireless devices to connect the CPE for internet access.

Application scenario

The CPE is used to extend the ISP hotspot. The network topology is shown as below.



- **Step 1** Log in to the web UI of this CPE and choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Select **WISP**, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup
Select a working mode:
● AP In this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
Client In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
Universal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
• WISP In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the wireless network.
Repeater In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless access point.
P2MP In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide wireless access point.
Router connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point
Next

Step 3 Select the SSID of upstream AP, which is **WiFi_123456** in this example, and click **Next** at the bottom of the page.

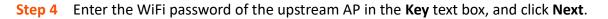
Quick Setu	p>>WISP				
Click "Scan", a and click "Nex	and select the wireles	s network you wa	ant to connect,		
	Scan	Scan agai	in		
	Upstream AP	WiFi_123456			
Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength
۲	WiFi_123456	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	WPA2-PSK,AES	100

₽TIP

- If you cannot find the SSID of the wireless network from the list, choose **Wireless** > **Basic** to enter the page and ensure that the wireless network function is enabled.
- If you cannot find the SSID of the upstream AP from the list:

Ensure that the WiFi network of the upstream AP is enabled. Only the WiFi networks at the same band as that of the CPE will be displayed in the list.

Adjust the direction of the CPE, and move it closer to the upstream AP.



Quick Setup>>WISP	
	me channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of upstream AP.
Upstream AP	WiFi_123456
Upstream AP MAC Address	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1
Channel	165(5825MHz) •
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK •
Encryption Algorithm	● AES ○ TKIP ◎ TKIP&AES
★ Key	•••••
	Previous

Parameters description

Name	Description
Upstream AP	It specifies the wireless network name (SSID) of the upstream AP.
Channel	It specifies the operating channel of the WiFi network to be bridged. It will be automatically populated when you select an SSID to bridge.
Security Mode	It specifies the security mode of the WiFi network to be bridged. It will be automatically populated when you select an SSID to bridge. If the WiFi network to be bridged has a WiFi password, you need to enter the password manually.

Step 5 Select the **Internet Connection Type** of your ISP hotspot, which is **PPPoE** in this example. Enter the PPPoE user name and password provided by your ISP, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup>>WISP			·
			?
Please select an internet connection	on type, and enter the int	ernet parameters provid	ded by your ISP.
and click "Next".			
Internet Connection Type	DHCP (Dynamic IP)	Static IP Address	PPPoE
PPPoE User Name			
PPPoE Password			
			Previous Next

Parameter description

Name

Description

Internet Connection Type

• **DHCP (Dynamic IP)**: The device obtains an IP address and other parameters form the DHCP server of upstream device for internet access.

Name	Description
	 Static IP Address: The device accesses the internet by setting the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and DNS server IP addresses manually.
	 PPPoE: The device accesses the internet using the PPPoE user name and password provided by the ISP.

Step 6 Customize the SSID (which is **Marry's WiFi** in this example) and key, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup>>WISP		?
You can set up your wireless netwo Note down your wireless password	rk name and wireless password here.	
* SSID(WiFi Name)	Marry's WiFi	
Channel	165(5825MHz)	
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK •	
Encryption Algorithm	● AES ◎ TKIP ◎ TKIP&AES	
* Key	•••••	
		Previous Next

Step 7 Set an IP address belonging to a different network segment as that of your ISP hotspot.
 For example, if the IP address of your ISP hotspot is 192.168.2.1, you can set this device's IP address to 192.168.X.1 (X ranges from 0 to 254 excluding 2) which is also the login IP address of the CPE. Then click Next.

Quick Setup>>WISP			
			?
Specify the device with an IP addre or upstream AP.	ss whose network segment	t is different from that of IP address of ISP access point	
IP Address	192.168.5.1		
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0]	
		Previous Next	

Step 8 Click **Save**, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.

Quick Setup>>WISP		
		?
The device is set to WISP, click "Save" to apply the settings.		
	Previous Save	

----End

After the CPE reboots, log in to the Web UI of the device again and choose Status to enter the

page. If the WAN IP address, default gateway and DNS server information obtained by the WAN port are displayed on the **System Status** section, the configuration succeeds.

After successful configuration, devices connected to the CPE can access to the internet in a wired or wireless manner. In practical environments, it is recommended to connect a wireless router to the CPE for omnidirectional wireless network coverage.

The name and password of the wireless network are SSID and Key set in Step 6 above.

To access the internet, you need to configure the router as follows.

₽TIP

For detailed configuration of the router, please refer to the corresponding user guide.

- **Step 1** Log in to the Web UI of the router.
- **Step 2** Select **Dynamic IP** as the **Internet Connection Type**, and save the settings.

```
----End
```

To access the internet with:

- Wireless devices: Connect the wireless devices, such as a smart phone, to the WiFi network of the wireless router which is connected to the CPE.
- Wired devices: Connect the wired devices, such as a computer, to the LAN ports of the wireless router which is connected to the CPE. Ensure that the IP address of the computer is automatically obtained.

4.4.3 Example of wireless ISP hotspot access

Networking requirement

You live in countryside, and it is not convenient for you to connect the nearest ISP using Ethernet cables. So you want to extend the ISP hotspot to your home in a wireless manner.

Solution

Set the CPE to WISP mode, and bridge it to the ISP hotspot.

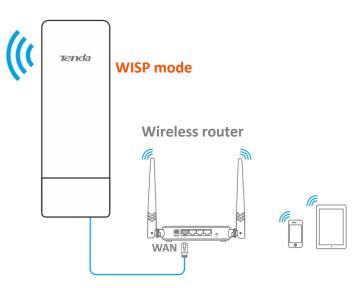
Assume that the SSID and password of the ISP hotspot are:

- SSID: WiFi_123456
- Password: 12345678
- Internet Connection Type: PPPoE
 User name: admin
 Password: admin

Network topology



ISP hotspot SSID: WiFi_123456 WiFi Password: 12345678



Configuration procedures

- **Step 1** Set the CPE to the WISP mode.
 - **1.** Log in to the web UI of this CPE and choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.
 - 2. Select WISP, and click Next.

Quick Setup
?
Select a working mode:
○ AP In this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
Client In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
Universal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
• WISP In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the wireless network.
Repeater In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless access point.
P2MP In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide wireless access point.
OROUTER connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point
Next

3. Select the SSID of your ISP hotspot, which is **WiFi_123456** in this example, and click **Next** at the bottom of the page.

Quick Setu	p>>WISP					?
Click "Scan", a and click "Ne	and select the wireles	s network you wa	nt to connect,			-
	Scan	Scan agai	n			
	Upstream AP	WiFi_123456				
Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength	
۲	WiFi_123456	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	WPA2-PSK,AES		

4. Enter the WiFi password of your ISP hotspot in the Key text box, and click Next.

Quick Setup>>WISP
Ensure that the device uses the same channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of upstream AP.
Then enter the remote AP's WiFi password, and click "Next" to continue.
Upstream AP WiFi_123456
Upstream AP MAC Address C8:3A:35:15:86:A1
Channel 165(5825MHz) 🔻
Security Mode WPA2-PSK 🔹
Encryption Algorithm
* Key
Previous

5. Select the **Internet Connection Type** of your ISP hotspot, which is **PPPoE** in this example. Enter the PPPoE user name and password provided by your ISP, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup>>WISP			
			2
Please select an internet connection	on type, and enter the int	ernet parameters provid	ded by your ISP.
and click "Next".			
Internet Connection Type	OHCP (Dynamic IP)	Static IP Address	PPPoE
PPPoE User Name			
PPPoE Password			
			Previous
			Hereda Hereda

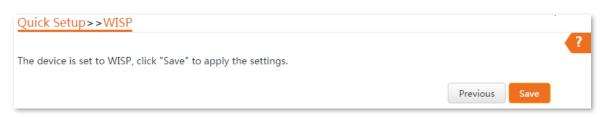
6. Customize the SSID and key, and click Next.

Quick Setup>>WISP	
You can set up your wireless netwo Note down your wireless password	ork name and wireless password here.
* SSID(WiFi Name)	Marry's WiFi
Channel	165(5825MHz)
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK T
Encryption Algorithm	● AES
\star Key	
	Previous

7. Set an IP address belonging to a different network segment as that of your ISP hotspot. For example, if the IP address of your ISP hotspot is 192.168.2.1, you can set this device's IP address to 192.168.X.1 (X ranges from 0 to 254 excluding 2) which is also the login IP address of the CPE. Then click **Next**.

Quick Setup>>WISP		2
Specify the device with an IP addre or upstream AP.	ss whose network segment	is different from that of IP address of ISP access point
IP Address	192.168.5.1	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
		Previous Next

8. Click Save, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.



When LED1, LED2, and LED3 of the CPE are keep blinking, the CPE is connected to your ISP hotspot successfully.

Step 2 Set the wireless router.

- **1.** Log in to the Web UI of the router.
- 2. Select Dynamic IP as the Internet Connection Type, and save the settings.

----End

Verification

Your wired and wireless devices can connect to the wireless router which is connected to the CPE for internet access.

4.5 Repeater mode

4.5.1 Overview

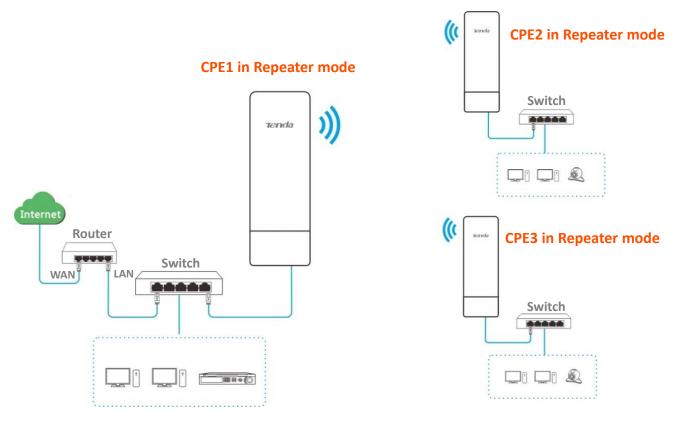
In Repeater mode, the CPE connects 2 or more (this device supports 4 at most) wired networks with a wireless link, and can be connected with both wired and wireless clients.

To use this function, the peer AP is required to support WDS function. Repeater mode can be used to achieve communication between multiple office sites of an enterprise in a city.

The CPE in Repeater mode can work with the CPE in Repeater or <u>P2MP mode</u>.

Application scenario

You want to combine multiple wired networks into one in a wireless manner. The network topology is shown as below.

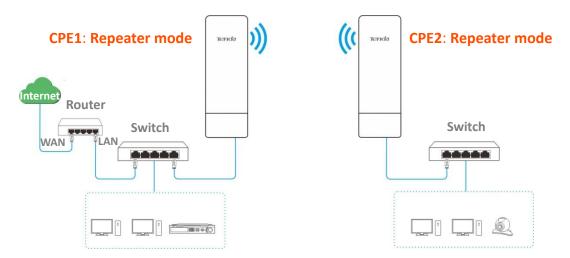


4.5.2 Quick setup

₽TIP

When configuring the Repeater mode, please ensure that the Channel and Channel Bandwidth of all CPEs are the same.

Peer to peer bridging



Assume that the related parameters are as follows:

CPE1

- **SSID**: Tenda_123456
- Channel: 165
- Security mode: WEP
- Authentication type: Shared
- **Default key**: Key 1, 12345

CPE2

- **SSID**: Tenda_654321
- WLAN MAC Address: C8:3A:35:15:86:B2

*Q*_{TIP}

To check the SSID and key of the CPE, you can log in to the web UI of the CPE and choose **Wireless** > **Basic** to enter the page.

- **Step 1** Set the CPE2 to the **Repeater** mode.
 - **1.** Log in to the web UI of CPE2, and choose **Wireless** > **Basic** to enter the configuration page.
 - 2. Modify the Channel (165 in this example) and Channel Bandwidth (20MHz in this example), and click Save.

Basic	
Enable Wireless	
Country/Region	China •
SSID	Tenda_654321
Broadcast SSID	Enable
Network Mode	11a/n 🔻
\star Channel	165(5825MHz) •
Channel Shift	Enable
Transmit Power	1dBm 26dBm
* Channel Bandwidth	20MHz •
Transmit Rate	Auto 🔻
Security Mode	None •
Isolate Client	 Enable Disable
Max. Number of Clients	48 (Range: 1 to 128)
	Save

3. Choose Quick Setup to enter the configuration page. Click Repeater and then Next.

Select a working r	node:
○ AP In this mod	e, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
Client In this m	ode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
Universal Repeating the second sec	iter In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
• WISP In this m wireless network.	ode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the
Repeater In th access point.	s mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless
• P2MP In this m wireless access poir	ode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide t.
Router connec	t to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point

4. Select the SSID of CPE1 from the list, which is **Tenda_123456** in this example, and click **Next** at the bottom of the page.

Quick Setu	p>>Repeater				?	
Click "Scan", a and click "Nex	and select the wireles	s network you wa	nt to connect,			
Scan <u>Scan again</u>						
	Peer AP1 C8:3A:35:15:86:A1					
	Peer AP2 Select an SSID or enter a MAC					
	Peer AP3 Select an SSID or enter a MAC					
	Peer AP4	Peer AP4 Select an SSID or enter a MAC				
Select	SSID	Channel	Signal Strength			
	Tenda_123456	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	WEP	.utl	

₽TIP

- If wireless networks cannot be scanned, make sure you have toggled on **Enable Wireless** on **Wireless > Basic** page.
- Only the WiFi networks whose security modes are set to none or WEP can be displayed on the list.
- 5. Set the Authentication Type and Default Key to the same as those of CPE1, enter the key 1, and click Next.

Quick Setup>>Repeater		2
Ensure that the device uses the sa	me channel, encryption, and	encryption algorithm as those of peer AP.
Enter the key of peer AP1, and clic	k "Next".	
Peer AP1	Tenda_123456	
MAC Address of Peer AP1	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	
Channel	165(5825MHz) •	
Security Mode	WEP •	
Authentication Type	Shared •	
Default Key	Key 1 🔻	
Key 1	•••••	ASCII •
Key 2	•••••	ASCII •
Key 3	•••••	ASCII •
Key 4	•••••	ASCII •
		Previous Next

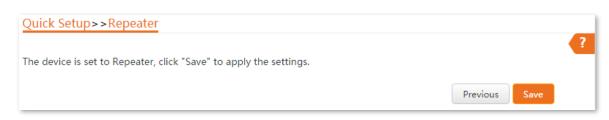
Parameters description

Name	Description
Peer AP1	It specifies the wireless network name (SSID) of the peer AP1.
MAC Address of Peer AP1	It specifies the MAC address of the wireless network to be bridged.
Channel	It specifies the operating channel of the WiFi network to be bridged. It will be automatically populated when you select an SSID to bridge.
	It specifies the security mode of the WiFi network to be bridged. It will be automatically populated when you select an SSID to bridge.
Security Mode	↓ _{TIP}
	The Repeater mode only supports WEP and None security modes.

6. Set the IP address to an unused IP address belonging to the same network segment as that of CPE1. For example, if the IP address of CPE1 is 192.168.2.1, you can set this device's IP address to 192.168.2.X (X ranges from 2 to 254). Then set the Subnet Mask to the same one of the CPE1, and click Next.

Quick Setup>>Repeater				?
Set the IP address to an unused IP	address belonging to the ne	twork segment of peer AP.		
IP Address	192.168.2.100			
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0			
			Previous Next	

7. Click Save, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.



- **Step 2** Perform the procedure in <u>Step 1</u> above to set the CPE1 to **Repeater** mode. The differences are listed below:
 - Select the SSID of CPE2, which is **Tenda_654321** in this example.
 - Do not need to change the IP address of CPE1.

If there are multiple wireless networks with the same SSID, select the one with the WLAN MAC address of the CPE2, which is **C8:3A:35:15:86:B2** in this example.

----End

*Q*_{TIP}

v2.0

To check whether the bridging is successful:

Method 1: When the LED1, LED2, and LED3 indicators of CPE1 and CPE2 are solid on, the bridging succeeds.

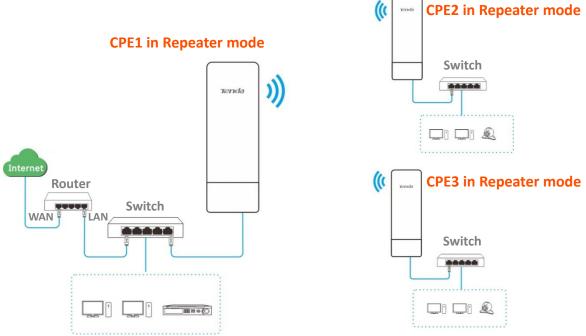
Method 2:

- **Step 1** Log in to the web UI of CPE1.
- Step 2 Choose Advanced > Diagnose, select Ping from the Diagnose drop-down list menu, enter the IP address of CPE2 and click Start.

Diagnose		
Diagnose	Ping •]
IP Address	Manual 🔻]
IP Address/Domain Name		
Ping Packet	4	(Range: 1 to 10000)
Packet Size	32	Byte (Range: 1 to 60000)
	Start	

The bridging is successful when the ping succeeds.

Peer to multiple peers bridging



Assume that the related parameters are shown as follows:

CPE1:

- IP Address: 192.168.2.1
- **SSID**: Tenda_123456
- **Channel**: 165
- Channel bandwidth: 20MHz
- Security mode: None

CPE2:

- SSID: Tenda_1
- WLAN MAC address: C8:3A:35:15:86:8C

CPE3:

- SSID: Tenda_2
- WLAN MAC address: C8:3A:35:01:8C:C9
- **Step 1** Set the CPE2 to the **Repeater** mode.
 - **1.** Log in to the web UI of CPE2.
 - 2. Modify the **Channel** (165 in this example) and **Channel Bandwidth** (20MHz in this example), and click **Save**.

Basic	
Enable Wireless	
Country/Region	China 🔻
SSID	Tenda_1
Broadcast SSID	Enable O Disable
Network Mode	11a/n 🔻
* Channel	165(5825MHz)
Channel Shift	Enable
Transmit Power	1dBm 26dBm
★ Channel Bandwidth	20MHz v
Transmit Rate	Auto 🔻
Security Mode	None •
Isolate Client	Enable
Max. Number of Clients	48 (Range: 1 to 128)
	Save Cancel

3. Choose Quick Setup, and select Repeater.

Sel	ect a working mode:
	AP In this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
0	Client In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
	Universal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
	WISP In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the eless network.
	Repeater In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless ess point.
	P2MP In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide eless access point.
	Router connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point

4. Select the SSID of CPE1 from the list, which is **Tenda_123456** in this example, and click **Next** at the bottom of the page.



- If you cannot scan the SSID of CPE1 from the list, choose Wireless > Basic and enable the wireless function. Then try again.
- Only the WiFi networks whose security modes are set to none or WEP can be displayed on the list.

Quick Se	etup>>Repeater					?
Click "Scan and click "	n", and select the wireles	s network you wa	ant to connect,		,	
and click	Scan	Scan aga	in			
	Peer AP1	C8:3A:35:15:86	::A1			
	Peer AP2	Select an SSID	or enter a MAC			
	Peer AP3	Select an SSID	or enter a MAC			
	Peer AP4 Select an SSID or enter a MAC					
Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength	
•	Tenda_123456	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	None	الد	

5. Click **Next** directly on the following page.

Quick Setup>>Repeater	
	2
Ensure that the device uses the sa	me channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of peer AP.
Enter the key of peer AP1, and clic	k "Next".
Peer AP1	Tenda_123456
MAC Address of Peer AP1	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1
Channel	165(5825MHz) ▼
Security Mode	None •
	Previous

6. Set the IP address to an unused IP address belonging to the same network segment as that of CPE1. For example, if the IP address of the CPE1 is **192.168.2.1**, you can set this device's IP address to 192.168.2.X (X ranges from 2 to 254). Then Then set the Subnet Mask to the same one of the CPE1, and click **Next**.

Quick Setup>>Repeater				
Set the IP address to an unused IP	address belonging to the n	etwork segment of peer AP.		
IP Address	192.168.2.100			
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0			
				_
			Previous	Next

7. Click Save, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.

Quick Setup>>Repeater	
The device is set to Repeater, click "Save" to apply the settings.	?
	Previous
	Previous

- **Step 2** Perform **<u>Step 1</u>** above to set CPE3 to **Repeater** mode, and bridge to CPE1.
- **Step 3** Set CPE1 to **Repeater** mode and bridge to CPE2 and CPE3.
 - **1.** Log in to the web UI of CPE1, and choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.
 - 2. Select Repeater mode, and click Next.
 - 3. Select SSIDs of CPE2 and CPE3, and click **Next** at the bottom of the page.

₽_{TIP}

If there are multiple wireless networks with the same SSID, select the ones with the WLAN MAC addresses of the CPE2 and CPE3, which are **C8:3A:35:15:86:8C** and **C8:3A:35:01:8C:C9** in this example.

Quick Set	up>>Repeater				· · · · ·
Click "Scan" and click "N	', and select the wireles lext".	s network you wa	ant to connect,		
	Scan	Scan aga	in		
	Peer AP1	C8:3A:35:15:86	:8C		
	Peer AP2	C8:3A:35:01:80	C:C9		
	Peer AP3 Select :		or enter a MAC		
	Peer AP4	Select an SSID	or enter a MAC		
Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength
	Tenda_1	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:8C	None	-atl
•	Tenda_2	165	C8:3A:35:01:8C:C9	None	lle.

4. Click **Next** on the following page.

Quick Setup>>Repeater	
	?
Ensure that the device uses the sa	me channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of peer AP.
Enter the key of peer AP1, and clic	k "Next".
Peer AP1	Tenda_1
MAC Address of Peer AP1	C8:3A:35:15:86:8C
Channel	165(5825MHz) ▼
Security Mode	None •
	Previous

5. Click Next.

Quick Setup>>Repeater				
Set the IP address to an unused IP	address belonging to the r	network segment of peer AP.		
IP Address	192.168.2.1			
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0]		
			Previous	Next

6. Click Save, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.

Quick Setup>>Repeater			
			?
The device is set to Repeater, click "Save" to apply the settings.			
	Previous	Save	
		Sanc	

----End

To check whether the bridging is successful:

Method 1: When the LED1, LED2, and LED3 indicators of CPE1, CPE2 and CPE3 are solid on, the bridging succeeds.

Method 2:

- **Step 1** Log in to the web UI of CPE1.
- Step 2 Choose Advanced > Diagnose, select Ping from the Diagnose drop-down list menu, enter the IP address of CPE2 and CPE3 respectively, and click Start.

The bridging is successful when the ping succeeds.

Diagnose		
Diagnose	Ping •	
IP Address	Manual 🔻	
IP Address/Domain Name		
Ping Packet	4	(Range: 1 to 10000)
Packet Size	32	Byte (Range: 1 to 60000)
	Start	

4.6 P2MP mode

4.6.1 Overview

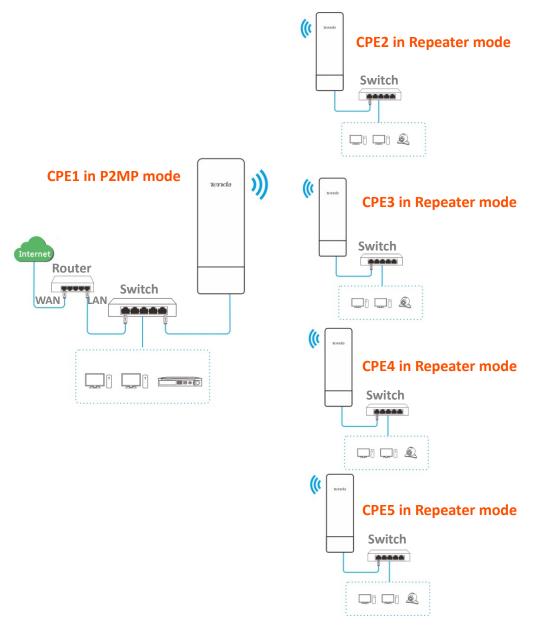
In **P2MP** mode, the CPE connects 2 or more (this device supports 4 at most) wired networks with a wireless link, and it does not provide wireless access service.

The CPE in P2MP mode can work with the CPE in Repeater mode.

The configuration procedure of P2MP mode is similar with Repeater mode. In the following example, the CPE works in P2MP mode, and bridges to four CPEs work in Repeater mode.

Application scenario

The CPE is used to combine 4 local networks into one in a wireless manner. The network topology is shown as below.



4.6.2 Quick setup

Assume that the related parameters are shown as follows:

CPE1:

- IP Address: 192.168.2.1
- SSID: Tenda_1
- **Channel**: 165
- Channel Bandwidth: 20MHz
- Security Mode: None

CPE2 to CPE5:

СРЕ	SSID	WLAN MAC address
CPE2	Tenda_2	C8:3A:35:01:8C:C9
CPE3	Tenda_3	C8:3A:35:35:BA:01
CPE4	Tenda_4	C8:3A:35:FD:8D:A1
CPE5	Tenda_5	C8:3A:35:09:93:51

Configuration procedures

Q_{TIP}

When setting the CPE to P2MP mode, ensure that all CPEs operate in the same channel.

- **Step 1** Set CPE2 to **Repeater** mode and bridge to the CPE1.
 - **1.** Log in to the web UI of CPE2
 - Choose Wireless > Basic to modify the channel and Channel Bandwidth of the CPE, which are 165 and 20MHz in this example.

Basic	
	2
Enable Wireless	
Country/Region	China •
SSID	Tenda_2
Broadcast SSID	Enable Disable
Network Mode	11a/n •
* Channel	165(5825MHz) •
Channel Shift	Enable
Transmit Power	1dBm 23dBm
* Channel Bandwidth	20MHz •
Transmit Rate	Auto •
Security Mode	None •

3. Choose Quick Setup, select Repeater mode, and click Next.

Quick Setup
2
Select a working mode:
◎ AP In this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
Client In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
Universal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
◎ WISP In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the wireless network.
Repeater In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless access point.
P2MP In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide wireless access point.
Router connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point
Next

 Select the SSID of CPE1, which is Tenda_1 in this example, and click Next at the bottom of the page.

Quick Setu	p>>Repeater				?
Click "Scan" and click "N	, and select the wireless ext".	s network you w	ant to connect,		
	Scan	Scan aga	in		
	Peer AP1	C8:3A:35:15:86	5:A1		
	Peer AP2		or enter a MAC		
Peer AP3		Select an SSIE) or enter a MAC		
Peer AP4		Select an SSIE) or enter a MAC		
Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength
	Tenda_1	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	None	lin.

₽TIP

- If you cannot find any SSID from the list, choose **Wireless** > **Basic** and enable the wireless function. Then try again.
- If you cannot find the SSID of CPE1 from the list, adjust the direction of the CPE2, and move it closer to the CPE1.
- The repeater mode only supports **None** and **WEP** security modes.
- 5. Click **Next** on the following page.

Quick Setup>>Repeater	·				
	?				
Ensure that the device uses the same channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of peer AP.					
Enter the key of peer AP1, and clic	k "Next".				
Peer AP1	Tenda_1				
MAC Address of Peer AP1	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1				
Channel	165(5825MHz) •				
Security Mode	None •				
	Previous				

6. Set the IP address to an unused IP address belonging to the same network segment as that of CPE1. For example, if the IP address of CPE1 is **192.168.2.1**, you can set the IP address of the device to **192.168.2**.*X* (*X* ranges from 2 to 254). Then click **Next**.

Quick Setup>>Repeater				
Set the IP address to an unused IP	address belonging to the n	etwork segment of peer AP.		
IP Address	192.168.2.100			
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0			
			Previous Next	

7. Click **Save**, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.

Quick Setup>>Repeater		
		?
The device is set to P2MP, click "Save" to apply the settings.		
	Previous Save	

- **Step 2** Perform<u>Step 1</u> to set the CPE3, CPE4 and CPE5 to Repeater mode, and bridge to the CPE1.
- **Step 3** Set CPE1 to **P2MP** mode and bridge to CPE2, CPE3, CPE4 and CPE5.
 - **1.** Log in to the web UI of CPE1, and choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.
 - 2. Select P2MP mode, and click Next.
 - Select the SSID of CPE2, CPE3, CPE4 and CPE5, which are Tenda_2, Tenda_3, Tenda_4 and Tenda_5 in this example, and click Next.

Quick Set	up>>P2MP				
Click "Scan", and click "N	, and select the wireles ext".	s network you w	ant to connect,		?
	Scan	Scan aga	in		
	Peer AP1	C8:3A:35:01:80	C:C9		
	Peer AP2	C8:3A:35:35:B/	4:01		
	Peer AP3 C8:3A:35:FD:8D:A1		D:A1		
	Peer AP4	C8:3A:35:09:93	3:51		
Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength
s.	Tenda_2	165	C8:3A:35:01:8C:C9	None	.atl
	Tenda_3	165	C8:3A:35:35:BA:01	None	lie.
	Tenda_4	165	C8:3A:35:FD:8D:A1	None	
I	Tenda_5	165	C8:3A:35:09:93:51	None	lin.

4. Click **Next** on the following page.

Quick Setup>>P2MP	
	?
Ensure that the device uses the sa	me channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of peer AP.
Enter the key of peer AP1, and cli	ck "Next".
Peer AP1	Tenda_2
MAC Address of Peer AP1	C8:3A:35:01:8C:C9
Channel	165(5825MHz) •
Security Mode	None •
	Previous

Parameters description

Name	Description
Peer AP1	It specifies the wireless network name (SSID) of the peer AP.
MAC Address of Peer AP1	It specifies the MAC address of the wireless network to be bridged.
Channel	It specifies the operating channel of the WiFi network to be bridged. It will be automatically populated when you select an SSID to bridge.
	It specifies the security mode of the WiFi network to be bridged. It will be automatically populated when you select an SSID to bridge.
Security Mode	₽ _{TIP}
	The P2MP mode only supports WEP and None security modes.

5. Click **Next** on the following page.

Quick Setup>>P2MP				?
Set the IP address to an unused IP	address belonging to the net	twork segment of peer AP.		
IP Address	192.168.2.1			
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0			
			Previous	Next

6. Click Save, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.

Quick Setup>>P2MP	
The device is set to P2MP, click "Save" to apply the settings.	
	Previous Save

----End

To check whether the bridging is successful:

Method 1: When the LED1, LED2, and LED3 indicators of the CPEs are solid on, the bridging succeeds.

Method 2:

- **Step 1** Log in to the web UI of CPE1.
- Step 2 Choose Advanced > Diagnose, select Ping from the Diagnose drop-down list menu, enter the IP addresses of the CPE2, CPE3, CPE4 and CPE5 respectively and click Start.

Diagnose		
Diagnose	Ping •]
IP Address	Manual 🔻]
IP Address/Domain Name]
Ping Packet	4	(Range: 1 to 10000)
Packet Size	32	Byte (Range: 1 to 60000)
	Start	

The bridging is successful when the ping succeeds.

4.6.3 Example of combining wired networks (repeater mode + P2MP mode)

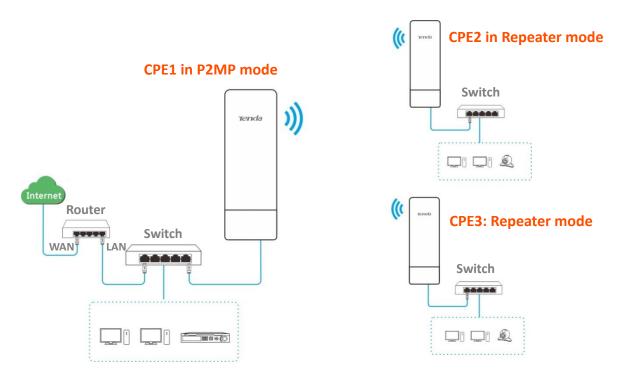
Networking requirement

You have three offices in an estate which are not far away from each other, and only one office has internet service. Now you want to combine the networks in three offices into one, and provide wireless networks to wireless devices in the offices without internet service.

Solution

Set CPE1 to P2MP mode, and set CPE2 and CPE3 to Repeater mode.

Network topology



Configuration procedures

Assume that the wireless parameters of CPE1 are shown as follows:

- IP Address: 192.168.2.1
- **SSID**: Tenda_123456
- Channel: 165
- Security mode: None
- **Step 1** Configure the wireless settings of CPE2.
 - **1.** Log in to the web UI of CPE2, and choose **Wireless > Basic** to enter the configuration page.
 - 2. Change the SSID, which is **Tenda_1** in this example.

- **3.** Set the **Channel** to the same as that of CPE1, which is **165** in this example.
- 4. Set the Security Mode to the same as that of CPE1, which is None in this example.
- 5. Click Save to apply the settings.

Basic		
Enable Wireless		
Country/Region	China •	
* SSID	Tenda_1	
Broadcast SSID	Trable Obsable	
Network Mode	11a/n •	
* Channel	165(5825MHz) •	
Channel Shift	Enable Sisable	
Transmit Power	ldBm 23dBm	
Channel Bandwidth	20MHz *	
Transmit Rate	Auto 👻	
★ Security Mode	None 🔻	

- **Step 2** Set CPE2 to the **Repeater** mode.
 - 1. Choose Quick Setup, and select Repeater.

Quick Setup

Select a working mode:
◎ AP In this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
O Client In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
O Universal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
◎ WISP In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the wireless network.
Repeater In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless access point.
P2MP In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide wireless access point.
Router connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point
Next

v2.0

₽TIP

Next on the bottom of the page.

- If you cannot find any SSID from the list, choose **Wireless** > **Basic** and enable the wireless function. Then try again.
- If you cannot find the SSID of CPE1 from the list, adjust the direction of CPE2, and move it closer to the CPE1.

Quick Setu	p>>Repeater				
	and select the wireles	s network you wa	ant to connect,		
and click "Ne	xt". Scan	Scan aga	in		
	Peer AP1	C8:3A:35:15:86	i:A1		
	Peer AP2 Select an SSID or enter a		or enter a MAC		
	Peer AP3 Select an SSID or enter a MAC) or enter a MAC		
	Peer AP4	Select an SSID) or enter a MAC		
Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength
I	Tenda_123456	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	None	1000

3. Click **Next** directly on the following page.

Quick Setup>>Repeater	
	?
Ensure that the device uses the sa	me channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of peer AP.
Enter the key of peer AP1, and clic	ck "Next".
Peer AP1	Tenda_123456
MAC Address of Peer AP1	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1
Channel	165(5825MHz) v
Security Mode	None
	Previous

4. Set the IP address to an unused IP address belonging to the same network segment as that of CPE1. For example, if the IP address of the CPE1 is 192.168.2.1, you can set this device's IP address to 192.168.2.X (X ranges from 2 to 254). Then click Next.

Quick Setup>>Repeater					?
Set the IP address to an unused IP	address belonging to the ne	twork segment of peer AP.			
IP Address	192.168.2.100				
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0				
			Previous	Next	

5. Click **Save**, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.

Quick Setup>>Repeater			
			?
The device is set to Repeater, click "Save" to apply the settings.			
	Previous	Save	

- Step 3 Perform <u>Step 1</u> and <u>Step 2</u> above to change the wireless settings of CPE3, whose SSID is
 Tenda_2 in this example, set it to Repeater mode, and bridge to CPE1.
- **Step 4** Set CPE1 to **P2MP** mode and bridge to CPE2 and CPE3.
 - **1.** Log in to the web UI of CPE1, and choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.
 - 2. Select P2MP mode, and click Next.

Quick Setup
?
Select a working mode:
○ AP In this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
O Client In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
Universal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
WISP In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the wireless network.
Repeater In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless access point.
• P2MP In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide wireless access point.
Router connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point
Next

3. Select SSIDs of CPE2 and CPE3, and click **Next** at the bottom of the following page.

	Quick Set	tup>>P2MP						
	? Click "Scan", and select the wireless network you want to connect, and click "Next".							
		Scan	Scan aga					
Peer AP1			C8:3A:35:15:86	:A1				
Peer AP2		C8:3A:35:01:8C:C9						
		Peer AP3	Select an SSID or enter a MAC					
Peer AP4		Select an SSID	Select an SSID or enter a MAC					
	Select	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security Mode	Signal Strength		
		Tenda_1	165	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1	None	line.		
		Tenda_2	165	C8:3A:35:01:8C:C9	None	lle.		

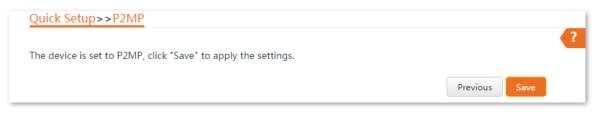
4. Click **Next** on the following page.

Quick Setup>>P2MP	·					
	?					
Ensure that the device uses the sa	Ensure that the device uses the same channel, encryption, and encryption algorithm as those of peer AP.					
Enter the key of peer AP1, and click "Next".						
Peer AP1	Tenda_1					
MAC Address of Peer AP1	C8:3A:35:15:86:A1					
Channel	165(5825MHz)					
Security Mode	None •					
	Previous					
	Previous					

5. Click Next.

Quick Setup>>P2MP				
Set the IP address to an unused IP	address belonging to the	e network segment of peer AP.		
IP Address	192.168.2.1			
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0			
				_
			Previous	Next

6. Click **Save**, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.



----End

Verification

Wired or wireless devices connected to CPE2 and CPE3 can access the internet.

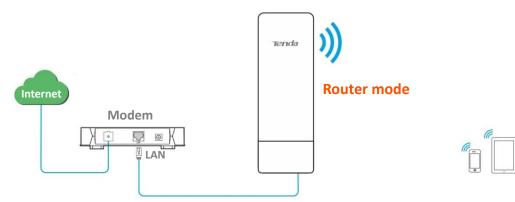
4.7 Router mode

4.7.1 Overview

In Router mode, the CPE serves as a router to provide a wireless network.

Application scenario

The CPE is used to provide a wireless network and assign IP addresses to your wireless devices. The network topology is shown as below.



4.7.2 Quick setup

₽TIP

If there is only one Ethernet port on the CPE, you can connect a wireless device (such as a laptop) to the wireless network of the CPE and log in to the web UI of the CPE to perform following configurations.

- **Step 1** Log in to the web UI of the CPE, and choose **Quick Setup** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Select **Router** mode, and click **Next**.

C - I +	
Select a V	working mode:
● AP In	this mode, the device creates a wireless network based on the current wired network.
Client	In this mode, the device works as a wireless adapter to connect to the wireless network of upstream AP.
Univer	rsal Repeater In this mode, this device extends an existing wireless network for broader network coverage.
• WISP wireless n	In this mode, this device connects to an access point provided by ISP in wireless manner, and provides the network.
Repea access po	ter In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, and provides wireless int.
	In this mode, the device connects to multiple wired networks through wireless bridge, but does not provide ccess point.
Route	r connect to modem in wired manner, and provide network access point

Step 3Select your internet connection type of your ISP hotspot, and set the related parameters.Take PPPoE as an example here.

- 1. Select PPPoE.
- 2. Enter the PPPoE User Name and Password provided by your ISP.
- 3. Click Next.

Quick Setup>>Router				2
Please select an internet connecti and click "Next".	on type, and enter the int	ternet parameters provi	ded by your ISP.	
Internet Connection Type	OHCP (Dynamic IP)	Static IP Address	PPPoE	
PPPoE User Name				
PPPoE Password				
			Previous	s Next

Parameters description

Name	Description
	The device in Router mode supports three internet connection types:
Internet Connection	 DHCP (Dynamic IP): The device obtains the IP address and other parameters from the DHCP server of upstream device for internet access.
Туре	 Static IP Address: The device accesses the internet using the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and DNS server IP addresses provided by your ISP.
	 PPPoE: The device accesses the internet using the PPPoE user name and password provided by the ISP.

Step 4 Set wireless parameters of the CPE, and click **Next**.

- 1. Customize an SSID, which is **Tenda_123456** in this example.
- 2. Select a channel, which is **161** in this example.
- 3. Select a security mode, which is **WPA2-PSK** in this example.
- **4.** Select an encryption algorithm, which is **AES** in this example.
- 5. Set a Key (WiFi password) for the wireless network.

Quick Setup>>Router		
		?
You can set up your wireless netwo	rk name and wireless password here.	
Note down your wireless password		
SSID	Tenda_123456	
Channel	161(5805MHz) •	
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK T	
Encryption Algorithm	● AES	
Кеу		
	Previous Next	

Parameters description

Name	Description	
SSID	It specifies the wireless network name of the device.	
Channel	It specifies the channel that the WiFi network operates.	
Security Mode	It specifies the security mode of the WiFi network of the device. It includes <u>None</u> , <u>WPA-PSK</u> , <u>WPA2-PSK</u> , and <u>Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK</u> .	
	It specifies the encryption method of the wireless network.	
	• AES: It indicates the Advanced Encryption Standard.	
Encryption Algorithm	• TKIP : It indicates the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol. If TKIP is used, the maximum wireless throughput of the device is limited to 54 Mbps.	
	• TKIP&AES : It indicates that both TKIP and AES encryption algorithms are supported. Wireless clients can connect to the wireless network corresponding to the selected SSID using TKIP or AES.	

Step 5 Click **Save**, and wait until the device reboots to activate the settings.

Quick Setup>>Router	
	2
The device is set to Router, click "Save" to apply the settings.	
	Previous Save

----End

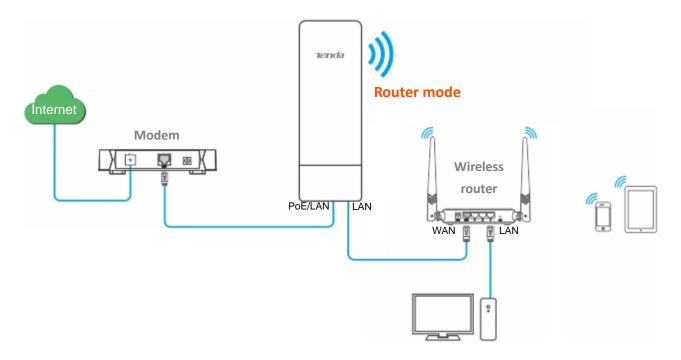
After the CPE reboots, log in to the Web UI of the CPE again and choose **Status** to enter the page. If the WAN IP address, default gateway and DNS server information obtained by the WAN port are displayed on the **System Status** section, the configuration succeeds.

After successful configuration, devices connected to the CPE can access to the internet in a wired or wireless manner.

VTIP

- If there is only 1 LAN port on the CPE, you can connect your wireless devices to the wireless network of the CPE to access the internet.
- The name and password of the wireless network are **SSID** and **Key** set in <u>Step 4</u> above.

If the CPE has more than one LAN port, you can connect a wireless router to the CPE for omnidirectional wireless network coverage. The network topology is shown as below.



To access the internet, you need to configure the router as follows.

₽TIP

For detailed configuration of the router, please refer to the corresponding user guide.

- Step 6 Log in to the web UI of the router.
- **Step 7** Select **Dynamic IP** as the **Connection Type**, and save the settings.

----End

To access the internet with:

Wireless devices: Connect the wireless devices, such as a smart phone, to the WiFi network of the wireless router which is connected to the CPE.

Wired devices: Connect the wired devices, such as a computer, to the LAN ports of the wireless router which is connected to the CPE. Ensure that the IP address of the computer is automatically obtained.

5 Status

This module allows you to view the information of system and wireless network, including three parts: <u>system status</u>, <u>wireless status</u>, and <u>statistics</u>.

To access the page, choose **Status**.

5.1 System status

You can view the system status here. O8V1.0 is used for illustration.

If the CPE is set to **AP** mode, **Client** mode, **Universal Repeater** mode, **Repeater** mode or **P2MP** mode, the system status is shown as follows. If the CPE has multiple Ethernet ports, this page displays the current connection rate of each LAN port.

System Status			
Device Name	O8V1.0	LAN Speed	100 Mbps Full-d
Uptime	2 d17 m33 s	LAN IP Address	192.168.2.1
System Time	2021-11-11 10:23:35	Transparent Bridge	Disabled
Firmware Version	V1.0.0.10(7975)	Hardware Version	V1.0
CPU	4%	RAM	54%
LAN MAC Address	C8:3A:35:F8:CD:00	WLAN MAC Address	C8:3A:35:F8:CD:01

If the CPE is set to **WISP** or **Router** mode, the system status is shown as follows:

₽TIP

When the CPE works in Router mode, the PoE port is changed to WAN port from LAN port.

Status			Current Mode: WISP
System Status			•
Device Name	O8V1.0	LAN Speed	100 Mbps Full-d
Uptime	2 m41 s	LAN IP Address	192.168.2.1
System Time	2021-11-11 10:47:03	Connection Type	DHCP (Dynamic IP)
Firmware Version	V1.0.0.10(7975)	Connection Status	Connected
Hardware Version	V1.0	WAN IP Address	192.168.0.177
CPU	9%	Default Gateway	192.168.0.1
RAM	53%	Primary DNS Server	192.168.0.1
LAN MAC Address	C8:3A:35:F8:CD:00	Secondary DNS Server	
WLAN MAC Address	C8:3A:35:F8:CD:01		

Name	Description
	It specifies the name of this device. Different device names help you identify CPEs on LAN easily.
Device Name	You can change the name of this CPE on the Network > LAN Setup page when the device works in AP, Client, Universal Repeater, Repeater, and P2MP modes. When the device works in WISP or Router mode, it displays the model of the device, and cannot be changed.
Uptime	It specifies the time that has elapsed since the device was started last time.
System Time	It specifies the current system time of this device.
Firmware Version	It specifies the system firmware version number of this device.
Hardware Version	It specifies the hardware version number of this device.
CPU	Central Processing Unit. It specifies the CPU usage of this device.
RAM	Random Access Memory. It specifies the memory usage of this device.
LAN MAC Address	It specifies the MAC address of LAN port of this device.
WLAN MAC Address	It specifies the MAC address of the wireless network of this device.
Transparent Bridge	It displays the status of transparent bridge.

Name	Description
LAN Speed	It specifies the PoE/LAN or LAN port speed and duplex mode of this device.
I AN IP Address	It specifies the IP address of this device, which is also the management IP address of this device.
	By default, it is 192.168.2.1. A LAN user can access the web UI of this device using this IP address. You can modify this IP address on Network > LAN Setup .
	It specifies the internet connection type of this device in WISP or Router mode.
Connection Tune	 DHCP (Dynamic IP): The CPE obtains IP address from the upstream DHCP server for internet access.
Connection Type	 Static IP Address: The CPE uses a fixed IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, and DNS server info for internet access.
	 PPPoE: The CPE uses a user name and password for internet access.
Connection Status	It specifies the connection status of WAN port of this device in WISP or Router mode.
WAN IP Address	It specifies the IP address of WAN port of this device in WISP or Router mode.
Default Gateway	It specifies the default gateway address of this device in WISP or Router mode.
Primary DNS Server	It specifies the IP address of primary DNS server of this device in WISP or Router mode.
Secondary DNS Server	It specifies the IP address of secondary DNS server of this device in WISP or Router mode.

5.2 Wireless status

You can view wireless status here, including working mode, SSID, security mode, and so on. O6 is used for illustration here.

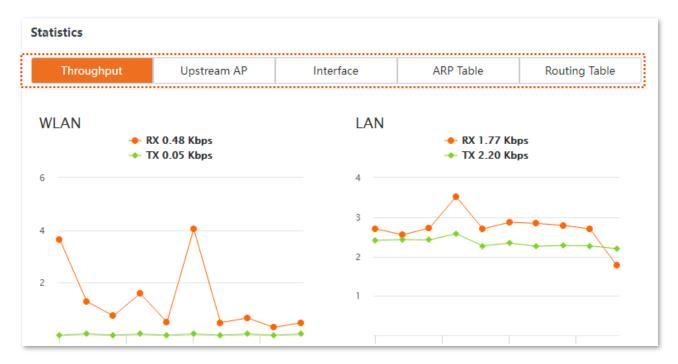
Wireless Status			
Working Mode	WISP	AP's MAC Address	50:2B:73:F8:F9:8A
SSID	Tenda_F8CD00	Signal Strength	-57dBm
Security Mode	None	Background Noise	-103dBm
Channel/Radio Band	161/5805MHz	TX/RX Link	1X1
Channel Bandwidth	80MHz	Transmit/Receive Speed	72Mbps/292Mbps
TX Power	25dBm	TD-MAX	Disabled
Wireless Client	0	Distance	N/Akm

Name	Description
Working Mode	It specifies the working mode in which the device operates.
SSID	It specifies the wireless network name of this device.
Security Mode	It specifies the security mode of the wireless network of this device.
Channel/Radio Band	It specifies the channel and radio band used by this device to transmit radio signals.
Channel Bandwidth	It specifies the channel bandwidth of this device.
TX Power	It specifies the transmitted power of this device.
Wireless Client	It specifies the number of wireless clients connected to this device.
	It displays the MAC address of the upstream device.
AP's MAC Address	 In AP, Router, Repeater, or P2MP mode, it displays the WLAN MAC address of this CPE.
	 In Client, Universal Repeater or WISP mode, when the bridging succeeds, it displays the WLAN MAC address of the upstream AP. When the bridging fails, it displays N/A.
Signal Strength	It displays the wireless signal strength of the peer device.
	 In AP or Router mode, it displays the signal strength of the first device connected

Name	Description
	to the wireless network of this device.
	 In Client, Universal Repeater, WISP, Repeater or P2MP mode, it displays the received signal strength of the peer AP.
Background Noise	It specifies the strength of radio interference signals in the ambient environment that interferes with the wireless signal of this device in the same channel. Larger absolute value indicates less interference. For example, -95 dBm indicates less interference than that of -75 dBm.
TX/RX Link	It specifies the number of spatial streams of wireless data the device is transmitting or receiving. The more links indicates the more traffic.
	It specifies the wireless transmitting/receiving rate.
Transmit/Receive Speed	• In AP or Router mode: it displays the transmitting/receiving rate of the first device connected to the wireless network of this device.
	 In Client, Universal Repeater, WISP, Repeater, or P2MP mode: it displays transmitting/receiving rate of this device.
TD-MAX	It specifies the status of the TD-MAX function. For details, please refer to TD-MAX.
	It specifies the distance between the two CPEs after the bridging succeeds.
Distance	If there are more than two CPEs, it specifies the bridging distance between this CPE and the farthest CPE.

5.3 Statistics

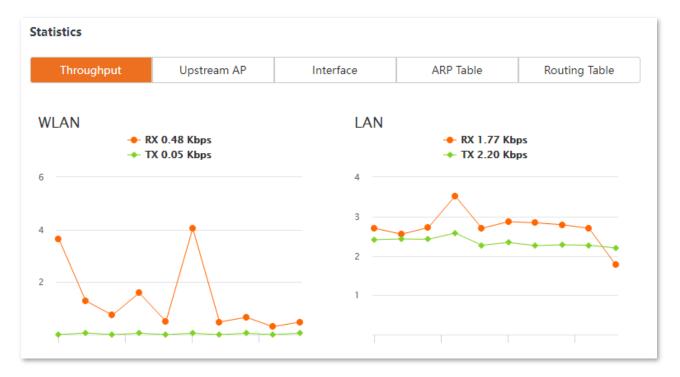
You can learn statistics information about <u>throughput</u>, <u>wireless client</u>, <u>interface</u>, <u>ARP table</u> and <u>routing table</u> here.



5.3.1 Throughput

The line charts visually show the real-time transmitting and receiving traffic of WLAN and LAN port of the CPE.

To access the page, choose Status, then click Throughput in Statistics part.



5.3.2 Wireless client

This module differs depending on the working mode of the CPE.

In AP, Router, P2MP or Repeater mode, it displays information of connected wireless clients.

To access the page, choose **Status**, then click **Wireless Client** in **Statistics** part.

Statistics						
Throughput	Wireless Client	Interface		ARP Ta	ble	Routing Table
IP Address	MAC Address	Signal/Noise	Transm	nit/Receive	CCQ	Connection Duration
192.168.1.15	00.00.00.00.07.40	-37/-104dBm	120/	351Mbps	100%	7 s

Parameters description

Name	Description
IP Address	It specifies the IP address of the corresponding wireless client.
MAC Address	It specifies the MAC address of the corresponding wireless client.
Signal/Noise	It specifies the WiFi signal strength and electromagnet interference signal strength of the corresponding wireless client.
Transmit/Receive	It specifies the transmitting and receiving rate of the corresponding client.
CCQ	It specifies the connection quality of the corresponding client. A higher percentage indicates better connection quality.
Connection Duration	It specifies the time that has elapsed since the wireless client is connected to the wireless network of the device.

5.3.3 Upstream AP

In Client, Universal Repeater or WISP mode, it displays information of the upstream AP.

To access the page, choose **Status**, then click **Upstream AP** in **Statistics** part.

tatistics								
Throughpu	ıt	Upstream AF		Interfa	ce	ARP T	able	Routing Table
IP Address	MA	AC Address	Sig	nal/Noise	Transm	it/Receive	CCQ	Connection Duration
N/A	50:2	B:73:F8:F9:8A	-56	5/-103dBm	292/3	25Mbps	97%	19 m13 s

Name	Description
IP Address	It specifies the IP address of the upstream device.
MAC Address	It specifies the MAC address of the upstream device.
Signal/Noise	 Signal: It specifies the WiFi signal strength of the corresponding upstream AP. Noise: It specifies the ambient interference signal and electromagnetic interference strength.
Transmit/Receive	It specifies the transmitting and receiving rate of the upstream device.
ССО	It specifies the connection quality of the upstream device. A higher percentage indicates better connection quality.
Connection Duration	It specifies the time that has elapsed since this device bridges to the upstream device.

5.3.4 Interface

It displays the IP address, MAC address and traffic information of the interfaces of the CPE.

To access the page, choose **Status**, then click **Interface** in **Statistics** part.

Throu	ghput	Upstream AP	Interface	ARP T	able Ro	uting Table
Interface	IP Address	MAC Address	Received Packets	Receive Error	Transmitted Packets	Transmit Error
LAN	192.168.2.1	C8:3A:35:F8:CD:00	3251	0	1536	0
Bridge	192.168.2.1	C8:3A:35:F8:CD:00	3251	0	1536	0
WLAN	192.168.0.177	C8:3A:35:F8:CD:01	4	0	145	0

Name	Description
Interface	It displays the wired interface, bridge interface, and WLAN interface of the CPE.
IP Address	It displays the IP addresses of wired interface, bridge interface, and WLAN interface.
MAC Address	It displays the MAC addresses of wired interface, bridge interface, and WLAN interface.

Name	Description		
Received Packets	It displays the number of received/transmitted packets of the interface.		
Transmitted Packets			
Receive Error	It displays the number of received/transmitted error packets of the interface.		
Transmit Error	- It displays the number of received/transmitted error packets of the interface.		

v2.0

5.3.5 ARP table

ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) is a network layer protocol used to convert the IP address of the destination device into a physical address. The ARP table displays the IP address and its corresponding MAC address the device visits.

To access the page, choose **Status**, then click **ARP Table** in **Statistics** part.

Throughput	Upstream AP	Interface	ARP Table	Routing Table
IP Address		MAC Addre	Interface	
192.168.2.50		44:37:E6:4F:3	7:3B	Bridge
192.168.0.1		50:2B:73:F8:F	0.00	WLAN

Parameters description

Name	Description
IP Address	It specifies the IP address of the host in the APR table.
MAC Address	It specifies the MAC address corresponding to the IP address.
Interface	It specifies the interface used to communicate with the host, including LAN, WLAN and bridge interfaces.

80

5.3.6 Routing table

It specifies the destination networks that the CPE can access.

To access the page, choose Status, then click Routing Table in Statistics part.

Throughput	Upstream AP	Interface	ARP Table	Routing Table
Destination	Network	Subnet Mask	Next Hop	Interface
0.0.0.0		0.0.0.0	192.168.0.1	WLAN
192.168.0.0		255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	WLAN
192.168.2.0		255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	Bridge
239.255.255.250		255.255.255.255	0.0.0.0	Bridge

Name	Description
Destination Network	It specifies the IP address of the destination network.
Subnet Mask	It specifies the subnet mask of the destination network.
Next Hop	It specifies the IP address of entrance of the next hop route when the packets egress from the interface of the device.
Interface	It specifies the interface that the packets egress.

6 Network

6.1 LAN setup

6.1.1 Overview

On the **LAN Setup** page, you can view the MAC address of the LAN port, configure the device name, and type of obtaining an IP address and related parameters.

To access the page, choose **Network > LAN Setup**.

In AP, Client, Universal Repeater, Repeater, and P2MP modes, the page is displayed as below.

LAN Setup	
MAC Address	C8:3A:35:15:87:50
IP Address Type	Static IP Address 🔹
IP Address	192.168.2.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0
Primary DNS Server	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS Server	0.0.0.0
Device Name	O4V1.0
	Save

Name	Description
MAC Address	It specifies the MAC address of LAN port.
	It specifies the type of obtaining an IP address. The default is Static IP Address.
IP Address Type	 Static IP Address: Specify the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, and DNS server IP addresses manually.
	 DHCP (Dynamic IP Address): The device obtains an IP address, subnet mask, default gateway and DNS server IP address from the DHCP server in the network.

Name	Description
	Q _{TIP}
	If the IP Address Type is set to DHCP (Dynamic IP Address) , you need to check the device's IP address on the clients list of the DHCP server in the network, and use this IP address to log in to the web UI of the device.
	It specifies the IP address of the device. A LAN user can visit this address to enter the web UI of the device. The default is 192.168.2.1.
IP Address	To access the internet, change this IP address to the same network segment of the LAN IP address of the egress router.
Subnet Mask	It specifies the subnet mask of the device. The default is 255.255.255.0 .
Default Gateway	It specifies the default gateway of the device.
	You can set it to the LAN IP address of the egress router to enable the device to access the internet.
	It specifies the primary DNS server IP address of the device.
Primary DNS Server	If the egress router has the DNS agency function, it can be set to the LAN IP address of the egress router. Otherwise, specify a DNS server IP address manually.
	If there is only one DNS server IP address, enter it in this box.
Secondary DNS Server	It specifies the secondary DNS server IP address of the device.
	If there are two DNS server IP addresses, enter one in this box.
	It specifies the name of the device. The default name indicates the product model and version.
Device Name	You are recommended to change the name to indicate the location of the device, so that you can easily identify the device when there are multiple devices in the network.

When the CPE is in **WISP** and **Router** modes, the page is displayed as below.

LAN Setup	
	?
MAC Address	C8:3A:35:15:87:50
IP Address Type	Static IP Address
IP Address	192.168.2.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	Save

Parameters description

Name	Description
MAC Address	It specifies the MAC address of LAN port.
	It specifies the type of obtaining an IP address. The default is Static IP Address.
IP Address Type	 Static IP Address: Specify the IP address and subnet mask manually.
	 DHCP (Dynamic IP Address): The device obtains an IP address and subnet mask from the upstream DHCP server in the network.
	₽ _{TIP}
	If the IP Address Type is set to DHCP (Dynamic IP Address), you need to check the device's IP address on the clients list of the DHCP server of the upstream device, and use this IP address to log in to the web UI of the device.
ID Addross	It specifies the LAN IP address of the device. A LAN user can visit this address to enter
IP Address	the web UI of the device. The default is 192.168.2.1.
Subnet Mask	It specifies the subnet mask corresponding to the LAN IP address of the device. The default is 255.255.255.0 .

6.1.2 Set the LAN IP address manually

If you need to deploy only a few CEPs, you can manually set the IP address, subnet mask, gateway IP address, and DNS server IP addresses of the CPEs.

Configuration procedures

- **Step 1** Choose **Network** > **LAN Setup** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Set **IP Address Type** to **Static IP Address**.
- **Step 3** Set **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**. If you want to connect the CPE to the internet, you need to configure **Default Gateway**, **DNS Server**.
- Step 4 Click Save.

LAN Setup		a
MAC Address	C8:3A:35:15:87:50	
★ IP Address Type	Static IP Address •	
★ IP Address	192.168.2.100	
\star Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0	
Primary DNS Server	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS Server	0.0.0.0	
Device Name	O4V1.0	
	Save	

Step 5 Click **OK** on the pop-up window.

Please click OK to	o confirm to chang	e IP address.	
	0		000 102 168 2 100
Arter IP address (changed, please lo	gin with new IP addr	255 192.100.2.100.



Log in to the web UI after changing the LAN IP address

After changing the LAN IP address of the CPE, if the new and original IP addresses belong to the same network segment, you can log in to the web UI of the device by accessing the new IP address.

Otherwise, assign your computer an IP address that belongs to the same network segment as the new IP address of the CPE before login with the new IP address. Refer to <u>How to assign a fixed IP</u> address to your computer in Appendix for details.

6.1.3 Set the device to obtain a LAN IP address automatically

DHCP (Dynamic IP Address) enables the device to automatically obtain an IP address, a subnet mask, a gateway IP address, DNS server IP addresses assigned by the DHCP server of the upstream device. If a large number of devices are deployed, you can adopt this mode to prevent IP address

conflicts and effectively reduce your workload.

Configuration procedures:

- **Step 1** Choose **Network** > **LAN Setup** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Set **IP Address Type** to **DHCP (Dynamic IP Address)**.

Step 3 Click Save.

LAN Setup	2
MAC Address	C8:3A:35:15:87:50
* IP Address Type	DHCP (Dynamic IP Add V
IP Address	192.168.2.1
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	0.0.0.0
Primary DNS Server	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS Server	0.0.0.0
Device Name	O4V1.0
	Save

----End

After completing the configuration, if you want to re-log in to the web UI of the CPE, check the new IP address on the web UI of the upstream device which assigns the IP address to this device. Ensure that the IP address of the management computer and the IP address of the CPE belong to the same network segment, and access the IP address of the CPE.

Refer to steps in the <u>How to assign a fixed IP address to your computer</u> part to assign an IP address to the computer manually.

6.2 MAC clone

This function is available only when the CPE works in **WISP** or **Router** mode.

6.2.1 Overview

If the CPE cannot access the internet after you configuring the internet settings, your ISP may have bound your internet service account with the MAC address of your computer that was used to verify the internet connectivity after you subscribed to the internet service. Therefore, only this computer can access the internet with the account.

In this case, you need to clone the MAC address of this computer to the WAN port of the CPE for internet access.

6.2.2 Clone a MAC address

Select one of the following methods to clone the MAC address according to your networking scenario.

Use the computer with the MAC address bound to your internet service for setup

- **Step 1** Connect the computer to the CPE.
- Step 2 Start a web browser on the computer and log in to the web UI of the CPE. Choose Network > MAC Clone to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 3** Click **Clone Local MAC Address**.
- Step 4 Click Save.

MAC Clone				
	MAC Address	C8:9C:DC:6	0:54:69	
	Clone Local I	MAC Address	Restore to Default MAC Addres	is

----End

Use a device without the MAC address bound to your internet service for setup

If you do NOT use the computer that can access the internet after it connects to the modem directly to configure the CPE, but you know the MAC address of this computer, perform the following steps:

- Step 1 Start a web browser on the computer and log in to the web UI of the CPE. Choose Network > MAC Clone to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Enter the MAC address of the computer in the **MAC Address** box.
- Step 3 Click Save.

ess C8:9C:DC:6	60:54:69	
ocal MAC Address	Restore to Defau	It MAC Address
	.ocal MAC Address	.ocal MAC Address Restore to Defau

----End

₽

If you want to restore the MAC address to factory settings, choose **Network > MAC Clone**, click **Restore to Default MAC Address**, and click **Save**.

6.3 DHCP server

6.3.1 Overview

The CPE provides the DHCP server function to automatically assign IP addresses to clients in LAN. By default, the DHCP server function is enabled.

₽TIP

If you change the LAN IP address of the CPE and the new and original IP addresses belong to different network segments, the system automatically changes the IP address pool of the DHCP server to make the IP address pool and the new IP address of the LAN port belong to the same network segment.

6.3.2 Configure the DHCP server

- **Step 1** Choose **Network > DHCP Server** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Enable the **DHCP server**.
- **Step 3** Set the parameters. Generally, you need to set only **Gateway Address** and **Primary DNS Server**.
- Step 4 Click Save.

DHCP Server	
	?
* DHCP Server	
Start IP Address	192.168.2.100
End IP Address	192.168.2.200
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
★ Gateway Address	192.168.2.254
* Primary DNS Server	8.8.8.8
Secondary DNS Server	8.8.4.4
Lease Time	1 day 🔻
	Save

----End



If another DHCP server is available on your LAN, ensure that the IP address pool of the CPE does not overlap with the IP address pool of that DHCP server. Otherwise, IP address conflicts may occur.

Name	Description
DHCP Server	It specifies whether to enable the DHCP server function of the CPE.
Start IP Address	It specifies the start IP address of the IP address pool of the DHCP server. The default value is 192.168.2.100 .
End IP Address	It specifies the end IP address of the IP address pool of the DHCP server. The default value is 192.168.2.200 . \bigcirc_{TIP} The start and end IP addresses must belong to the same network segment as the IP address of the LAN port of the CPE.
Subnet Mask	It specifies the subnet mask assigned by the DHCP server to clients. The default value is 255.255.255.0 .
Gateway Address	It specifies the IP address of default gateway assigned by the DHCP server to clients. Generally, it is the IP address of the LAN port of the router on the LAN. The default value is 192.168.2.254 . \bigcirc_{TIP} A client can access a server or host not in the local network segment only through a gateway.
Primary DNS Server	It specifies the primary DNS server IP address assigned by the DHCP server to clients. The default value is 8.8.8.8 . Q_{TIP} To enable clients to access the internet, set this parameter to a correct DNS server IP address or DNS proxy IP address.
Secondary DNS Server	It specifies the secondary DNS server IP address assigned by the DHCP server to clients. This parameter is optional.
Lease Time	It specifies the validity period of an IP address assigned by the DHCP server to a client. When half of the lease time has elapsed, the client sends a DHCP request to the DHCP server to renew the lease time. If the request succeeds, the lease time is extended according to the request. Otherwise, the client sends the request again when 7/8 of the lease time has elapsed. If the request succeeds, the lease time is extended according to the request. Otherwise, the client must request an IP address from the DHCP server after the lease time expires. It is recommended that you retain the default value.

6.4 DHCP client

With the DHCP server enabled, you can view details about the clients that obtain IP addresses from the DHCP server, including host names, IP addresses, MAC addresses, and lease time.

To access the page, choose **Network > DHCP Client**.

HCP C	ient			
ID	Host Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Lease Time
1	iPhone	192.168.2.133	1C:5C:F2:B4:40:08	23h 59m 44s
10 🔻	Datas/Page 1 data i	n total		

6.5 VLAN settings

6.5.1 Overview

The device supports the IEEE 802.1q VLAN function, so that it can be used in networks with QVLAN. By default, the function is disabled.

After the IEEE 802.1q VLAN settings take effect, packet with tag will be forwarded to the ports of the corresponding VLAN according to the VID of the packet, and packet without tag will be forwarded to the ports of the corresponding VLAN according to the PVID of the port.

The following form shows the details about how different link type ports address received packets:

Type of the Port	Type of Received Packets		Transmitted Packets	
Type of the Port	Packet with Tag	Packet without Tag		
Access	Forward the data to the ports of the corresponding	Forward the data to the ports of the corresponding	Strip the tag in the packet and then forward it	
Trunk	VLAN based on the VID in the tag.	VLAN based on the PVID of ports	Retain the tag in the packet and then forward it	

To access the page, choose **Network** > **VLAN Settings**.

VLAN Settings		
VLAN Settings		?
PVID	1	(Range: 1 to 4094)
Management VLAN	1	(Range: 1 to 4094)
WLAN VLAN ID	1000	(Range: 1 to 4094)
	Save	ncel

Name	Description
VLAN Settings	It is used to enable or disable the 802.1Q VLAN function of this CPE. By default, it is disabled. After the VLAN function is enabled, the PoE/LAN port is used as a trunk port.
PVID	It specifies the default native VLAN ID of the trunk port. The default is 1 . After the VLAN function is enabled, the PoE/LAN port is used as a trunk port.
Management VLAN	It specifies the ID of the management VLAN of this CPE. The default ID is 1 .
	After changing the management VLAN, you can manage this CPE only after connecting your computer to the new management VLAN.

Name	Description	
WI AN VI AN ID	It allows you to set a VLAN ID for the wireless network of this device. By default, it is set to 1000 .	
WLAN VLAN ID	After the VLAN function is enabled, the WLAN interface functions as an access port, whose PVID is the same as VLAN ID.	

6.5.2 Example of configuring VLAN

Networking requirement

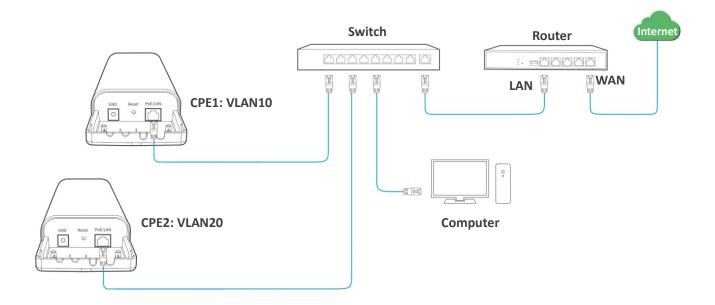
You use CPEs to set up CCTV surveillance networks. CPE1 and CPE2 are used to connect to IP cameras in different places and cannot communicate with each other.

You can assign CPE1 and CPE2 to different VLANs.

Assume that:

- CPE1 is assigned to VLAN10, and CPE2 is assigned to VLAN20.
- The router in the network supports IEEE 802.1q VLAN and enables two DHCP servers which belong to VLAN10 and VLAN20 respectively.

Network topology



The connections of the switch:

- The router is connected to the uplink port
- CPE1 is connected to port 1
- CPE2 is connected to port 2

Configuration procedures

- Step 1 Set up CPE1.
 - 1. Log in to the web UI of CPE1, and choose Network > VLAN Settings.
 - 2. Enable the function.
 - 3. Configure WLAN VLAN ID, which is 10 in this example.
 - 4. Click Save.

VLAN Settings		
* VLAN Settings		
PVID	1	(Range: 1 to 4094)
Management VLAN	1	(Range: 1 to 4094)
* WLAN VLAN ID	10	(Range: 1 to 4094)
	Save	cel

- 5. Click **OK** on the pop-up window, and wait until the CPE1 completes reboot.
- **Step 2** Set the **WLAN VLAN ID** of CPE2 to **20** according to the steps in <u>Step 1</u>.
- **Step 3** Set up the switch as shown in the following table.

Ports of the Switch	VLAN ID (Allow the packets belonging to the following VLANs to access)	Type of Port	PVID
Uplink port (Connected to a router)	1, 10, 20	Trunk	1
Port 1 (Connected to CPE1)	1, 10	Trunk	1
Port 2 (Connected to CPE2)	1, 20	Trunk	1

Keep the default settings of other ports which are not mentioned here. Refer to the user guide of the switch for details.

- **Step 4** Set up the router.
 - **1.** Enable two DHCP servers on the router, and assign them to VLAN10 and VLAN20 respectively.
 - 2. Configure the QVLAN on the router as shown in the following table.

Port of the router is connected to	VLAN ID (Allow the packets belonging to the following VLANs to access)	Type of Port	PVID
The switch	10, 20	Trunk	1

Refer to the user guide of the router for details.

----End

Verification

If the router enables two DHCP servers for VLAN10 and VLAN20 respectively, the IP camera connected to the CPE1 obtains an IP address and related parameters from the DHCP server belonging to VLAN10, and the IP camera connected to CPE2 obtains these parameters from the DHCP sever belonging to VLAN20.



7.1 Basic

7.1.1 Overview

This module enables you to set basic wireless settings of the CPE, including SSID-related parameters, network mode, channel, transmitted power and so on.

To access the page, choose **Wireless** > **Basic**.

In AP, WISP, Repeater, P2MP and Router modes

The page is displayed as below. O8V1.0 is used as an example for illustration here.

Basic	Current M	ode: AP
Enable Wireless		?
Country/Region	China 🗸	
SSID	Tenda_F8CD00	
Transparent WDS	⊖ Enable	
Broadcast SSID	● Enable 🛛 Disable	
Network Mode	11ac 🗸	
Channel Bandwidth	Auto 🗸	
Channel	161(5805MHz)	
Channel Shift	⊖ Enable	
DFS Function	○ Enable ● Disable	
Transmit Power	1dBm 25dBm	
Transmit Rate	Auto 🗸	
Security Mode	None 🗸	
Isolate Client	⊖ Enable	
Max. Number of Clients	48 (Range: 1 to 128)	
	Save	

Name	Description
Enable Wireless	It specifies whether to enable the wireless function. By default, it is enabled.
	It specifies the country or region where this CPE is located.
Country/Region	You can select the country or region to ensure that this CPE complies with the channel regulations of the country or region.
SSID	It specifies the wireless network name. You can modify it by yourself.
	It is available when the CPE works in AP mode or Client mode.
Transparent WDS	With this function enabled, the CPE can bridge to CPEs from other manufacturers. Devices connected to the CPE working in Client mode will be displayed on the ARP table of the CPE working in AP mode.
	Transparent WDS and Transparent Bridge cannot be enabled at the same time.
	It specifies whether to broadcast the SSID.
	When the device broadcasts an SSID, wireless clients can detect the SSID.
Broadcast SSID	When this function is set to Disable , the device does not broadcast the SSID and nearby wireless clients cannot detect the SSID. In this case, you need to enter the SSID manually on your wireless client if you want to connect to the wireless network corresponding to the SSID. This to some extent enhances the security of the wireless network.
Network Mode	It specifies the wireless network mode of the CPE. Only wireless clients supporting the listed network mode can connect to the CPE.
	It specifies the bandwidth of the operating channel of a wireless network.
Channel Bandwidth	The channel bandwidth varies with different network modes. Please select it based on your actual operating environment. Auto indicates that the CPE can switch its channel bandwidth based on the ambient environment.
	It specifies the channel in which the CPE operates.
Channel	Auto indicates that the CPE automatically changes to a channel rarely used in the ambient environment to prevent interference.
	It specifies the shift of the channel center frequency.
Channel Shift	With this function enabled, the channel center frequency shifts 5 MHz based on the frequency defined by the IEEE 802.11 standard, so that the CPE can exchange data on less interference channels.
	Dynamic Frequency Selection.
DFS Function	With this function enabled, the CPE automatically detects the frequency of the radar system. When the CPE detects radar signals in the same frequency with the CPE itself, the CPE will automatically switch to another frequency to avoid interference with the radar system.
Transmit Power	It specifies the transmit power of the CPE.

Name	Description
	Higher number indicates wider WiFi coverage. Setting a proper transmit power helps improve the performance and security of the wireless network.
	It specifies wireless transmission rate of the CPE. Auto is recommended.
Transmit Rate	The maximum negotiation rate varies with different channel bandwidths and network modes. Refer to the web UI of the CPE for details. When Auto is selected, the CPE will be adjusted to the maximum transmit rate under the corresponding network mode.
Security Mode	The CPE supports various security modes for network encryption, including <u>None</u> , <u>WEP</u> , <u>WPA-PSK</u> , <u>WPA2-PSK</u> , <u>Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK</u> , <u>WPA</u> , and <u>WPA2</u> .
Isolate Client	• Enable: Clients connected to this wireless network cannot communicate with each other, which improves the wireless network security.
	 Disable: Clients connected to this wireless network can communicate with each other. The default is Disable.
Max. Number of Clients	It specifies the maximum number of clients that can connect to the wireless network corresponding to an SSID.
	If the number is reached, the wireless network rejects new connection requests from clients. This limit helps balance load among devices.

Security mode

A wireless network uses radio, which is open to the public, as its data transmission medium. If a wireless network is not protected by necessary measures, any client can connect to the network to use the resources of the network or access unprotected data over the network.

To ensure communication security, transmission links of wireless networks must be encrypted for protection.

The CPE supports various security modes for network encryption, including None, WEP, WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK, WPA, and WPA2.

None

The CPE does not encrypt its wireless network. This option is not recommended because it affects network security.

WEP

It uses a static key to encrypt all exchanged data, and ensures that a wireless LAN has the same level of security as a wired LAN. Data encrypted based on WEP can be easily cracked. In addition, WEP supports a maximum wireless network throughput of only 54 Mbps. Therefore, this security mode is not recommended.

When the security mode is set to **WEP**, the page is shown as follows.

Security Mode	WEP	~
Authentication Type	Open	•
Default Key	Key 1	•
Key 1	12345	ASCII 🗸
Key 2	12345	ASCII 🗸
Key 3	12345	ASCII 🗸
Key 4	12345	ASCII 🗸

Parameters description

Name	Description
Authentication Type	It specifies the authentication type for the WEP security mode. The options include Open and Shared . The options share the same encryption process.
	• Open : It specifies that authentication is not required and data exchange is encrypted using WEP. In this case, a wireless client can connect to the wireless network corresponding to the selected SSID without being authenticated, and the data exchanged between the client and the network is encrypted in WEP security mode.
	• Shared: It specifies that a shared key is used for authentication and data exchanged is encrypted using WEP. In this case, a wireless client must use a preset WEP key to connect to the wireless network corresponding to the selected SSID. The wireless client can be connected to the wireless network only if they use the same WEP key.
Default Key	It specifies the WEP key for the Open or Shared encryption type.
	For example, if Default Key is set to Security Key 2, a wireless client can connect to the wireless network corresponding to the selected SSID only with the password specified by Security Key 2.
Key 1/2/3/4	Enter WEP key. You can enter four keys, but only the key specified in the Default Key takes effect.
ASCII	It indicates that a key selected for the Open or Shared authentication type contains ASCII characters.
	5 or 13 ASCII characters are allowed in the key.
Hex	It indicates that a key selected for the Open or Shared authentication type contains hexadecimal characters.
	10 or 26 hexadecimal characters (range: 0-9, a-f, and A-F) are allowed in the key.

• WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, and Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK

They belong to pre-shared key or personal key modes, where Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK supports both WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK.

WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, and Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK adopt a pre-shared key for authentication, while

the CPE generates another key for data encryption. This prevents the vulnerability caused by static WEP keys, and makes the three security modes suitable for ensuring security of home wireless networks.

Nevertheless, because the initial pre-shared key for authentication is manually set and all clients use the same key to connect to the same CPE, the key may be disclosed unexpectedly. This makes the security modes not suitable for scenarios where high security is required.

To address the key management weakness of WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK, the WiFi Alliance puts forward WPA and WPA2, which use 802.1x to authenticate clients and generate data encryption-oriented root keys. WPA and WPA2 use the root keys to replace the pre-shared keys that set manually, but adopt the same encryption process as WPA-PSK and WPA2-PSK.

When the security mode is set to WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, or Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK, the page is shown as follows.

Security Mode	WPA2-PSK •	
Encryption Algorithm	None WEP WPA-PSK	IP&AES
Кеу	WPA2-PSK Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK WPA	
Key Update Interval	WPA2	s (Range: 60 to 99999, 0 indicates that no key

Name	Description
Security Mode	It indicates the personal or pre-shared key security mode, including WPA-PSK, WPA2-PSK, and Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK.
	 WPA-PSK: It indicates that the wireless network corresponding to the selected SSID is encrypted using WPA-PSK.
	 WPA2-PSK: It indicates that the wireless network corresponding to the selected SSID is encrypted using WPA2-PSK.
	 Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK: It indicates that wireless clients can connect to the wireless network corresponding to the selected SSID using either WPA-PSK or WPA2-PSK.
	It specifies the encryption algorithm corresponding to the selected security mode. If Security Mode is set to WPA-PSK, this parameter has the AES and TKIP values. If Security Mode is set to WPA2-PSK or Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK, this parameter has the AES, TKIP, and TKIP&AES values.
	• AES: It indicates the Advanced Encryption Standard.
Encryption Algorithm	• TKIP : It indicates the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol. If TKIP is used, the maximum wireless throughput of the AP is limited to 54 Mbps.
	 TKIP&AES: It indicates that both TKIP and AES encryption algorithms are supported. Wireless clients can connect to the wireless network corresponding to the selected SSID using TKIP or AES.

Name	Description
Кеу	It specifies a pre-shared WPA key. A WPA key can contain 8 to 63 ASCII characters or 8 to 64 hexadecimal characters.
Key Update Interval	It specifies the automatic update interval of a WPA key for data encryption. A shorter interval results in higher data security.
	The value 0 indicates that a WAP key is not updated.

WPA and WPA2

WPA and WPA2 use 802.1x to authenticate clients and the login information of a client is managed by the client. This effectively reduces the probability of information leakage.

In addition, each time a client connects to an AP that adopts the WPA or WPA2 security mode, the RADIUS server generates a data encryption key and assigns it to the client. This makes it difficult for attackers to obtain the key.

These features of WPA and WPA2 help significantly increase network security, making WPA and WPA2 the preferred security modes of wireless networks that require high security.

When the security mode is set to WPA or WPA2, the page is shown as follows.

Security Mode	WPA 🗸	
RADIUS Server	None WEP WPA-PSK WPA2-PSK	
RADIUS Port	Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK	
ncryption Algorithm	WPA2	P&AES
RADIUS Password		

Name	Description
Security Mode	The WPA and WPA2 options are available for network protection with a RADIUS server.
	 WPA: It indicates that the wireless network corresponding to the selected SSID is encrypted using WPA.
	• WPA2: It indicates that the wireless network corresponding to the selected SSID is encrypted using WPA2.
RADIUS Server	It specifies the IP address of the RADIUS server for client authentication.
RADIUS Port	It specifies the port number of the RADIUS server for client authentication.
RADIUS Password	It specifies the shared password of the RADIUS server.

Name	Description
Encryption Algorithm	It specifies the encryption algorithm corresponding to the selected security mode. The available options include AES , TKIP , and TKIP&AES .
	• AES: It indicates the Advanced Encryption Standard.
	• TKIP : It indicates the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol.
	 TKIP&AES: It indicates that both TKIP and AES encryption algorithms are supported. Wireless clients can connect to the wireless network corresponding to the selected SSID using TKIP or AES.
Key Update Interval	It specifies the automatic update interval of a WPA key for data encryption. A shorter interval results in higher data security. The value 0 indicates that a WAP key is not updated.

In Client and Universal Repeater modes

In Client and Universal Repeater modes, the configurations in **Basic** page are similar. Take **Client** mode and O8V1.0 as an example here.

Basic	Current Mode: Station
Enable Wireless	?
Country/Region	China 🗸
Broadcast SSID	Enable Disable
Network Mode	11ac •
Channel Bandwidth	Auto 🗸
Channel	161(5805MHz) ~
Channel Shift	🔿 Enable 🛛 💿 Disable
DFS Function	⊖ Enable ● Disable
Transmit Power	1dBm 25dBm
Transmit Rate	Auto 🗸
Primary Upstream SSID	NOVA_9JK3_AAAAA Site Survey
Primary AP BSSID	50:2B:73:F8:F9:8A
Transparent WDS	🔿 Enable 🛛 💿 Disable
Security Mode	WPA2-PSK V
Encryption Algorithm	● AES O TKIP O TKIP&AES
Key	······
Key Update Interval	0 s (Range: 60 to 99999)
Secondary Upstream SSID	○ Enable
Secondary Upstream SSID	Tenda Site Survey
Secondary Upstream BSSID	00:90:4C:88:88:88
Transparent WDS	🕞 Enable 💿 Disable
Security Mode	None ~
Reconnect Primary Upstream	O Enable
SSID	
Reconnection Interval	90 (Range: 1~720minutes)
Isolate Client	🕞 Enable 💿 Disable
Max. Number of Clients	48 (Range: 1 to 128)
	Save

Parameters on the **Basic** page vary with different modes. Please refer to the actual web UI. Followings are descriptions of some main parameters. For other parameters, please refer to <u>Parameter description</u> of AP mode.

Parameters description

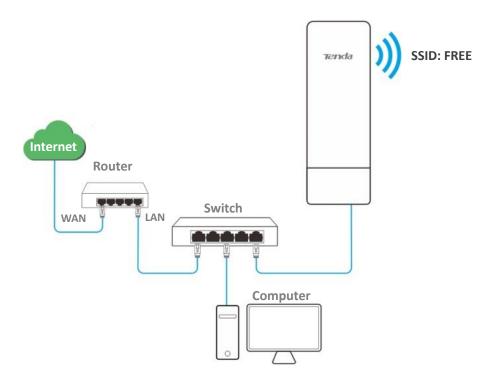
Name	Description
Primary Upstream SSID	It specifies the SSID of the primary upstream wireless network that the CPE connects to.
	After bridging succeeds, the SSID of the primary upstream wireless network will automatically populate.
	It specifies the MAC address of the primary upstream wireless network.
Primary AP BSSID	After bridging succeeds, the MAC address of the primary upstream wireless network will automatically populate.
	It is used to lock the upstream wireless network.
Lock	With this function enabled, the CPE can only connect to the wireless network with the current MAC address, and cannot connect to other upstream APs with the same wireless network name.
Secondary Upstream SSID	It specifies the SSID of the secondary upstream wireless network that the CPE connects to.
	With this function enabled, if the CPE fails to connect to the primary upstream SSID, it will automatically connect to the secondary upstream SSID.
Secondary Upstream BSSID	It specifies the wireless MAC address of the secondary upstream wireless network.
	It is used to reconnect to the primary upstream wireless network.
Reconnect Primary Upstream SSID	With this function enabled, after connecting the secondary upstream SSID, the CPE tries to reconnect to the primary upstream SSID at intervals of the reconnection interval that you configure.
Reconnection Interval	It specifies the interval at which the CPE tries to reconnect to the primary upstream SSID when it is connected to the secondary upstream SSID.
Site Survey	It is used to refresh the available wireless networks and select the one for connection.

7.1.2 Set up a non-encrypted wireless network

Networking requirement

An estate uses the CPE to deploy its network for video surveillance. It requires that the SSID is FREE and there is no WiFi password.

Network topology



Configuration procedures

- **Step 1** Choose **Wireless** > **Basic** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Set **SSID** to **FREE**.
- **Step 3** Set **Security Mode** to **None**.
- Step 4 Click Save.

Enable Wireless	
Country/Region	China •
* SSID	FREE
Broadcast SSID	Inable Obsable
Network Mode	11a/n ▼
Channel	36(5180MHz)
Channel Shift	 Enable Disable
Transmit Power	1dBm 23dBm
Channel Bandwidth	20MHz
Transmit Rate	Auto 🔻
* Security Mode	None •
Isolate Client	 Enable Disable
Max. Number of Clients	48 (Range: 1 to 128)
	Save

----End

Verification

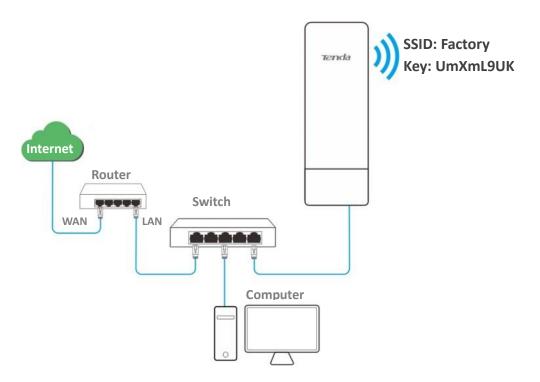
Wireless devices can connect to the wireless network whose SSID is FREE without a password.

7.1.3 Set up a wireless network encrypted using WPA2-PSK

Networking requirement

A factory uses CPEs to set up a wireless network. It requires that the wireless network has a certain level of security. In this case, WPA2-PSK mode is recommended. See the following figure.

Network topology



Configuration procedures

- **Step 1** Choose **Wireless** > **Basic** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Set **SSID** to **Factory**.
- **Step 3** Set **Security Mode** to **WPA2-PSK** and **Encryption Algorithm** to **AES**.
- **Step 4** Set **Key** to **UmXmL9UK**.
- Step 5 Click Save.

Basic	
Enable Wireless	
Country/Region	China 🔻
* SSID	Factory
Broadcast SSID	Enable Disable
Network Mode	11a/n •
Channel	36(5180MHz) •
Channel Shift	Enable Isable
Transmit Power	1dBm 23dBm
Channel Bandwidth	20MHz •
Transmit Rate	Auto •
★ Security Mode	WPA2-PSK •
* Encryption Algorithm	● AES ○ TKIP ○ TKIP&AES
\star Key	^b aret
Key Update Interval	0 s (Range: 60 to 99999)
Isolate Client	Enable O Disable
Max. Number of Clients	48 (Range: 1 to 128)
	Save

----End

Verification

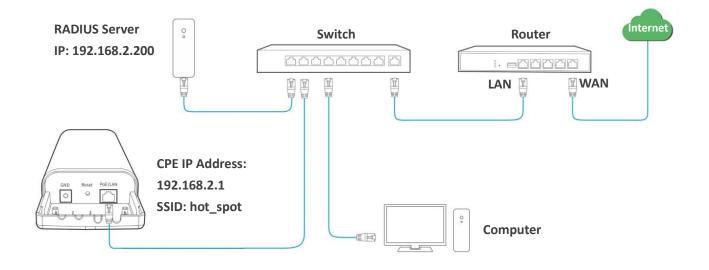
Wireless devices can connect to the wireless network named **Factory** with the password **UmXmL9UK**.

7.1.4 Set up a wireless network encrypted using WPA or WPA2

Networking requirement

A highly secure wireless network is required and a RADIUS server is available. In this case, WPA or WPA2 mode is recommended. See the following figure.

Network topology



Configuration procedures

Configure the CPE

Assume that:

- IP address of the RADIUS server: **192.168.2.200**
- RADIUS Password: 12345678
- Authentication port: 1812
- SSID of the CPE: hot_spot
- Security mode: WPA2
- Encryption algorithm: AES
- **Step 1** Log in to the web UI of CPE, choose **Wireless** > **Basic** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Set **SSID** to **hot_spot**.
- **Step 3** Set **Security Mode** to **WPA2**.

Step 4 Set RADIUS Server, RADIUS Port, and RADIUS Password to 192.168.0.200, 1812, and 12345678 respectively.

Step 5 Set **Encryption Algorithm** to **AES**.

Step 6 Click **Save**.

Basic	
Enable Wireless	?
Country/Region	China •
* SSID	hot_spot
Broadcast SSID	Enable Disable Disable
Network Mode	11a/n •
Channel	Auto •
Channel Shift	Enable
Transmit Power	1dBm 26dBm
Channel Bandwidth	20MHz •
Transmit Rate	Auto •
* Security Mode	WPA2 v
* RADIUS Server	192.168.2.200
* RADIUS Port	1812
* Encryption Algorithm	● AES
* RADIUS Password	>
Key Update Interval	0 s (Range: 60 to 99999)
Isolate Client	Enable Isable
Max. Number of Clients	48 (Range: 1 to 128)
	Save

Configure the RADIUS server

*Q*_{TIP}

Windows 2003 is used as an example to describe how to configure the RADIUS server.

Step 1 Configure a RADIUS client.

1. In the **Computer Management** dialog box, double-click **Internet Authentication Service**, right-click **RADIUS Clients**, and choose **New RADIUS Client**.

🐤 Internet Authentic	cation Service			
<u>F</u> ile <u>A</u> ction <u>V</u> iew	<u>H</u> elp			
← → 🗈 🖬 🛛	2 🛛 🕄 🖏			
Internet Authenticati		Frier	ndly Name	Address
RADIUS Clients	New RADIUS <u>C</u> lie	ent	There are no item	ns to show in this view.
Remote Access	<u>N</u> ew	•		
	⊻iew	•		
	Re <u>f</u> resh			
	Export <u>L</u> ist			
	<u>H</u> elp			
		•		F
New Client				

2. Enter a RADIUS client name (which can be the name of the CPE) and the IP address of the CPE, and click **Next**.

me and Address		
Type a friendly name and	either an IP Address or DNS name	for the client.
Eriendly name:	root	
Client address (IP or DNS)):	
192.168.2.1		⊻erify
IP address of t	he CPE	

3. Enter 12345678 in the Shared secret and Confirm shared secret text boxes, and click Finish.

New RADIUS Client	×
Additional Information	
If you are using remote access policies based on vendor of the RADIUS client.	the client vendor attribute, specify the
<u>Client-Vendor:</u>	
RADIUS Standard	-
Shared secret:	
Confirm shared secret:	
Request must contain the Message Auther	nticator attribute
	Password same as that specified
	by RADIUS Password on the CPE.
	< <u>B</u> ack Finish Cancel

- **Step 2** Configure a remote access policy.
 - 1. Right-click Remote Access Policies and choose New Remote Access Policy.

Internet Authentication S	ervice		_ [×
<u>File Action ⊻iew H</u> elp				
← → 💽 🖪 🚱	3			
Internet Authentication Servic	e (Local)	Name	Order	14.1
- ADIUS Clients		S Connections to Microsoft Routing and Remote A	1	
Remote Access Logging.		S Connections to other access servers	2	
	New Remote Access Po	icy		
	New			
	⊻iew	10 · · ·		
	Refresh			
	Export List	and the second se		
	<u>H</u> elp			
New Remote Access Policy			1. 20 10 10	1.1

2. In the New Remote Access Policy Wizard dialog box that appears, click Next.



3. Enter a policy name and click Next.

New Remote Access Policy Wizard
Policy Configuration Method The wizard can create a typical policy, or you can create a custom policy.
How do you want to set up this policy?
● Use the wizard to set up a typical policy for a common scenario
O Set up a custom policy
Type a name that describes this policy.
Policy name: root
Example: Authenticate all VPN connections.
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

4. Select Ethernet and click Next.

Access	Method R
Policy	y conditions are based on the method used to gain access to the network.
Select t	he method of access for which you want to create a policy.
ΟV	(PN
L F	Ise for all VPN connections. To create a policy for a specific VPN type, go back to the previous page, and select Set up a custom policy.
0 [)ial-up
	Ise for dial-up connections that use a traditional phone line or an Integrated Services)igital Network (ISDN) line.
$\odot \Sigma$	<u>V</u> ireless
ι	Ise for wireless LAN connections only.
	themet Jse for Ethernet connections, such as connections that use a switch.
· · · · · ·	
	< Back Next > Cancel

5. Select Group and click Add.

New Remote Access Policy Wizard	×
User or Group Access You can grant access to individual users, or you can grant access to selected groups.	Ŷ
	jd
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext>	Cancel

6. Enter 802.1x in the Enter the object names to select text box, click Check Names, and click OK.

.....

0K

Check Names

Cancel

7. Select Protected EAP (PEAP) and click Next.

.....

Select Groups

From this location: comba.com

Advanced...

Groups

802.1x

Authentication Methods EAP uses different types of secu	rity devices to authenticate users.
Select the EAP type for this policy	
Type:	
Protected EAP (PEAP)	Configure

8. Click Finish. The remote access policy is created.

New Remote Access Policy Wizard		
	Completing the New Remote Access Policy Wizard	
	You have successfully completed the New Remote Access Policy Wizard. You created the following policy:	
	root	
	Conditions: NAS-Port-Type matches "Ethernet" AND Windows-Groups matches "COMBA'802.1×" Authentication: EAP(Protected EAP (PEAP)) Encryption: Basic, Strong, Strongest, No encryption	
	To close this wizard, click Finish.	
	< <u>B</u> ack Finish Cancel	

9. Right-click root and choose Properties. Select Grant remote access permission, select NAS-Port-Type matches "Ethernet" AND, and click Edit.

root Properties	×
Settings	
Specify the conditions that connection requests must match. Policy <u>conditions</u> : NAS-Port-Type matches "Ethernet" AND Windows-Groups matches "COMBA\802.1x"	
Add Edit <u>R</u> emove If connection requests match the conditions specified in this policy, the associated profile will be applied to the connection.	
Edit <u>Profile</u> Unless individual access permissions are specified in the user profile, this policy controls access to the network. If a connection request matches the specified conditions: © De <u>n</u> y remote access permission	
Grant remote access permission	
OK Cancel Apply	

10. Select Wireless – Other, click Add, and click OK.

NAS-Port-Type		? ×
Available types: PIAFS SDSL - Symmetric DSL Sync (T1 Line) Token Ring Virtual (VPN) Wireless - IEEE 802.11 Wireless - Other	Add >> << Remove	Selected types: Ethernet Wireless - IEEE 802.11
X.25 X.75 xDSL - Digital Subscrib		I P
		OK Cancel

11. Click **Edit Profile**, click the **Authentication** tab, configure settings as shown in the following figure, and click **OK**.

Edit Dial-in Profile	<u>? ×</u>
Dial-in Constraints IP Authentication Encryption	Multilink Advanced
Select the authentication methods you want to allow	for this connection.
EAP Methods Microsoft Encrypted Authentication version 2 (N	4S-CHAP v2)
User can <u>c</u> hange password after it has e	xpired
Microsoft Encrypted Authentication (MS-CHAP) User can change password after it has e	22 - 24 - 24 - 24 - 24 - 24 - 24 - 24 -
Encrypted authentication (CHAP)	
✓ Unencrypted authentication (PAP, SPAP)	
Allow clients to connect without negotiating an method.	authentication
OK Ca	ncel <u>A</u> pply

- **12.** When a message appears, click **No**.
- **Step 3** Configure user information. Create a user and add the user to group **802.1x**.

Configure your wireless device

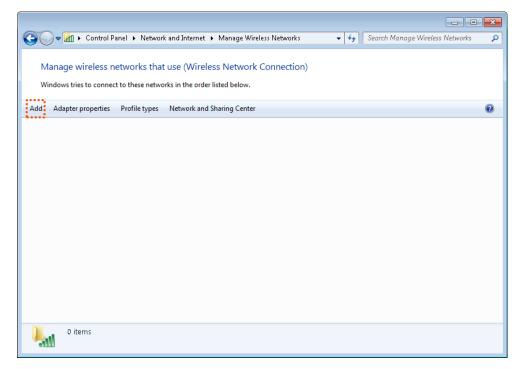
₽TIP

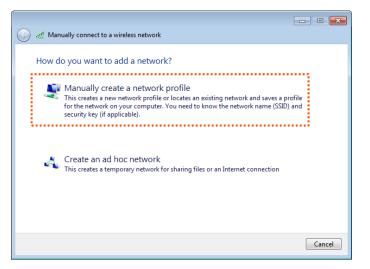
Windows 7 is taken as an example to describe the procedures.

Step 1 Choose Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center, then click Manage wireless networks.

😋 🗢 🖳 🕨 Control Panel 🕨	Network and Internet 🔸 Network and Sharing Center	👻 🍫 Search Control Panel 🔎
Control Panel Home Manage wireless networks Change adapter settings Change advanced sharing settings	Connect to a network Connect or reconnect to a wireless, wired Choose homegroup and sharing options	See full map k 4 Internet Connect or disconnect Access type: No Internet access Connections: Local Area Connection 5 hoc, or VPN connection; or set up a router or access point. d, dial-up, or VPN network connection.
See also HomeGroup Internet Options Windows Firewall	Troubleshoot problems Diagnose and repair network problems, o	or get troubleshooting information.

Step 2 Click Add.

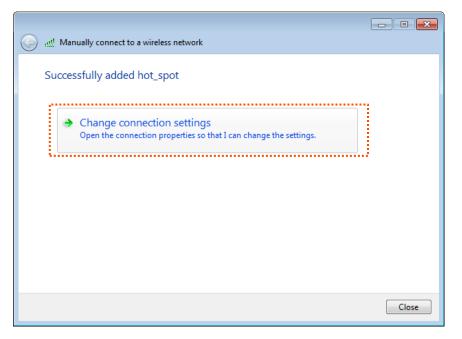




Step 4 Enter wireless network information, select **Connect even if the network is not broadcasting**, and click **Next**.

0	الله Manually connect to a w	vireless network	
	Enter information for	the wireless network you wan	t to add
	Network name:	hot_spot	
	Security type:	WPA2-Enterprise 🔹	Same as the security mode
	Encryption type:	AES 🔹	of the SSID of the CPE
	Security Key:		Hide characters
		automatically etwork is not broadcasting t this option, your computer's privacy n	night be at risk.
			Next Cancel

Step 5 Click **Change connection settings**.



Step 6 Click the **Security** tab, select **Microsoft: Protected EAP (PEAP)**, and click **Settings**.

hot_spot Wireless Network Properties 🛛 🛛 💌		
Connection Security		
Security type:	WPA2-Enterprise	
Encryption type:	AES 🔹	
Choose a network aut Microsoft: Protected Remember my creatime I'm logged on Advanced settings		
	OK Ca	ncel

Step 7 Deselect **Validate server certificate** and click **Configure**.

Protected EAP Properties	x
When connecting: Validate server certificate Connect to these servers:]
Trusted <u>R</u> oot Certification Authorities:	-
Baltimore CyberTrust Root	1
Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority	
GlobalSign Root CA	
Microsoft Root Authority	
Microsoft Root Certificate Authority	
Microsoft Root Certificate Authority 2011	
Thawte Timestamping CA	
Do not prompt user to authorize new servers or trusted certification authorities.	
Select Authentication Method:	
Secured password (EAP-MSCHAP v2)	
Enable East Reconnect	
Enforce <u>N</u> etwork Access Protection	
Disconnect if server does not present cryptobinding TLV	
Enable Identity Privacy	
OK Cancel	

Step 8 Deselect **Automatically use my Windows logon name and password (and domain if any)** and click **OK**.



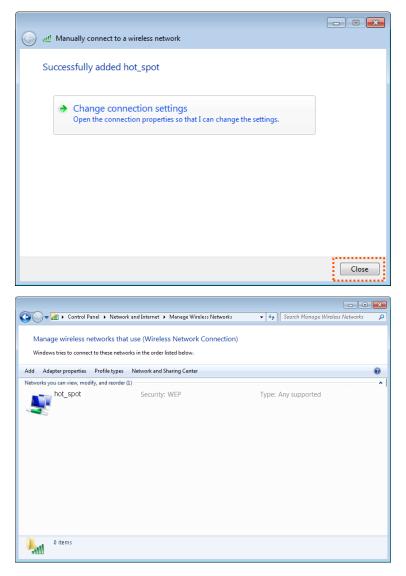
Step 9 Click **Advanced settings**.

hot_spot Wireless Network Properties		
Connection Security]	
S <u>e</u> curity type:	WPA2-Enterprise 🔹	
Encryption type:	AES 💌	
	uthentication method:	
Microsoft: Protected	EAP (PEAP)	
✓ <u>R</u> emember my creative I'm logged or time I'm logged or	edentials for this connection each n	
Advanced settings		
	OK Car	ncel

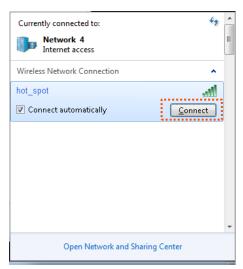
Step 10 Select **User or computer authentication** and click **OK**.

Advanced settings
802.1X settings 802.11 settings
Specify authentication mode:
User or computer authentication Save credentials
Delete credentials for all users
Enable single sign on for this network
Perform immediately before user logon
Perform immediately after user logon
Maximum delay (seconds):
Allow additional dialogs to be displayed during single sign on
This network uses separate virtual LANs for machine and user authentication
OK Cancel

Step 11 Click Close.



Step 12 Click the network icon in the lower-right corner of the desktop and choose the wireless network of the CPE such as **hot_spot** in this example.



Step 13 In the Windows Security dialog box that appears, enter the <u>user name and password</u> set on the RADIUS server and click **OK**.



----End

Verification

Wireless devices can connect to the wireless network **hot_spot**.

7.2 Advanced

This module enables you to adjust the wireless performance of the CPE. You are recommended to configure it under the guide of a professional.

Advanced		
WMM	Enable) Disable
APSD	○ Enable	● Disable
Minimum RSSI Threshold	○ Enable	O Disable
Preamble	○ Short Preamble	OLONG Preamble
Transparent Bridge	 Enable 	○ Disable
TD-MAX	○ Enable	Oisable
Signal Transmission	 Coverage-oriented 	I 🔿 Capacity-oriented
TPC	● Enable	○ Disable
Signal Reception Level	Auto	V
Transmission Distance	5	Auto km (Range: 0.1 to 20, default: 5)
Beacon Interval	100	ms (Range: 40 to 999, default: 100)
Fragment Threshold	2346	(Range: 256 to 2346, default: 2346)
RTS Threshold	2347	(Range: 1 to 2347, default: 2347)
DTIM Interval	1	(Range: 1 to 255, default: 1)
Signal LED1 Threshold	-90	dBm (Range: -99 to 0, default: -90)
Signal LED2 Threshold	-80	dBm (Range: -99 to 0, default: -80)
Signal LED3 Threshold	-70	dBm (Range: -99 to 0, default: -70)
	Save	Cancel

Choose **Wireless** > **Advanced** to enter the page.

Parameters description

Name	Description
WMM	WMM (Wi-Fi Multi-media) is a wireless QoS (Quality of Service) protocol making packets with higher priorities to be transmitted earlier. This ensures better QoS of voice and video applications over wireless networks.

Name	Description
	APSD (Automatic Power Save Delivery) is a WMM power saving protocol created by Wi-Fi Alliance.
APSD	Enabling APSD helps reduce power consumption. By default, this mode is disabled.
	It specifies the minimum strength of received signals acceptable to this device.
Minimum RSSI Threshold	If the strength of the signals transmitted by a wireless device is weaker than this threshold, the wireless device cannot connect to this device.
	If there are multiple CPEs in a network, setting a proper value helps wireless devices connect to WiFi network with better WiFi signal.
	It specifies a group of bits located at the beginning of a packet to enable a receiver of the packet to perform synchronization and prepare for receiving data.
Preamble	By default, the Long Preamble option is selected for compatibility with old network adapters installed on wireless clients.
	To achieve better synchronization performance of networks, you can select the Short Preamble option.
	The Transparent Bridge function enables the WLAN interface of this device to forward all packets. It is used to solve the problem that some NVRs cannot detect IP cameras, or cannot change the IP addresses of cameras in different networks. Q_{TIP}
Transparent Bridge	This function is only applicable when the CPE works in AP, Client or Universal Repeater mode.
	TD-MAX is Tenda's proprietary Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA) polling technology. It allows multiple clients to share the same channel for accessing to a network. With the TD-MAX enabled, the CPE assigns time slots to each client, and transmits data according to the assigned time slots, achieving Point-to-MultiPoint (P2MP) connections.
	After the TD-MAX is enabled, the CPE:
	 Avoids the "hidden node" problem, which occurs when a node is visible from a wireless AP, but not from other nodes communicating with the originating AP.
	Reduces latency.
TD-MAX	 Improves throughput and anti-interference performance.
	Improves overall performance in Point-to-MultiPoint (PtMP) installations, and increases the maximum possible number of users that can associate with an AP that uses TD-MAX.
	U NOTE
	If TD-MAX is enabled, the device operates in TD-MAX mode and only accepts connections from TD-MAX devices. And you cannot connect standard Wi-Fi devices, such as laptops, tablets, or smart phones, to the CPE.
	It specifies the wall penetrating capability of the CPE.
Signal Transmission	• Coverage-oriented : With less interference nearby, this mode enables the device to cover wider area.

Name	Description
	 Capacity-oriented: With strong interference nearby, this mode improves the device's anti-interference capability.
ТРС	The Transmit Power Control (TPC) function decreases the TX power of this device automatically to improve the negotiation rate when the two devices are too close. By default, when the received signal strength is greater than -25 dBm, the CPE decreases its TX power. The received signal strength can be checked on the Status > Wireless Status page.
Signal Reception Level	It is used to adjust the signal reception level. A higher level leads to better signal reception capability and more wireless networks can be searched, but lower throughput. Adjust the level based on your actual situation.
Transmission Distance	It specifies the wireless transmission distance of this device. You can set it based on the actual installation distance.
	It specifies the interval at which this device sends Beacon frames.
Beacon Interval	Beacon frames are sent at the interval to announce the existence of a wireless network. Generally, a smaller interval allows wireless clients to connect to this device sooner, while a larger interval allows the wireless network to transmit data quicker.
	It specifies the threshold of a fragment. The unit is byte.
	Fragmenting is a process that divides a frame into several fragments, which are transmitted and acknowledged separately. If the size of a frame exceeds this threshold, the frame is fragmented.
Fragment Threshold	In case of a high error rate, you can reduce the threshold. If the transmission fails, this device resends only the fragments that have not been sent successfully, so as to increase the frame throughput.
	In an environment with little interference, you can increase the threshold to reduce the number of fragments, so as to increase the frame throughput.
	It specifies the frame length threshold for triggering the RTS/CTS mechanism. If a frame exceeds this threshold, the RTS/CTS mechanism is triggered to reduce conflicts. The unit is byte.
RTS Threshold	Set the RTS threshold based on the actual situation. An excessively small value increases the RTS frame transmission frequency and bandwidth requirement. A higher RTS frame transmission frequency enables a wireless network to recover from conflicts quicker. For a wireless network with high user density, you can reduce this threshold for reducing conflicts.
	The RTS mechanism requires some network bandwidth. Therefore, it is triggered only when frames exceed this threshold.
DTIM Interval	It specifies the countdown before this device transmits broadcast and multicast frames in its cache. The unit is Beacon interval.
	For example, if DTIM Interval is set to 1, this device transmits all cached frames at one Beacon interval.
Signal LED1/2/3	The device uses three signal LED indicators to indicate the received signal strength in an intuitive way, and allows you to customize the threshold for triggering each

Name	Description
Threshold	signal LED indicator to light up.
	The default threshold for LED1, LED2, and LED3 are -90 , -80 , and -70 respectively.

7.3 Access control

7.3.1 Overview

The Access Control function enables you to allow or disallow the wireless devices to access the wireless network based on their MAC addresses. The CPE supports the following MAC address filter rules.

- **Disallow**: It indicates that only the wireless devices with the specified MAC addresses cannot access the wireless networks of the CPE.
- **Allow**: It indicates that only the wireless devices with the specified MAC addresses can access the wireless networks of the CPE.

To access the page, choose **Wireless** > **Access Control**.

	SSID Connect me		
	Access Control		
	Mode O Disallow	Allow	
	MAC Address 12:12:12:12:12:12:12:12:12:12:12:12:12:1	2:12:12	Add Add online devices
SN	MAC Address	Status	Operation
1	12:12:12:12:12:12	Enable	Ŵ

Parameters description

Name	Description
SSID	It specifies the SSID of this device. With the rule enabled, clients connected to the network with this SSID will be controlled by the rule.
Access Control	It specifies whether to enable the Access Control function.
	It specifies the mode for filtering MAC addresses.
Mode	 Allow: It indicates that only the wireless clients on the access control list can connect to the WiFi network of the CPE.
	• Disallow : It indicates that only the wireless clients on the access control list cannot connect to the WiFi network of the CPE.

7.3.2 Example of configuring access control

Networking requirement

A wireless network whose SSID is **Connect me** has been set up in an estate. Only specific members in this estate are allowed to connect to the wireless network.

The Access Control function of the CPE is recommended. Assume that the users have three wireless devices whose MAC addresses are C8:3A:35:00:00:01, C8:3A:35:00:00:02, and C8:3A:35:00:00:03.

Configuration procedures

- **Step 1** Choose **Wireless** > **Access Control** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Enable the **Access Control** function.
- **Step 3** Set the **Mode** to **Allow**.
- Step 4 Enter the MAC address, which is C8:3A:35:00:00:01 is this example, and click Add.

₽TIP

If the wireless devices to be controlled are connected to the CPE, click **Add online devices** to add them to the access control list quickly.

Step 5 Perform **Step 4** to add the other two MAC addresses.

Step 6 Click Save.

Access Co	ontrol			
				2
	SSID	Connect me		
	* Access Control			
	* Mode	Disallow	 Allow 	
	★ MAC Address	C8:3A:35:0	0:00:03	Add Add online devices
SN	MAC Addres	s	Status	Operation
1	C8:3A:35:00:00):01	Enable	Ĩ
2	C8:3A:35:00:00):02	Enable	Ī
3	C8:3A:35:00:00):03	Enable	Ĩ
		Save	Cancel	

----End

Verification

Only above-mentioned wireless devices can connect to the WiFi network of the CPE.



8.1 LAN rate

This module enables you to change the LAN speed and duplex mode settings. If the transmission distance between the ports of the CPE and peer device is too long, you can reduce the port speed of the CPE and peer device to increase the transmission distance.

When you change the settings, ensure that the LAN speed and duplex mode of the port of the CPE is the same as that of peer device. By default, the LAN speed settings of the LAN port is **Auto Negotiation**. OS3V1.0 is used for illustration.

To access the page, choose **Advanced** > **LAN Rate**.

LAN Rate	
	?
PoE/LAN Speed	Auto Negotiation 🔻
LAN2 Speed	Auto Negotiation
LAN3 Speed	Auto Negotiation
LAN4 Speed	Auto Negotiation 🔻
	Save

Parameters description

Name	Description
Auto Negotiation	The speed and duplex mode of the port is determined by the negotiation between the port of the CPE and the port of the peer device.
100Mbps Full-Duplex	The port is under 100 Mbps, and can transmit and receive packets at the same time.
100Mbps Half-Duplex	The port is under 100 Mbps, and can only transmit or receive packets at the same time.
10Mbps Full-Duplex	The port is under 10 Mbps, and can transmit and receive packets at the same time.
10Mbps Half-Duplex	The port is under 10 Mbps, and can only transmit or receive packets at the same time.

- If you set the speed and duplex mode of the port manually, please ensure that the speed and duplex mode of the peer port are set to Auto Negotiation or the same as this port.
- Lower speed mode can improve the transmission distance of the port. If you want to extend the PoE power supply distance, you can change the speed to a low speed mode, such as 10 Mbps full duplex. And ensure that the speed mode for peer port is also 10 Mbps full duplex or auto negotiation.

8.2 Diagnose

You can use the diagnosis tools for troubleshooting.

- **Site Survey**: used to check nearby wireless signals.
- Ping: used to check the network connectivity and connection quality.
- Traceroute: used to check the network routes.
- Speed Test: used to check the connection speed between two devices in a same network.
- **Spectrum Analysis**: used to check the nearby wireless noise of each channel, then you can select a frequency band with less wireless noise for the CPE.

8.2.1 Site Survey

Site survey gives you an insight into the information of nearby wireless signals. According to the diagnosis result, you can select a less interference channel (used by few devices) for the WiFi network of the CPE to improve the transmission efficiency.

Configuration procedures:

- **Step 1** Choose **Advanced** > **Diagnose** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Select **Site Survey** in the **Diagnose** drop-down list menu.

----End

The diagnosis result will be displayed in a few seconds in the list below the **Diagnose** box. See the following figure.

	Diagnose	Site Survey	T		
ID	SSID	MAC Address	Channel	Security	Signal Strength
1	Tenda_6A1672	00:B0:C6:60:E0:29	48	WPA2-PSK,AES	lite
2	Tenda_859D21	50:2B:73:F0:39:D4	40	WPA2-PSK,AES	lite.
3	Tenda 34E625	C8:3A:35:84:2D:C9	48	Mixed WPA/WPA2-PSK	1000

8.2.2 Ping

You can use ping to detect the connectivity and quality of network connection.

Assume that you want to know whether the device can access Bing.

Configuration procedures:

Step 1 Choose **Advanced** > **Diagnose** to enter the configuration page.

- **Step 2** Select **Ping** in the **Diagnose** drop-down list menu.
- **Step 3** Set **IP Address** to **Manual**.
- **Step 4** Enter the target IP address or a domain name, which is **cn.bing.com** in this example.

Step 5 Click **Start**.

Diagnose		?
Diagnose	Ping •	
IP Address	Manual 🔻	
IP Address/Domain Name	cn.bing.com	
Ping Packet	4	(Range: 1 to 10000)
Packet Size	32	Byte (Range: 1 to 60000)
l	Start	

----End

The diagnosis result will be displayed in a few seconds in the list below **Start** button. See the following figure.

IP Address		Time	TTL
204.79.197.200		14.761ms	112
204.79.197.200		14.627ms	112
cn.bing.com		Timeout	
204.79.197.200		14.523ms	112
10 • Datas/Page 4 data in total			
		3 of 4 packets receive	ed, 25.00% loss25.00%
Min. 14.523 ms	Average 14.64 ms	Max	. 14.761 ms

8.2.3 Traceroute

You can use the Traceroute tool to detect the routes that the packets pass by from the device to destination host.

Assume that you want to detect the routes that the packets pass by from the device to **cn.bing.com**.

Configuration procedures:

- **Step 1** Choose **Advanced** > **Diagnose** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Select **Traceroute** in the **Diagnose** drop-down list menu.
- **Step 3** Enter the target IP address or a domain name, which is **cn.bing.com** in this example.

Step 4 Click **Start**.

Diagnose		
Diagnose	Traceroute v	
IP Address/Domain Name	cn.bing.com	
	Start	

----End

The diagnosis result will be displayed in a few seconds in the list below. See the following figure.

Diagnose IP Addre	Diagnose Traceroute ss/Domain Name cn.bing.cor Stop	• •
SN	IP Address	Time
1	192.168.11.1	5.541 ms 2.371 ms 2.088 ms
2	172.16.200.1	2.133 ms 1.775 ms 8.384 ms
3	192.168.20.1	6.643 ms 3.543 ms 2.774 ms
4	192.168.21.254	1.885 ms 4.249 ms 2.758 ms
5	100.64.0.1	50.352 ms 3.056 ms 3.428 ms
6	202.105.159.149	4.340 ms 8.592 ms 7.126 ms

8.2.4 Speed test

Overview

You can use the **Speed Test** to test the connection speed between two bridging CPEs, which helps estimate the throughput between the two CPEs. The test requires that both sides support the **Speed Test** function.

jnose			
Diagnose	Speed Test]	
1 AVG RX	👃 AVG TX	🏠 AVG Total	
0 Mbps	0 Mbps	0 Mbps	
	Client Server		
IP Address of Peer AP	Manual •		
IP Address]	
HTTP Port	80]	
User Name]	
Password]	
Test Group	10	(Range: 1 to 20)	
Direction	Bidirectional]	
Time	30	s (Range: 1 to 60)	
	Start		

Choose **Advanced** > **Diagnose**, and select **Speed Test** from the **Diagnose** drop-down list menu.

Parameters description

Name	Description
Client	It specifies that the client side launches the test request. You need to set the parameters of speed test on client side.
Server	It specifies that the server launches the test request.
IP Address of Peer AP	It specifies the LAN IP address of peer CPE. You can enter it manually or select the IP address of the peer AP from the drop-down list if there are peer CPEs connected to the CPE.
IP Address	If the IP Address of Peer AP is set to Manual , you need to enter the LAN IP address of peer CPE in the box manually.
HTTP Port	It specifies the HTTP service port number of peer device, which is used to establish speed test connection based on TCP/IP. Default: 80 . You are recommended to keep the default value.
User Name	It specifies the login user name and password of the peer device.

Name	Description
Password	
Test Group	It specifies the number of test connections launched.
Direction	It specifies the test direction.
	 RX (Receive): Only test the speed that the peer device transmits data to this device.
	• TX (Transmit): Only test the speed that this device transmits data to peer device.
	• Bidirectional : test both transmit and receive speed between the two CPEs.
Time	It specifies the duration of speed test, which is 30s by default.
AVG RX	It displays the average receive rate.
AVG TX	It displays the average transmit rate.
AVG Total	It displays the average total rate.

Example of configuring the speed test

Assume that a CPE working in AP mode (CPE1) and another CPE working in client mode (CPE2) have bridged successfully. Then test the wireless speed between them.

The procedure can be performed both on the web UI of the CPE1 or CPE2. The CPE2 is used for illustration here.

Assume that:

- IP address of the CPE1: 192.168.2.100
- IP address of CPE2: **192.168.2.1**
- Login user names/passwords of the two CPEs: admin

Configuration procedures:

- **Step 1** Log in to the web UI of CPE2, and choose **Advanced** > **Diagnose** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Set **Diagnose** to **Speed Test**.
- **Step 3** Set **IP Address of Peer AP** to **Manual**.
- **Step 4** Enter the IP address of CPE1 to the **IP Address** box, which is **192.168.2.100** in this example.
- Step 5 Enter the login user name and password of the web UI of CPE1 in the User name and Password boxes, which are both admin in this example.

138

Step 6 Set **Direction** to **Bidirectional**.

Step 7 Click **Start**.

Diagnose		
* Diagnose	Speed Test	Y
🔶 AVG RX	👃 AVG TX	🕼 AVG Total
0 Mbps	0 Mbps	0 Mbps
	● Client ○ Server	
* IP Address of Peer AP	Manual	T
* IP Address	192.168.2.100	
HTTP Port	80	
* User Name	admin	
* Password	admin	
Test Group	10	(Range: 1 to 20)
* Direction	Bidirectional	•
Time	30	s (Range: 1 to 60)
	Start	

----End

The test result will be displayed in a few seconds in the list below the **Diagnose** box. See the following figure.

Diagno	ose		
	Diagnose	Speed Test	•
	🕇 AVG RX	👃 AVG TX	🕼 AVG Total
	103.28 Mbps	105.17 Mbps	208.45 Mbps

You can use the Spectrum Analysis to check the wireless noise of each channel, then select a frequency band with less wireless noise for the CPE based on the diagnose result.

Configuration procedures:

- **Step 1** Choose **Advanced** > **Diagnose** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Select **Spectrum Analysis** from the **Diagnose** drop-down list menu.
- **Step 3** Select the frequency band range you want to test from the drop-down lists.
- **Step 4** Click **Start**.

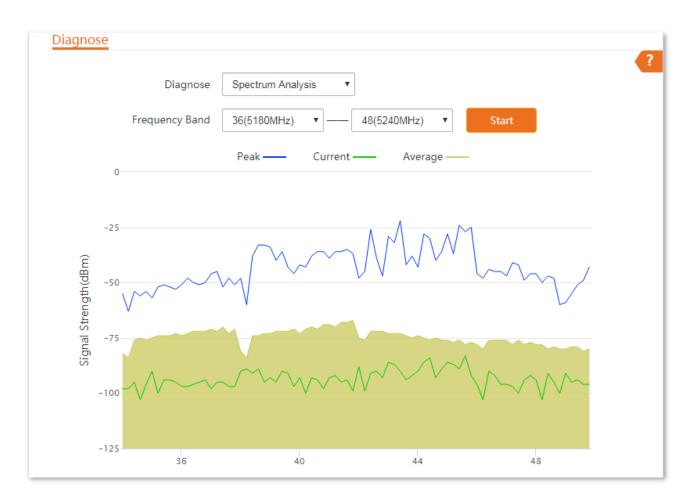
	?
Spectrum Analysis 🔹	
36(5180MHz) ▼ 48(5240MHz) ▼ Start	

Step 5 Confirm the message on the pop-up window, and click **OK**.

	suill be terrainated when the creatmon analysis is lavashing on the david	
All wireless connection	s will be terminated when the spectrum analysis is launching on the devic	e! Please click OK to Star
All wireless connection	s will be terminated when the spectrum analysis is launching on the devic	e! Please click OK to Star

----End

The diagnosis result will be displayed in a few seconds. See the following figure.



8.3 Bandwidth control

8.3.1 Overview

The **Bandwidth Control** function is only available in **WISP** or **Router** mode.

If multiple clients access the internet through the CPE, bandwidth control is recommended, so that high-speed file downloaded by a client does not reduce the internet access speed of the other clients.

To access the page, choose **Advanced** > **Bandwidth Control**.

Bandwidth Control					_
Remark					?
IP Address Range	192.168.2. ~ 192.168.2				
Max. Upload Rate		Mbps •			
Max. Download Rate		Mbps •			
	Add				
ID Remark IP Addres	s Range Max. Upload	Rate Ma	ax. Download Rate	Status	Action

Name	Description
Remark	It specifies the additional information of the bandwidth control rule. This field is optional. For convenient management, you'd better specify different remarks for different rules.
IP Address Range	It specifies the IP address or IP address range of devices that this rule applies to. If you want to control only one device, enter the same IP address in the two boxes. If you want to control multiple devices, enter an IP address range including start IP address and end IP address. The end IP address should be greater than the start IP address.
Max. Upload Rate	It specifies the maximum upload/download rate of a device whose IP address is
Max. Download Rate	within the specified IP Address Range.
Status	It specifies the current status of the rule. You can enable or disable it as required.
Action	Click 间 to delete the rule.

8.3.2 Example of configuring bandwidth control

Networking requirement

The CPE is used to bridge to the ISP hotspot for internet access in a company in the countryside, and the CPE is set to WISP mode. To ensure that every device can access the internet smoothly, you want to specify a maximum upload/download for each device.

Assume that: The maximum upload rate of each device connected to the WiFi network of the device is **5 Mbps**, and download rate is **10 Mbps**. And the IP address range of the devices connected to the WiFi network is **192.168.2.100** to **192.168.2.200**.

Configuration procedures

- **Step 1** Choose **Advanced** > **Bandwidth Control** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Enter a remark (optional), such as **Devices of Office1**.
- Step 3 Specify an IP address range, which is **192.168.2.100** ~ **192.168.2.200** in this example.
- **Step 4** Specify the maximum upload rate and download rate respectively, which are **5** and **10** in this example.

Step 5 Click Add.

Remark	Devices of Office1				
IP Address Range	192.168.2. 100 ~ 192.168.2	2. 200			
Max. Upload Rate	5	Mbps •]		
Max. Download Rate	10	Mbps •]		

----End

If the rule is added successfully, it is displayed in the list below the **Add** button. See the following figure.

ID	Remark	IP Address Range	Max. Upload Rate	Max. Download Rate	Status	Action
1	Devices of	192.168.2.100~192.168.2.200	5Mbps	10Mbps	⊘ Enable	Ē
10 🔻	Datas/Page	1 data in total				

Verification

For a device whose IP address is within the range of 192.168.2.100 to 192.168.2.200, its maximum upload rate is 5 Mbps and its maximum download rate is 10 Mbps.

8.4 Port forwarding

This function is available only when the CPE works in **WISP** or **Router** mode.

8.4.1 Overview

If computers are connected to the CPE to form a LAN and access the internet through the CPE, internet users cannot access the hosts on the LAN. Therefore, the servers, such as web servers, email servers, and FTP servers, on the LAN are inaccessible to internet users.

To enable internet users to access a LAN server, enable the port forwarding function of the CPE, and map one service port to the IP address of the LAN server. This enables the CPE to forward the requests arriving at the port from the internet to the LAN server, and avoid the attacks from the WAN.

Port Forwarding						
Internal IP Address						
Internal Port	23					
External Port	23					
Protocol	TCP&UDP	•				
Application	Telnet	v				
	Add					
ID Internal IP Address	Internal Port	External Port	Protocol	Application	Status	Action

Choose **Advanced** > **Port Forwarding** to enter the page.

Name	Description
Internal IP Address	It specifies the IP address of the host that establishes a server in LAN.
Internal Port	It specifies the service port of the server in LAN. After you select an Application , this option will be auto populated. You can also customize it.
External Port	It specifies the ports which are enabled for WAN users to visit the corresponding servers in LAN.

v2.0

Name	Description
	After you select an Application , this option will be auto populated. You can also customize it.
Protocol	It specifies the protocol type of the selected applications. Select TCP&UDP when you are not sure.
Application	It specifies the application services established in LAN. The device provides some common services. After you select an application, the internal and external ports will be populated.
Status	It specifies the status of the rule. You can enable or disable it based on your need.
Action	Click 💼 to delete the rule.

8.4.2 Example of configuring port forwarding

Networking requirement

The CPE is in WISP mode and has connected to the ISP hotspot to provide internet access for a remote household.

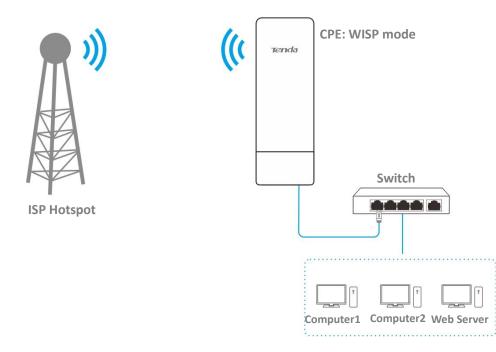
Requirement: Family members who are not at home can visit the resources on the web server in LAN over the internet.

You are recommended to use port forwarding function to solve the problem.

Assume that:

- IP Address of the web server: 192.168.2.100
- Service port (internal port) of the web server in LAN: 80
- External port that this device enables for internet devices: 80
- WAN IP Address of the device: **202.105.11.22**

Network topology



Configuration procedures

Prerequisite: manually set a static IP address and related parameters for the web server to avoid the service disconnection caused by the dynamic IP address.

- **Step 1** Choose **Advanced** > **Port Forwarding** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Enter the IP address of the web server in the **Internal IP Address** box, which is **192.168.2.100** in this example.
- **Step 3** Select an application from the drop-down list of **Application**, which is **HTTP** in this example, and the **Internal Port** and **External Port** boxes will be automatically populated.
- **Step 4** Select the protocol used for web server from the drop-down list of **Protocol**, which is **TCP&UDP** in this example.
- Step 5 Click Add.

Port Forwarding		
		?
Internal IP Address	192.168.2.100	
Internal Port	80	
External Port	80	
Protocol	TCP&UDP •	
Application	HTTP v	
, ibbueaueu		
	Add	

----End

If the rule is added successfully, it is displayed in the list below the **Add** button. See the following figure.

I	D	Internal IP Address	Internal Port	External Port	Protocol	Application	Status	Action	
:	1	192.168.2.100	80	80	TCP&UDP	HTTP	✓Enable	Ī	
10 • Datas/Page 1 data in total									

Verification

Enter **Protocol name**://**WAN IP address**:**External port** in the address bar of a web browser on a computer over the internet to access the resources on the web server. In this example, enter **http://202.105.11.22:80**.

₽TIP

If internet users cannot visit the server in LAN after the configuration, try the following solutions:

- Ensure that the WAN IP address of the CPE is a public IP address, and the internal port you entered is correct.
- Security software, antivirus software, and the built-in OS firewall of the server may cause port forwarding function failures. Disable them and try again.
- Manually set an IP address and related parameters for the server to avoid the service disconnection caused by the dynamic IP address.

8.5 MAC filter

This function is available only when the CPE works in **WISP** or **Router** mode.

8.5.1 Overview

The MAC Filter function enables you to allow or disallow the devices, such as computers, laptops, tablets, and smart phones, to access the internet via the CPE based on their MAC addresses.

Choose **Advanced** > **MAC Filter** to enter the page.

The function is disabled by default. Set the mode to **Allow**, and the page is shown as below.

	Mada	Allow	•			
	Mode	Allow	•			
	Remark					
	MAC Address					
				1		
	Time	00 • 00 • 00	• • 00 •			
	Date	Mon. Tue.	Wed.	Thur.		
		🗌 Fri. 🗌 Sat. 🗌	Sun. 🗌 Eve	ery Day		
		Add				
ID	Remark	MAC Address	Time	Mode	Status	Action

Name	Description
	It specifies the mode of MAC filter rule.
	• Disable : Disable the MAC Filter function.
Mode	• Allow: Allow the devices with the MAC addresses in the list to access the internet via the CPE, and disallow the other devices to access the internet via the CPE.
	 Disallow: Disallow the devices with the MAC addresses in the list to access the internet via the CPE, and allow the other devices to access the internet via the CPE.
Remark	It specifies the additional information of the rule.
MAC Address	It specifies the MAC address of the device to which the rule applies.
Time	It specifies the period at which the rule takes effect.

Name	Description
Date	It specifies the dates on which the rule takes effect.
Status	It specifies the status of the rule. You can enable or disable the rule based on your need.
Action	Click 💼 to delete the rule.

8.5.2 Example of configuring MAC filter

Networking requirement

The CPE is in WISP mode and has connected to the ISP hotspot to provide internet access for a remote household.

Requirements: Only allow the parents' devices to access the internet during 9:00 to 17:00, Monday to Friday.

You are recommended to use the MAC Filter function to solve the problem.

Assume that: The MAC addresses of the parents' devices are **CC:3A:61:71:1B:6E** and **CC:3A:61:75:1F:3E**.

Configuration procedures

- **Step 1** Choose **Advanced** > **MAC Filter** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Select a mode, which is **Allow** in this example.
- **Step 3** (Optional) Enter a remark in the **Remark** box, which is **Dad's smartphone** in this example.
- **Step 4** Enter the MAC address of the device, which is **CC:3A:61:71:1B:6E** in this example.
- **Step 5** Specify a period, which is **9:00** to **17:00** in this example.
- **Step 6** Tick the dates, which are Monday to Friday in this example.
- Step 7 Click Add.
- **Step 8** Perform **Step2** to **Step7** to add the rule with the other MAC address.

MAC Filter	?
Mode	Allow
Remark	Dad's smartphone
MAC Address	CC:3A:61:71:1B:6E
Time	09 ▼ : 00 ▼ ~ 17 ▼ : 00 ▼
Date	🖉 Mon. 🕑 Tue. 🕑 Wed. 🕑 Thur.
	🖉 Fri. 🗌 Sat. 🔲 Sun. 🔲 Every Day
	Add

----End

If the rule is added successfully, it is displayed in the list below the **Add** button. See the following figure.

ID	Remark	MAC Address	Time	Mode	Status	Action
1	Dad's smar	CC:3A:61:71:1B:6E	Mon. 、Tue. 、Wed. 、Thur. 、Fri. 09:00- 17:00	Allow	✓ Enable	Î
2	Mum's lapt	CC:3A:61:75:1F:3E	Mon. 、Tue. 、Wed. 、Thur. 、Fri. 09:00- 17:00	Allow	✓ Enable	Ī
10 🔻	Datas/Page	2 data in total				

Verification

Only the devices with the MAC addresses of CC:3A:61:71:1B:6E and CC:3A:61:75:1F:3E can access the internet at 9:00 to 17:00 from Monday to Friday. All of other devices cannot access the internet during this period.

8.6 Network service

8.6.1 DDNS

Overview

The **DDNS** function is only available in **WISP** or **Router** mode.

DDNS, dynamic domain name server, enables the dynamic DNS client on the device to deliver the current WAN IP address to the DNS server. Then the server maps the WAN IP address to a domain name for dynamic domain name resolution.

This function often works with port forwarding, DMZ host, and remote web management functions. Then users can visit an address with a domain name instead of a dynamic WAN IP address, which makes the visit easier.

To access the page	, choose	Advanced >	Network	Service.
--------------------	----------	------------	---------	----------

Network Service	
DDN	is 🔘
Service Provid	er 3322.org Register
User Nan	ie 🖉
Passwo	d
Domain Nan	e

Name	Description			
DDNS	It specifies whether to enable the DDNS function.			
Service Provider	It specifies Dynamic Domain Name Service provider. The CPE supports Dyndns, No-ip.com, and 3322.org.			
User Name	It specifies the user name/password used to log in to the dynamic DNS service, which			
Password	are the login user name and password you registered on the website of the service provider.			
Domain Name	It specifies the domain name information obtained from the dynamic DNS server. You need to enter the domain name which you registered on the website manually.			

Example of configuring DDNS

Networking requirement

The CPE is in WISP mode and has connected to the ISP hotspot to provide internet access for a remote household. The WAN IP address of the CPE is dynamic.

Requirement: The administrator on business can visit the resources on web server in LAN. You are recommended to use the DDNS and port forwarding functions to solve the problem.

Assume that:

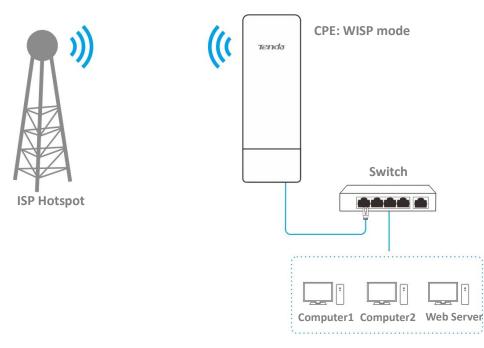
The information of the web server in LAN is shown as follows:

- IP Address: 192.168.2.100
- Service Port of the Web Server: 80

The registered domain name information is shown as follows:

- Service Provider: Dyndns
- User Name: tenda
- Password: tenda
- Domain Name: tenda.dyndns.com

Network topology



Configuration procedures

Step 1 Set up the DDNS function.

- 1. Choose Advanced > Network Service to enter the configuration page.
- 2. Enable the **DDNS** function.
- **3.** Select a service provider, which is **Dyndns** in this example.

- 4. Enter the user name and password you registered with DDNS service provider, which are **tenda** and **tenda** in this example.
- 5. Enter the domain name you registered, which is **tenda.dyndns.com**.
- 6. Click Save on the bottom of this page.

DDNS		
Service Provider	Dyndns •	Register
User Name	tenda	
Password		
Domain Name	tenda.dyndns.com	

Step 2 Set up the port forwarding function.

Prerequisite: manually set a static IP address and related parameters for the web server to avoid the service disconnection caused by the dynamic IP address.

- **1.** Choose **Advanced** > **Port Forwarding** to enter the configuration page.
- 2. Enter the IP address of the web server, which is **192.168.2.100** in this example.
- **3.** Select an application, which is **HTTP** in this example, and the Internal Port and External Port will be populated automatically.
- **4.** Select the protocol of the service. **TCP&UDP** is recommended if you are not sure.
- 5. Click Add.

Port Forwarding	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Internal IP Address	192.168.2.100
Internal Port	80
External Port	80
Protocol	TCP&UDP 🔹
Application	HTTP v
Application	
	Add

----End

If the rule is added successfully, it is displayed in the list below the **Add** button. See the following figure.

ID	Internal IP Address	Internal Port	External Port	Protocol	Application	Status	Action	
1	192.168.2.100	80	80	TCP&UDP	HTTP	✓Enable		
10 • Datas/Page 1 data in total								

Verification

Enter **Protocol name://WAN port domain name:External port** in the address bar of a web browser on a computer over the internet to access the resources on the web server. In this example, enter http://tenda.dyndns.com:80.

₽TIP

If internet users cannot visit the server in LAN after the configuration, try the following solutions:

- Ensure that the WAN IP address of the CPE is a public IP address, and the internal port you entered is correct.
- Security software, antivirus software, and the built-in OS firewall of the server may cause port forwarding function failures. Disable them and try again.
- Manually set an IP address and related parameters for the server to avoid the service disconnection caused by the dynamic IP address.

8.6.2 Remote web management

Overview

The **Remote Web Management** function is only available in **WISP** or **Router** mode.

Generally, only the clients connected to the CPE can access its web UI.

The remote web management function enables you to access the web UI of the CPE on WAN if it is required.

To access the page, choose **Advanced** > **Network Service**.

Remote Web Management	
IP Address	All
Port	8080

Name	Description
Remote Web Management	It specifies whether to enable the remote web management function.
	It specifies the IP address of a device which is allowed to access the web UI of the CPE.
IP Address	 All: It indicates that any computer in WAN can manage the CPE remotely. For security, this option is not recommended.
	 Manual: It indicates that only the device with specified IP address can manage the CPE remotely. If the CPE belongs to a LAN, the gateway address (a public IP address) of the CPE should be entered.
	It specifies the port number used for remote management of CPE. Default: 8080 . You can change it if necessary.
Port	Ports 1 to 1024 have been used by well-known services. To avoid port conflicts, you can set the port number to one between 1025 and 65535. Then you can access the CPE from WAN by visiting an address in the form of http://WAN IP address:port number. If the DDNS function is enabled on the CPE, you can access the CPE by visiting an address in the form of http://Domain name of WAN port:port number.

Example of configuring remote web management

The CPE is in WISP mode and has connected to the ISP hotspot to provide internet access for a remote household.

Networking requirement

The host needs to troubleshoot the network when he is on business. So he needs to access the CPE's web UI on WAN.

You are recommended to use the remote web management function to solve the problem.

Assume that:

- The WAN IP address of the device is 202.105.106.55
- The IP address of the computer which is allowed to access the CPE on WAN is
 202.105.88.77
- Port number is 8080

Configuration procedures

- **Step 1** Choose **Advanced** > **Network Service** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Enable the **Remote Web Management** function.
- Step 3 Set IP Address to Manual.
- **Step 4** Enter the IP address of the computer which is allowed to access the device on WAN, which is **202.105.88.77** in this example.
- **Step 5** Enter the port number, which is **8080** in this example.
- **Step 6** Click **Save** in the bottom of this page.

Remote Web Management		
IP Address	Manual 🔻	
Enter an IP address	202.105.88.77	
Port	8080	

----End

Verification

The host can use his computer to log in to the web UI of the CPE by access http://202.105.106.55:8080.

8.6.3 Reboot schedule

Overview

This function enables the CPE to automatically reboot as scheduled. You can use this function to prevent wireless performance degradation or network instability due to long-time running.

Configuration procedures

- **Step 1** Choose **Advanced** > **Network Service** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Enable the **Reboot Schedule** function.
- **Step 3** Specify a time at which the device reboots, which is 3:00 in this example.
- **Step 4** Specify the dates on which the CPE reboots, which is every day in this example.
- **Step 5** Click **Save** on the bottom of this page.

Reboot Schedule	
Time	03:00
Date	✔ Mon. ✔ Tue. ✔ Wed. ✔ Thur.
	🕑 Fri. 🖉 Sat. 🕑 Sun. 🕑 Every Day

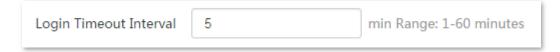
----End

After successfully configured, the CPE will automatically reboot at 3 a.m. every day.

8.6.4 Login timeout interval

If you log in to the web UI of the CPE and perform no operation within the login timeout interval, the CPE logs you out for network security. The default login timeout interval is 5 minutes.

Choose Advanced > Network Service to enter the page.



8.6.5 SNMP agent

Overview

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is the most widely used network management protocol in TCP/IP networks. SNMP enables you to remotely manage all your network devices compliant with this protocol, such as monitoring the network status, changing network device settings, and receiving network event alarms.

SNMP allows automatic management of devices from various vendors regardless of physical differences among the devices.

SNMP Management Framework

The SNMP management framework consists of SNMP manager, SNMP agent, and Management Information Base (MIB).

- SNMP manager: It is a system that controls and monitors network nodes using the SNMP protocol. The SNMP manager most widely used in network environments is Network Management System (NMS). An NMS can be a dedicated network management server, or an application that implements management functions in a network device.
- SNMP agent: It is a software module in a managed device. The module is used to manage data about the device and report the management data to an SNMP manager.
- MIB: It is a collection of managed objects. It defines a series of attributes of managed objects, including names, access permissions, and data types of objects. Each SNMP agent has its MIB. An SNMP manager can read and/or write objects in the MIB based on the permissions assigned to the SNMP manager.

An SNMP manager manages SNMP agents in an SNMP network. The SNMP manager exchanges management information with the SNMP agents using the SNMP protocol.

Basic SNMP Operations

The device allows the following basic SNMP operations:

- Get: An SNMP manager performs this operation to query the SNMP agent of the device for values of one or more objects.
- Set: An SNMP manager performs this operation to set values of one or more objects in the MIB of the SNMP agent of the device.

SNMP Protocol Version

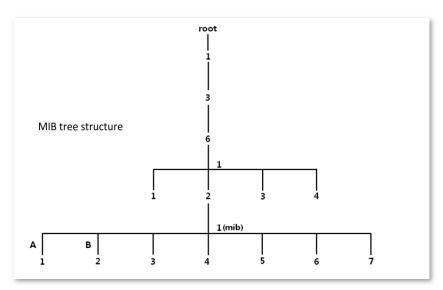
The device is compatible with SNMP V1 and SNMP V2C and adopts the community authentication mechanism. Community name is used to define the relationship between an SNMP agent and an SNMP manager. If the community name contained in an SNMP packet is rejected by a device, the

packet is discarded. A community name functions as a password to control SNMP agent access attempts of SNMP managers.

SNMP V2C is compatible with SNMP V1 and provides more functions than SNMP V1. Compared with SNMP V1, SNMP V2C supports more operations (GetBulk and InformRequest) and data types (such as Counter64), and provides more error codes for better distinguishing errors.

MIB Introduction

An MIB adopts a tree structure. The nodes of the tree indicate managed objects. A path consisting of digits and starting from the root can be used to uniquely identify a node. This path is calling an object identifier (OID). The following figure shows the structure of an MIB. In the figure, the OID of A is 1.3.6.1.2.1.1, whereas the OID of B is 1.3.6.1.2.1.2.



Parameters description

To access the page, choose **Advanced** > **Network Service**.

SNMP Agent		
Device Name	O4V1.0	
Read Community	public	
Read/Write Community	private	
Location	ShenZhen	

Name	Description
	It specifies whether to enable the SNMP agent function of the CPE. By default, it is disabled.
SNMP Agent	An SNMP manager and the SNMP agent can communicate with each other only if their SNMP versions are the same. Currently, the SNMP agent function of the CPE supports SNMP V1 and SNMP V2C.
	It specifies the device name of the CPE. The default device name is the model and version number of the CPE.
Device Name	
	It is recommended that you change the device name so that you can easily identify the CPE when managing it using SNMP.
	It specifies the read password shared between SNMP managers and this SNMP agent. The default password is public .
Read Community	The SNMP agent function of the device allows an SNMP manager to use the password to read variables in the MIB of the device.
	It specifies the read/write password shared between SNMP managers and this SNMP agent. The default password is private .
Read/Write Community	The SNMP agent function of the device allows an SNMP manager to use the password to read/write variables in the MIB of the device.
Location	It specifies the location where the CPE is used. You can change the location as required.

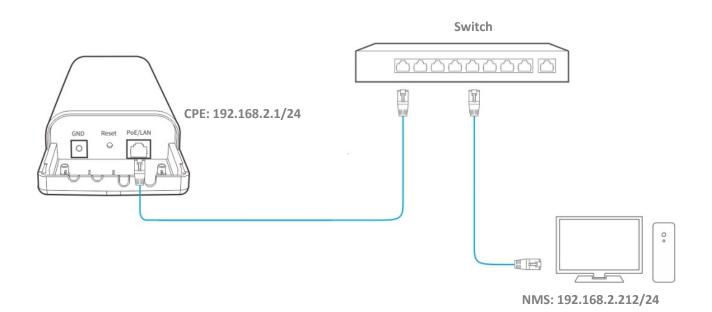
Example of configuring the SNMP function

Networking requirement

- The device connects to an NMS over a LAN. This network address of the device is

192.168.2.1/24 and the network IP address of the NMS is 192.168.2.212/24.

- The NMS uses SNMP V1 or SNMP V2C to monitor and manage the device.
- Assume that **Read Community** is **Jack**, and **Read/Write Community** is **Jack123**.



Configuration procedures

Step 1 Set up the CPE.

- Log in to the web UI of CPE, choose Advanced > Network Service to enter the configuration page.
- 2. Enable the SNMP Agent function.
- 3. Set the Read Community, which is Jack in this example.
- 4. Set Read/Write Community, which is Jack123 in this example.
- 5. Click Save on the bottom of this page.

* SNMP Agent	
Device Name	O4V1.0
* Read Community	Jack
*Read/Write Community	Jack123
Location	ShenZhen

Step 2 Set up the NMS.

On an NMS that uses SNMP V1 or SNMP V2C, set the read community to **Jack** and read/write community to **Jack123**. For details about how to configure the NMS, refer to the configuration guide for the NMS.

----End

Verification

After the configuration, the NMS can connect to the SNMP agent of the device and can query and set some parameters on the SNMP agent through the MIB.

8.6.6 Ping watch dog

With this function enabled, the CPE periodically pings target IP address to check the network connectivity and identify whether the device malfunctions. If it malfunctions, the CPE will reboot automatically to ensure the network performance.

Configuration procedures:

- **Step 1** Choose **Advanced** > **Network Service** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Enable the **Ping Watch Dog** function.
- **Step 3** Set the related parameters.
- **Step 4** Click **Save** on the bottom of this page.

Ping Watch Dog		
IP Address	127.0.0.1	
Ping Interval	300	Range : 20-86400 s
Ping Startup Delay	300	Range : 180-86400 s
Threshold of Lost Packets	3	

----End

Name	Description
Ping Watch Dog	It specifies whether to enable the Ping Watch Dog function.
IP Address	It specifies the target IP address that the CPE pings.
Ping Interval	It specifies the interval at which the CPE transmits packets to ping the target IP address.
	It specifies the delay time for the CPE to enable the Ping Watch Dog function after the CPE startup completes. Default: 300 s.
Ping Startup Delay	Setting a proper Ping Startup Delay time can stop the Ping Watch Dog function from being triggered during the startup of the CPE. Such triggering leads to failure of accessing the web UI to modify the settings, causing the CPE to start up continuously.
Threshold of Lost	It specifies the threshold of lost packet that triggers reboot. Range: 1 to 65535, default: 3.
Packets	For example, if 5 is set, the device will reboot automatically when it does not receive response after sending 5 Ping packets to target IP address/domain name.

8.6.7 DMZ host

Overview

The **DMZ** function is only available in **WISP** or **Router** mode.

A DMZ host on a LAN can communicate with the internet without limit. You can set a computer that requires higher internet connection throughput, such as a computer used for video conferencing or online gaming, as a DMZ host for better user experience.

- A computer set to DMZ host is not protected by the firewall of the CPE.
- A hacker may leverage the DMZ host to attack your LAN. Therefore, enable the DMZ function only when necessary.

To access the page, choose **Advanced** > **Network Service**.

DMZ Host	
DMZ Host IP Address	

Parameters description

Name	Description
DMZ Host	It specifies whether to enable the DMZ host function of the CPE. By default, it is disabled.
DMZ Host IP Address	It specifies the IP address of the LAN device to be set to DMZ host.

Example of configuring DMZ host

The CPE is used in a company to deploy its network, and it is set to WISP mode.

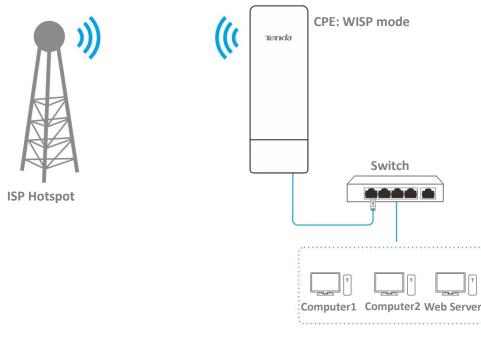
Networking requirement

The administrator on business can visit the resources on web server in LAN. You can use DMZ Host function to solve the problem.

Assume that:

- The WAN IP address of the device is **202.105.106.55**.
- The internal web server IP Address: **192.168.2.100.**
- The port number is: **9999**.

Network topology



Configuration procedures:

Prerequisite: Manually set a static IP address and related parameters for the web server to avoid the service disconnection caused by the dynamic IP address.

- **Step 1** Choose **Advanced** > **Network Service** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Enable the **DMZ Host** function.
- **Step 3** Enter the IP address of the computer to be set to DMZ host, which is **192.168.2.100** in this example.
- **Step 4** Click **Save** on the bottom of this page.

DMZ Host
DMZ Host IP Address 192.168.2.100

----End

Verification

Enter **Protocol name**://**WAN port IP address: Port number** in the address bar of a web browser on a computer over the internet to access the resources on the web server. In this example, enter **http://202.105.106.55:9999**.

If the <u>DDNS</u> function is enabled, you can visit an address in the form of **Protocol name**://domain name:9999.

₽_{TIP}

If internet users cannot visit the server in LAN after the configuration, try the following solutions:

- Ensure that the WAN IP address of the CPE is a public IP address.
- Security software, antivirus software, and the built-in OS firewall of the server may cause the function failures. Disable them and try again.
- Manually set an IP address and related parameters for the server to avoid the service disconnection caused by the dynamic IP address.

8.6.8 Telnet service

With this function enabled, the CPE can be managed via Telnet. Generally, this function is used to maintain the CPE by technical professional.

To access the page, choose **Advanced** > **Network Service**. By default, the function is enabled.

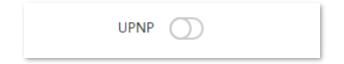


8.6.9 UPnP

Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) is a set of networking protocols that makes automatic port forwarding possible. It can identify devices and enable ports for certain applications, such as Thunder and BitComet. To use this function, it requires that the operating system support UPnP, or application software supporting UPnP is installed.

To access the page, choose **Advanced** > **Network Service**. By default, the function is disabled.

You can enable it as required.



8.6.10 Hardware watch dog

This function uses an embedded watchdog timer to detect the operation condition of the device's main program regularly. During normal operation, the device regularly resets the watchdog timer to prevent it from elapsing, or "timing out". If the device fails to reset the watchdog timer, due to a hardware fault or program error, the timer will elapse and generate a timeout signal. The timeout signal is used to reboot the device to make it recover from malfunctions.

Choose Advanced > Network Service to enter the page. By default, the function is enabled.



8.6.11 STP

Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) is a network protocol standardized by IEEE 802.1d. It helps establish a loop-free logical topology for Ethernet network, and allows a network design to include backup links to provide fault tolerance if an active link fails. The STP-enabled device creates a spanning tree within a network of connected layer-2 bridges, and disables those links that are not part of the spanning tree, leaving a single active path between any two network nodes. So that it prevents packets from continued proliferation and endless loop in a loop network to avoid reducing the capability of processing packets caused by receiving duplicate packets.

Choose **Advanced** > **Network Service** to enter the page. By default, the function is disabled.





9.1 Date & time

This module enables you to set the system time of the CPE.

Ensure that the system time of the CPE is correct, so that logs can be recorded correctly and the reboot schedule can be executed correctly.

Choose **Tools > Date & Time** to enter the page.

The CPE allows you to set the system time by synchronizing the time with the internet or manually setting the time. By default, it is configured to synchronize the system time with the internet.

₽TIP

When you log in to the web UI of the CPE, the system time will be synchronized with the time of the management host automatically no matter which time setting method you choose.

9.1.1 Synchronized with the Internet

The CPE automatically synchronizes its system time with a time server of the internet. This enables the CPE to automatically correct its system time after being connected to the internet.

For details about how to connect the CPE to the internet, refer to the configuration procedure of corresponding mode in <u>Quick Setup</u>.

Configuration procedures:

- **Step 1** Choose **Tools** > **Date & Time** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Set **Time settings** to **Synchronized with the Internet**.
- **Step 3** Specify a time interval. The default value **30 minutes** is recommended.
- **Step 4** Set **Time Zone** to your time zone.
- Step 5 Click Save.



Date & Time

Time Interval

Time Zone

30 minutes

Parameters description

Name	Description
Time Settings	It specifies the method to set the system time of the CPE.
Time Interval	It specifies the interval to synchronize the system time of the CPE with the time server on internet.
Time Zone	It specifies the standard time zone where the CPE is located.

Cancel

9.1.2 Manual

You can manually set the system time of the CPE. If you choose this option, you need to set the system time each time after the CPE reboots.

Configuration procedures:

- **Step 1** Choose **Tools** > **Date & Time** to enter the configuration page.
- **Step 2** Set the **Time Settings** to **Manual**.
- **Step 3** Enter a correct date and time, or click **Synchronize with PC Time** to synchronize the system time of the CPE with the system time (ensure that it is correct) of the computer being used to manage the CPE.
- **Step 4** Click **Save**.

Date & Time		41
	Time Settings	Synchronized with the Internet Manual
	Date & Time	2019 Y 01 M 16 D 14 h 51 m 26 s
		Synchronize with PC Time
		Save

----End

Name	Description
Time Settings	It specifies the method to set the system time of the CPE.
Date & Time	You can either enter the accurate time in this field, or click Synchronize with PC Time to synchronize the system time of the CPE with the management computer.

9.2 Maintenance

9.2.1 Reboot device

If a setting does not take effect or the CPE works improperly, you can try rebooting the CPE to resolve the problem.

₽TIP

When the device reboots, the current connections will be disconnected. Perform this operation when the device is NOT busy.

Configuration procedures:

Step 1 Choose **Tools** > **Maintenance** to enter the configuration page.

Step 2 Click Reboot.

Maintenance		2
Reboot Device	Reboot	
	All connections will disconnect during reboot.	
Reset to Factory Settings	Reset	
	All configurations will restore to default factory setting after reset.	
Upgrade Firmware	Upgrade	
	Current Software Version: V1.0.0.15(4409) ; Release Date: 2019-05-28 Note: Do not disconnect the power supply of the device during upgrade	
	process, or the device will be damaged.	
Backup/Restore	Backup/Restore	
	Backup current settings or import saved settings to device	

Step 3 Click **OK** on the pop-up window.

Note	×
Do you want to reb	oot it?
ОК	Cancel
-End	

A progress bar is displayed on the page. Wait for it to complete.

9.2.2 Reset to factory settings

If you cannot locate a fault of the CPE or forget the login password of the web UI, you can reset the CPE to restore its factory settings and then configure it again.

- When the factory settings are restored, the configuration of the device is cleared, and you need to re-configure the device.
- To prevent device damages, do not power off the device during resetting.
- When the factory settings are restored, the login IP address is 192.168.2.1, and both login user name and password are **admin**.

Option 1: Reset the CPE using the web UI

Step 1 Choose **Tools > Maintenance** to enter the configuration page.

Step 2 Click Reset.

Main	itenance		?
	Reboot Device	Reboot All connections will disconnect during reboot.	
	Reset to Factory Settings	Reset All configurations will restore to default factory setting after reset.	
	Upgrade Firmware	Upgrade Current Software Version: V1.0.0.15(4409) ; Release Date: 2019-05-28 Note: Do not disconnect the power supply of the device during upgrade	
	Backup/Restore	process, or the device will be damaged. Backup/Restore Backup current settings or import saved settings to device	

Step 3 Click **OK** on the pop-up window.

Note		×
The IP address will b	e reset to 192.168.2.1. Are	e you sure to reset it?
_		

----End

A progress bar is displayed on the page. Wait for it to complete.

v2.0

Option 2: Reset the CPE using the Reset button

After CPE completes startup, hold down the **Reset** button for about 8 seconds, then release it when all the LED indicators light up. Wait for about 1 minute.

9.2.3 Upgrade firmware

This function upgrades the firmware of the CPE for more functions and higher stability.

To prevent damaging the device, please:

- Ensure that the new firmware version is applicable to the device before upgrading the firmware. Generally, the suffix of the upgrade file is **.bin**.
- Keep the power supply of the CPE connected during an upgrade.

Configuration procedures:

- **Step 1** Download the package of a later firmware version for the CPE from <u>www.tendacn.com</u> to your local computer, and decompress the package.
- **Step 2** Log in to the web UI of CPE, and choose **Tools** > **Maintenance** to enter the configuration page.
- Step 3 Click Upgrade.

Maintenance	
Reboot Device	Reboot
	All connections will disconnect during reboot.
Depart to Factory Cattings	Devel
Reset to Factory Settings	All configurations will restore to default factory setting after reset.
2	An configurations will restore to default factory setting after reset.
Upgrade Firmware	Upgrade
	Current Software Version: V1.0.0.15(4409) ; Release Date: 2019-05-28 Note: Do not disconnect the power supply of the device during upgrade
	process, or the device will be damaged.
Backup/Restore	Backup/Restore
	Backup current settings or import saved settings to device

Step 4 Select the correct upgrade file (extension: bin) from your local computer and the system will upgrade automatically.

----End

Wait for the progress bar to complete. Then log in to the web UI of the CPE. On the Status page, check if the current Firmware Version is consistent with the firmware version you selected for

₽_{TIP}

After the device is upgraded, you are recommended to restore the factory settings of the device and configure it again to get the best experience.

9.2.4 Backup/restore

The **Backup/Restore** function enables you to export the current configuration of the CPE to a local computer, and import the configuration file you export before.

You are recommended to back up the new configuration, so that you can restore it after upgrading or resetting the CPE, or import the configuration to other devices of the same product model.

If you need to apply same or similar configurations to many devices, you can configure one of the devices, back up the configuration of the device, and use the backup to restore the configuration on the other devices. This improves configuration efficiency.

Export the configuration

Step 1 Choose **Tools > Maintenance** to enter the configuration page.

Step 2 Click Backup/Restore.

Maintenance	
	?
Reboot Device	Reboot
	All connections will disconnect during reboot.
Reset to Factory Settings	Reset
, , ,	
	All configurations will restore to default factory setting after reset.
Upgrade Firmware	Upgrade
	Current Software Version: V1.0.0.15(4409) ; Release Date: 2019-05-28 Note: Do not disconnect the power supply of the device during upgrade
	process, or the device will be damaged.
Backup/Restore	Backup/Restore
t	Backup current settings or import saved settings to device

Step 3 Then click **Backup** on the pop-up window.

ackup/Restore		×
Backup configurations	Backup	
Import configurations	Restore	

----End

A file named **APCfm.cfg** is downloaded to your local computer.

Import the configuration

Step 1 Choose **Tools** > **Maintenance** to enter the configuration page.

Step 2 Click **Backup/Restore**.

Maintenance	
Reboot Device	Reboot
	All connections will disconnect during reboot.
Reset to Factory Settings	Reset
	All configurations will restore to default factory setting after reset.
Upgrade Firmware	Upgrade
	Current Software Version: V1.0.0.15(4409) ; Release Date: 2019-05-28
	Note: Do not disconnect the power supply of the device during upgrade process, or the device will be damaged.
Backup/Restore	Backup/Restore
	Backup current settings or import saved settings to device

Step 3 Click **Restore** on the pop-up window.

Backup/Restore		
Backup configurations	Backup	
Import configurations	Restore	

Step 4 Select and upload the file you back up before (the suffix of the backup file: .cfg).

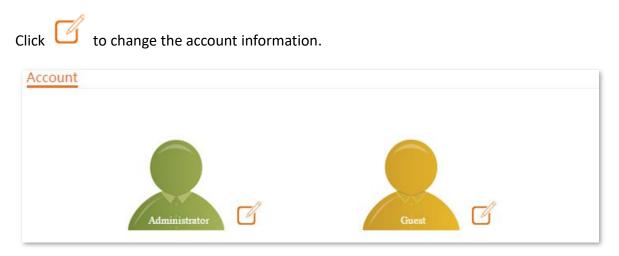
After the file is uploaded, the CPE reboots automatically.

Wait for the progress bar to complete. Then the CPE is restored to the settings successfully.

9.3 Account

On this page, you can change the login account information of the CPE to prevent unauthorized login. By default, the CPE has one administrator account and one guest account. With the administrator account, you can modify and view the settings of the device while with the guest account, you can only view the settings.

To access the page, choose **Tools** > **Account**.



9.3.1 Administrator

You can modify and view the settings with the administrator account. Both the default user name and password of the administrator account are **admin**.

₽_{TIP}

For network security, it is recommended to modify your login password regularly. A password of high security is preferred, such as a combination of lower-case letters, capital letters and numbers.

Administrator Account			\times
Old User Name	admin		
Old Password			
New User Name			
New Password			
Confirm Password			
_			
	Save	Cancel	

Parameters description

Name	Description
	It specifies the user name/password of the current login account.
Old User Name/Old	By default, the CPE has one administrator account and one guest account.
Password	Administrator user name/password: admin/admin (all lowercase)
	Guest user name/password: user/user (all lowercase)
New User Name	It specifies a new login user name.
New Password	It specifies a new login password.
Confirm Password	Enter the new login password again.

9.3.2 Guest

This account only allows you to view the settings. By default, this account is disabled. Both the default user name and password are **user**.

Guest Account		×
Enable	\bigcirc	
Old User Name	user	
Old Password		
New User Name		
New Password		
Confirm Password		
	Save C	ancel

9.4 System log

To access the page, choose **Tools** > **System Log**. The maximum of 300 items can be saved. After the total log items exceed the maximum number, the previous logs will be cleared.

The logs of the CPE record various events that occur and the operations that users perform after the CPE starts. In case of a system fault, you can refer to the logs during troubleshooting.

System Log			
Refresh	Clear		Log Type All 🔹
ID	Time	Туре	Log
1	2019-01-16 15:03:15	System	SNMP Stop
2	2019-01-16 15:03:04	System	web 192.168.2.11 login
3	2019-01-16 15:02:59	System	web login time expired

To ensure that the logs are recorded correctly, verify the system time of the CPE. You can correct the system time of the CPE by choosing **Tools** > **Date & Time**.

To view the latest logs of the CPE, click **Refresh**. To clear the existing logs, click **Clear**.

- When the device reboots, the previous logs are lost.
- The device reboots when one of the following situations occurs: the device is powered on after a power failure, the VLAN function is configured, the firmware is upgraded, the configuration of the device is backed up or restored or the factory settings are restored.

Appendix

A.1 Default parameters

The main default parameters are shown in the following table.

Parameters			Default settings		
	Login IP Address		192.168.2.1		
	Administr	User name	admin		
Login	ator	Password	admin		
	Guest		Disable		
Quick Setup	Working M	ode	AP mode		
	IP Address	Туре	Static IP address		
LAN Setup	IP Address		192.168.2.1		
	Subnet Mas	sk	255.255.255.0		
	DHCP Server		Enable		
	Start IP Address		192.168.2.100		
	End IP Address		192.168.2.200		
DHCP Server	Subnet Mask		255.255.255.0		
	Gateway Address		192.168.2.254		
	Primary DNS Server		8.8.8.8		
	Lease Time		1 day		
	VLAN Settir	ngs	Disable		
	PVID		1		
VLAN Settings	Management VLAN		1		
	WLAN		1000		
	Wireless Network		Enable		
	SSID		Tenda_ <i>XXXXXX,</i> and <i>XXXXXX</i> is the last six characters of the LAN MAC address of the device		
Wireless	Security Mode		None		
	Transparen	t Bridge	Enable		
	TD-MAX		Disable		

Parameters		Default settings
	ТРС	Enable
	Signal LED1 Threshold	-90 dBm
	Signal LED2 Threshold	-80 dBm
	Signal LED3 Threshold	-70 dBm
	Login Timeout Interval	5 min
	Ping Watch Dog	Disable
Network Service	Telnet Service	Enable
Network Schnee	UPnP	Disable
	Hardware Watch Dog	Enable
	STP	Disable
Tools	Date & Time	Synchronized with the Internet

A.2 Acronyms and Abbreviations

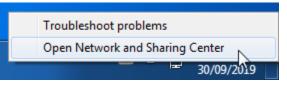
Acronym or Abbreviation	Full Spelling
AP	Access Point
APSD	Automatic Power Save Delivery
ARP	Address Resolution Protocol
AES	Advanced Encryption Standard
CAT5e	Category 5 Enhanced
CPE	Customer Premises Equipment
CPU	Central Processing Unit
CCQ	Client Connection Quality
CTS	Clear to Send
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
DNS	Domain Name System
DDNS	Dynamic Domain Name Server
DTIM	Delivery Traffic Indication Map
DMZ	Demilitarized Zone
GMT	Greenwich Mean Time
НТТР	Hypertext Transfer Protocol
IP	Internet Protocol
ISP	Internet Service Provider
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network
MAC	Media Access Control
MIB	Management Information Base
NMS	Network Management System
NVR	Network Video Recorder
OID	Object Identifier
PoE	Power over Ethernet
PPPoE	Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet
P2MP	Point-to-Multi-Point
PVID	Port-based VLAN ID
RADIUS	Remote Authentication Dial In User Service
RAM	Random Access Memory
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator

Acronym or Abbreviation	Full Spelling
RTS	Request to Send
RX	Receive
SSID	Service Set Identifier
STP	Spanning Tree Protocol
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol
TDMA	Time Division Multiple Access
ТРС	Transmit Power Control
ТКІР	Temporal Key Integrity Protocol
ТХ	Transmit
UDP	User Datagram Protocol
UI	User Interface
UPnP	Universal Plug and Play
VID	VLAN Identifier
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
WAN	Wide Area Network
WDS	Wireless Distribution System
WEP	Wired Equivalent Privacy
WISP	Wireless Internet Service Provider
WLAN	Wireless Local Area Networks
WMM	Wi-Fi Multi-Media
WPA-PSK	WPA-Preshared Key
WPA	Wi-Fi Protected Access

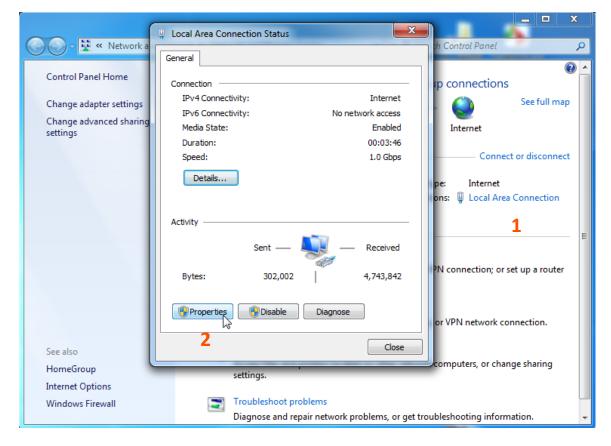
A.3 How to assign a fixed IP address to your computer

OS example: Windows 7

- **Step 1** Right-click the **I** icon on the bottom-right corner of the desktop.
- Step 2 Click Open Network and Sharing Center.



Step 3 Click **Local Area Connection**, then click **Properties**.



Step 4 Double-click Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4).

Local Area Connection Properties	x
Networking Sharing	
Connect using:	
Intel(R) 82583V Gigabit Network Connection	
Configure	
This connection uses the following items:	
 ✓ Client for Microsoft Networks ✓ QoS Packet Scheduler ✓ Gos Packet Scheduler ✓ File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks ✓ Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) ✓ Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) ✓ Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) ✓ Link-Layer Topology Discovery Mapper ✓ Link-Layer Topology Discovery Responder 	
Install Uninstall Properties	
Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.	
ОК Са	ncel

Step 5 Select **Use the following IP address**, set the **IP address** to **192.168.2.***X* (*X* ranges from 2 to 253), the **Subnet mask** to **255.255.255.0**, and click **OK**.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties ? X
General	
You can get IP settings assigned auton this capability. Otherwise, you need to for the appropriate IP settings.	
Obtain an IP address automaticall	у
O Use the following IP address:	
IP address:	192.168.2.20
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default gateway:	· · ·
Obtain DNS server address autom	atically
Ouse the following DNS server add	resses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·
Validate settings upon exit	Advanced
	OK Cancel

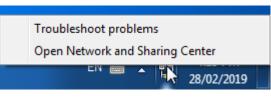
Step 6 Click **OK** on the **Local Area Connection Properties** window, and close the other windows.

----End

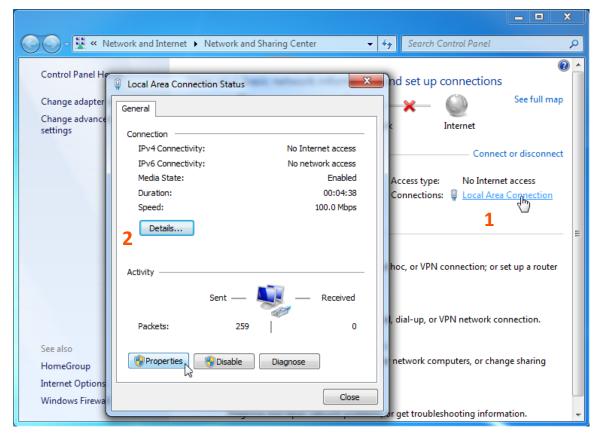
A.4 How to check the gateway IP address of a computer

OS example: Windows 7

- **Step 1** Right-click the **I** icon on the bottom-right corner of the desktop.
- **Step 2** Click **Open Network and Sharing Center**.



Step 3 Click Local Area Connection, then click Details...



----End

Then you can check the default gateway address on the following page.

Property	Value
Connection-specific DN	tendawifi.com
Description	Intel(R) 82583V Gigabit Network Connect
Physical Address	44-8A-5B-F5-10-1F
DHCP Enabled	Yes
IPv4 Address	192.168.0.194
IPv4 Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Lease Obtained	Monday, 30 September 2019 3:24:56 PM
Lease Expires	Tuesday, 1 October 2019 3:24:56 PM
IPv4 Default Gateway	192.168.0.1
IPv4 DHCP Server	192.168.0.1
IPv4 DNS Server	192.168.0.1
IPv4 WINS Server	
NetBIOS over Tcpip En	
	fe80::e80ff267:320e:67c0%10
IPv6 Default Gateway	
IPv6 DNS Server	
4	4 11